Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur



NAAC Accredited-2022 'B⁺⁺'Grade (CGPA2.96)

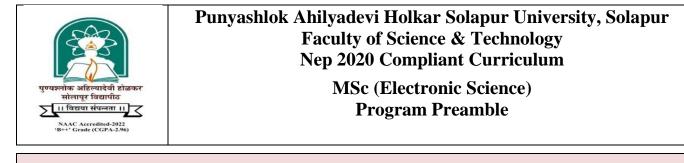
Name of the Faculty: Science & Technology

(As per New Education Policy 2020)

Syllabus: Electronic Science

Name of the Course: M.Sc. II (Sem. III & IV)

(Syllabus to be implemented from June 2024)



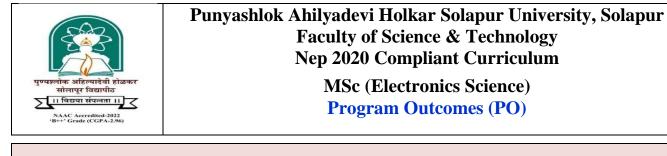
The Master of Science (MSc) in Electronic Science is a comprehensive and dynamic program designed to provide students with a deep understanding of the fundamental principles of Entrepreneurship, along with the practical skills required to apply this knowledge in various scientific and technological contexts. Aligned with the vision of the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, the program offers a flexible, multidisciplinary, and learner-centric curriculum that encourages critical thinking, innovation, and holistic development. The MSc Electronic Science program spans two years, with each year offering a progressively advanced curriculum designed to build a strong foundation in Electronic Science while allowing for specialization and interdisciplinary learning. The curriculum is structured around several key components:

- 1. **Discipline Specific Core Courses:** These core courses form the backbone of the program, providing in-depth knowledge and understanding of essential Electronic Science concepts, theories, and methodologies. Students will engage with topics from Internet of Things, Advance Embedded System, Advance Embedded System, PLC and SCADA, Integrated Circuits and VLSI etc. ensuring a robust and comprehensive education in the multidisciplinary approach.
- 2. **Discipline Specific Elective Courses:** The program encourages intellectual exploration beyond the core discipline by offering a wide range of elective courses. These electives enable students to pursue their interests in diverse subjects, fostering creativity, critical thinking, and a well-rounded educational experience.
- 3. Field Projects /Internships /Apprenticeships /Community Engagement Projects /On-Job Training: To bridge the gap between theoretical knowledge and real-world applications, the program includes opportunities for field projects, internships, apprenticeships, and community engagement. These experiences provide students with practical insights, problem-solving abilities, and exposure to professional environments, enhancing their readiness for careers in Electronic Science and related fields.
- 4. **Research Methodology and Research Projects:** Research is a critical component of the MSc Electronic Science program, with students acquiring skills in research methodology, data collection, analysis, and scientific inquiry. By engaging in independent research projects, students are encouraged to develop innovative solutions to complex scientific problems, preparing them for advanced studies and research-oriented careers.

Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit Options

In accordance with the NEP 2020, the MSc Pharmaceutical Chemistry program incorporates a Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit framework, offering students the flexibility to enter or exit the program at various stages. This approach ensures that students can tailor their educational journey according to their personal and professional goals, with options to earn certificates, diplomas, or degrees based on the duration of study completed.

- Year 1 Upon completion of the first year, students may exit with a **Diploma in Electronic Science**
- Year 2 Upon Completion of the two-year, student may exit with a MSc Degree in Electronic Science .



Students Post graduating from the Master of Science in Electronic Science program will be able to:

Major Courses:

- **PO1**: Demonstrate in-depth knowledge and understanding of core concepts, theories, and methodologies in the chosen major discipline.
- **PO2**: Apply disciplinary knowledge to solve complex problems, analyze data, and make informed decisions in professional and research contexts.

Electives Courses:

• **PO3**: Explore diverse subjects beyond the core discipline, fostering a broad-based education and cultivating critical thinking and creativity.

Field Projects/Internship/Apprenticeship/Community Engagement Projects/ On Job Training/ Internship/Apprenticeship:

• **PO4**: Apply theoretical knowledge to real-world situations through field projects, internships, community engagement and On job Training for gaining practical experience and problem-solving skills.

Research Methodology and Research Project:

- **PO5**: Acquire research skills, including data collection, analysis, and interpretation, fostering a scientific approach to problem-solving to develop independent research projects handling capabilities.
- **PO6:** To develop the ability to present Electronic Science research by means of an oral presentation, a scientific poster or a written report.

General Structure of the Course:

Level/ Difficulty	Sem.	Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Sem	ester exa	am	L	Т	Р	Credits
	1		Mandatory	Theory	IA	Total		1		
		DSC-5	Internet of Things	60	40	100	4		-	4
		2320301								
		DSC-6	Advance Embedded System	60	40	100	4		-	4
		2320302								
			Elective (Anyone)							
	III	DSE-3 A 2320306	Optical Fiber Communication	60	40	100	4		-	4
		DSE-3 B 2320307	Microwave Devices and Applications	60	40	100	4		-	
6.5/400		DSE-3 C 2320308	Introduction to Electronics Materials	60	40	100	4		-	-
			Field Project/RP/Internship/App	renticeshi	р/					
		RP 2320303	Research Project	60	40	100	4	-	0	4
			Practical				l	1	I	
		DSC-5 P 2320304	Internet of Things	30	20	50	-	-	2	6
		DSC-6 P 2320305	Advance Embedded System	30	20	50	-	-	2]
			Elective (Any one)							
		DSE-3A P 2320309	Optical Fiber Communication	30	20	50			2	
		DSE-3B P 2320310	Microwave Devices and Applications	30	20	50			2	
		DSE-3C P 2320311	Introduction to Electronics Materials	30	20	50			2	
			Total for III semester	330	220	550	16	550	6	22
			Mandatory	•	-	-	-	-	-	-
		DSC-7 2320401	PLC and SCADA	60	40	100	4		-	4
		DSC-8 2320402	Integrated Circuits and VLSI	60	40	100	4		-	4
	TT7		Elective (Any one)		1	1	1			1
	IV	DSE-4A 2320405	Python and Machine Learning	60	40	100	4	1	-	4

DSE-4B	Biomedical Electronic Instrumentation	60	40	100	4		-
2320406		00	-10	100			
DSE-4C 2320407	Modern Communication System	60	40	100	4		-
	Field Project/RP/Internship/Appr	enticeshi	ip/				
RP 2320403	Research Project	90	60	150	6	-	0
	Practical						
DSC-7 P 2320404	Practical-I	30	20	50	-	-	2
	Elective (Any one)						
DSE-4A P 2320408	Practical-II (Based on DSE-4A)	30	20	50			2
DSE-4B P 2320409	Practical-II (Based on DSE-4B)	30	20	50			2
DSE-4B P 2320410	Practical-II (Based on DSE-4C)	30	20	50			2
	Total for II semester	330	220	550	18	550	4

DSC- Discipline Specific Course, RM- Research Methodology, DSE- Discipline Elective course OJT- On Job Training

RP – Research Project

L – Lecture, T – Tutorial, P – Practical Credits of Theory = 4 Hours of teaching per week

2 Credits of Theory = 4 Hours per week

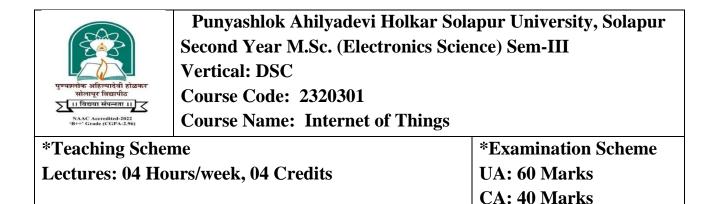


Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Faculty of Science & Technology Nep 2020 Compliant Curriculum MSc (Electronics Science) Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)

Students post graduating from the Master of Science in Electronics Science will able to:

- **PSO 1:** Understand the basics of different subjects in Electronics Science
- **PSO 2:** Display the knowledge of appropriate theory, practices and tools for the specification, design, implementation
- **PSO 3** Ability to formulate, model, design solutions, procedures and use software tools to solve real-world problems and evaluate.
- **PSO 4:** Develop the ability to present Electronics Science research by means of an oral presentation, a scientific poster or a written report.

<u>Semester – III</u>



Course Preamble: The Internet of Things (IoT) represents a transformative shift in the way we interact with technology, enabling seamless connectivity between devices, systems, and people. As everyday objects become "smart" through embedded sensors, software, and internet connectivity, IoT is revolutionizing industries—from healthcare and agriculture to smart cities and manufacturing—enhancing efficiency, productivity, and innovation. This course will explore the fundamental concepts, technologies, and applications of IoT. It will provide a comprehensive understanding of the IoT ecosystem, including key components like sensors, communication protocols, data analytics, and cloud computing. Students will learn how IoT systems are designed, deployed, and secured, and will gain hands-on experience in building and managing IoT projects. By the end of the course, participants will be equipped with the knowledge and skills necessary to harness the power of IoT in various domains, driving technological advancement and fostering a deeper connection between the physical and digital worlds.

	Course Objectives:
•	To know the applications of IoT
•	To understand the different types IoT Protocols
•	To get skill for the confirmation of single board computer
•	To get knowledge of cloud computing
	Course Outcomes:
CO1:	The student is able to apply IoT Applications.
CO2:	The student can learn IoT theory.
CO3:	The student can adopt the skill to learn IoT
CO4:	The student is able to know how cloud is more important in IoT
Unit 1:	Introduction to IoT [15] Weightage: 15M
	IoT, origin of terminology, characteristics, market share, evolution of connected
	devices, modern day IoT applications, IoT enablers(supportive companies),
	connectivity layers, IoT vs. M2M, Technology interdependence

Unit 2:	Basics of IoT Networking	[15] Weightage: 15M
	Sensing(need, definition, classification, appl definition, classification, applications), IoT Challenges, Fundamentals of IoT networkin Connectivity technology(CSMA,WSN, blue sensor network terminology and fundamenta Sensor networks, Sensor node, Applications Barrier coverage, UAV features, Key issues machine communication, interoperability of	components, IoT categories, g(MQTT, CoeP, SmQTT,XmPP), etooth, Xbee,WiFi, LoWPAN etc.), als. of WSN, coverage, area coverage, , UAV networks, machine to
Unit 3:	Introduction to Single Board computers (Raspberry Pi): [15]
		Weightage: 15M
	Overview of Single Board computers, introd study of raspberry pi 4 and fundamentals of GPIO pins basics, Interfacing LED, I Incorporating python time, Delay function in ADC interfacing to Raspberry pi, serial/USE	IoT devices and Services. Buzzer, DC motor, LCD display, n uSec/mSec/Sec using Library,
Unit 4:	IoT services and applications	[15] Weightage: 15M
	Introduction to software defined networks, s cloud computing, definition, fundamentals, s Service security, sensor cloud, IoT services : Web server, MQTT, Blynk, thin Applications using IoT services : temperature r station, smart lift monitoring, Motor control monitoring, Gas detection and Alert, Heat be Introduction to industrial IoT.	service model, Service management ngs speak nonitoring and control, weather , Smart irrigation and soil
	Reference books:	
	 Sudip Mishra, Transcripts of Introduction Rajkumar buyya, Internet of things, Nov- Jaffrey, Internet of things-IoT European r 	2014. esearch clusters, 2013.
	 4. Ronald Y Yager, New advances in Internet 5. Raspberry Pi Cookbook, Simon Monk, o'reilly 6. Raspberry Pi User Guide, by Eben Upton and C 7. Raspberry pi sensors, Rushi Gajjar, packet 	



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year M.Sc. (Electronics Science) Sem-III Vertical: DSC Course Code: 2320302

Course Name: Advance Embedded System

*Teaching Scheme	*Examination Scheme
Lectures: 04 Hours/week, 04 Credits	UA: 60 Marks
	CA: 40 Marks

Course Preamble: Embedded systems are the backbone of modern technology, powering everything from smartphones and automotive control systems to industrial machines and medical devices. As industries demand smarter, faster, and more efficient systems, the design of embedded systems has evolved into a complex, interdisciplinary field that blends hardware, software, and real-time performance. This **Advanced Embedded System Design** course delves deep into the principles and practices needed to develop sophisticated embedded solutions. It builds upon foundational knowledge and focuses on cutting-edge topics such as high-performance microcontrollers, real-time operating systems (RTOS), advanced programming techniques, power optimization, and system-level integration. Students will explore various architectures, peripheral interfaces, and communication protocols essential for designing reliable and scalable embedded systems. By the end of this course, participants will possess the advanced skills required to design, optimize, and troubleshoot complex embedded systems, empowering them to take on the challenges of modern technology development in industries such as automotive, robotics, aerospace, and consumer electronics.

	Course Objectives:	
•	Understand Embedded Systems Architecture	
•	Design and Implement Embedded Systems	
•	Work with Microcontroller Programming	
•	Apply Real-Time Operating Systems (RTOS)	
	Course Outcomes:	
CO1:	Analyze Complex Embedded Architectures	
CO2:	Integrate Advanced Peripherals and Interfaces	
CO3:	Design Real-Time Embedded Systems	
CO4:	Explore Emerging Trends in Embedded Systems	
Unit 1:	Embedded system Introduction[15]Weightage: 15M	
	Introduction to Embedded Systems: Definition of Embedded System, Embedded Systems Vs General Computing Systems, History of Embedded Systems, Classification, Major Application Areas, Purpose of Embedded Systems, Characteristics and Quality Attributes of Embedded Systems, Introduction to	

	ARM core architecture, LPC 2148, ARM instruction set, Thumb Instruction set, Memory and memory mapped I/O, Pipeline, Interrupts and Vector table, I/O ports, timers, counters, interrupts, RTC modules, WDT, PLL, PWM, USB etc.
Unit 2:	Communication protocols [15] Weightage: 15M
	UART, SPI, SCI, SSP, I2C, CAN, USB etc. Basic embedded C programs for on-chip peripherals studied in system
	architecture, Need of interfacing, interfacing techniques, interfacing of different
	displays and I/O devices
Unit 3:	Real Time Operating System Concept [15] Weightage: 15M
	Architecture of kernel, task scheduler, ISR, Semaphores, mailbox, message queues, pipes, events, timers, memory management, RTOS services in contrast with traditional OS.
Unit 4:	Case Studies [15] Weightage: 15M
	RTOS for control systems, Case study of embedded system like digital camera,
	Mobile phones, Mobile Internet Device. Reference books:
	Text books:
	1. Embedded systems: a contemporary design tool, James K. Peckol- Wiley India
	2. Embedded systems software primer- David Simon – Pearson
	3. ARM System-on-Chip Architecture- Steve Furber - Pearson
	4. Jean J Labrose - MicroC / OS-II, Indian Low Price Edition.
	 Reference Books: 1. DR.K.V.K.K. Prasad - Embedded / real time system – Dreamtech 2. Iyer, Gupta - Embedded real systems Programming -TMH 3. Steve Heath - Embedded System Design- Neuwans
	 4. Frank Vahid - Embedded Systems - Wiley India 5. Embedded Systems, Rajkamal -TMH. 6. ARM System Developer's Guide, Designing and Optimizing System Software - Andrew N. Sloss ,
	Dominic Symes, Chris Wright - Morgan Kaufmann Publisher. 7. Datasheet of LPC 2148.



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year M.Sc. (Electronics Science) Sem-III Vertical: DSE (3A) Course Code: 2320306 Course Name: Optical Fiber Communication

*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
Lectures: 04 Hours/w	veek, 04 Credits	UA: 60 Marks
		CA: 40 Marks

Course Preamble: The rapid evolution of communication technologies has transformed the way information is transmitted and received globally. Optical fiber communication lies at the heart of this revolution, providing the backbone for high-speed data transmission with unparalleled efficiency. This course on Optical Fiber Communication is designed to introduce students to the core principles, design considerations, and practical applications of fiber optic systems. The course will explore key topics such as light propagation through optical fibers, types of optical fibers, signal degradation and attenuation, multiplexing techniques, and system design. Students will gain insights into the role of fiber optics in telecommunications, broadband internet, medical imaging, and other cutting-edge fields. By the end of the course, students will develop a comprehensive understanding of how optical fiber communication supports the modern world's demand for faster, more reliable, and high-capacity networks. This knowledge will be crucial for those aiming to contribute to the future of telecommunications and data transmission.

	Course Objectives:
•	To know Analyze Fiber Types.
٠	To understand theoretical and practical Components and Devices
٠	To analyze the various Design Optical Networks
٠	To know about Emerging Trends
	Course Outcomes:
CO1:	The students can able to explain Optical Fiber Fundamentals.
CO2:	The students can get knowledge about Compare Optical Fiber Types
CO3:	The students can able to Utilize Key Components
CO4:	The students can able to tell Integrate Emerging Technologies
Unit 1:	Introduction [15]
	Weightage: 15M
	Electromagnetic nature of light, Uniform plane waves, The general optical communication system, Total internal reflection, Ray theory of optical fibers, Fibers alignment and joint loss, Fiber splices, connectors, Fiber couplers. Attenuation and dispersion in optical fibers, losses in fibers, Linear and Nonlinear scattering losses, fiber bend loss, Mid-infrared and Far-Infrared transmission. Dispersion: Intermodal and Intramodal dispersion.

T T 1 / A		
Unit 2:	Optical sources	[15]
		Weightage: 15M
	Lasers and LEDs, Concepts of spontaneous semiconductor Lasers, Laser fiber coupling Modulation, LED power and efficiency. De Avalanche photodiodes (APD), Mid-infrare Phototransistors.	, Non-semiconductor Lasers, Laser etectors – PN, PIN photodiodes,
Unit 3:	Optical fiber Measurements	[15] Weightage: 15M
	Refractive index profile, cut-off wavelength and field measurements. Receiver performa structures, FET preamplifiers, High perform	n, Numerical aperture, fiber diameter ance considerations: Noise, Receiver
Unit 4:	Digital modulation technique:	[15] Weightage: 15M
	Sampling theorem, channel capacity, FDM, OFMDA, Digital modulation technique: PC and QAM. 4 th generation and 5 th generation mobile co communication (GSM, CDMA)-Cell archit and principles of communication, Introduct LTE network.	, TDM, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA and CM, ASK, FSK, PSK, BPSK, QPSK mmunication, Basics of cellular ecture, Base stations, relay stations
	Reference books:	
	 Digital and Data Communications – Martin (P Hand Book of Electronic Communications – M Optical Fiber Communication - Senior 	,



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year M.Sc. (Electronics Science) Sem-III Vertical: DSE (3B) Course Code: 2320307 Course Name: Microwave Devices and Applications

*Teaching Scheme	*Examination Scheme
Lectures: 04 Hours/week, 04 Credits	UA: 60 Marks
	CA: 40 Marks

Course Preamble: Microwave technology plays a pivotal role in modern communication, radar systems, medical devices, and various industrial applications. As the demand for faster, more reliable, and efficient wireless communication systems continues to grow, understanding microwave devices and their applications becomes increasingly critical for engineers and researchers. This course on Microwave Devices and Applications is designed to introduce students to the fundamental principles of microwave engineering, along with the design, analysis, and practical implementation of microwave devices. The course covers a wide range of topics, including wave propagation, transmission lines, microwave resonators, amplifiers, oscillators, and antennas. It will also delve into the design and application of microwave circuits and systems in industries such as telecommunications, aerospace, defense, and healthcare. Throughout the course, students will develop the technical skills and analytical tools required to understand and work with microwave components and systems. This knowledge will be essential for those pursuing careers in fields such as telecommunications, satellite communication, radar technology, and medical imaging.

	Course Objectives:		
٠	To know the basic concepts of Understanding of Microwave Theory		
•	To understand the classification and structures Microwave Devices		
٠	To get knowledge about Applications		
•	To know the Awareness of Emerging Technologies		
	Course Outcomes:		
CO1:	The student knows the Understanding of Microwave Theory.		
CO2:	The student is able to understand the Knowledge of Microwave Devices.		
CO3:	The student is able to understand the Application of Microwave Technology.		
CO4:	Able to know the Design and Implementation of Microwave Systems.		
Unit 1:	Introduction : [15]		
	Weightage: 15M		
	Maxwell's equations, correspondence of field and circuit equations, characteristic impedance and admittance, Transmission lines, standing wave and standing wave ratio, Waveguides: propagation modes, types of waveguides, waveguide components- E and H plane T, Magic 'T' microwave couplers, matched terminations, directional couplers, circulators and isolators, Phase shifters, cables, connectors		

Unit 2:	Physical Structure	[15]	
		Weightage: 15M	
	Physical Structures, Configurations, Principles of operation and applications of : Tunnel diode, Gunn Diode, IMPATT and TRAPATT Diode, Parametric Amplifiers, Microwave Transistors, HBTs, Microwave JFETs, MESFETs, HEMTs, MOSFETs, Ridley – Watkins-Hilsum theory, LSA, INP and CdTe diode.		
Unit 3:	Microwave Tubes and Circuits:	[15] Weightage: 15M	
	Limitation of conventional solid state device Tubes and Circuits: Klystrons, TWT, Magne Linear Magnetron, Coaxial Magnetron, Volta	s at Microwave frequency, Microwave tron Oscillators – Cylindrical Magnetron,	
Unit 4:	Antennas:	[15] Weightage: 15M	
	Antennas: Types of antennas: Short dipole and broadside and end fire arrays, Yagi-Uda, log antennas, Reconfigurable antennas, Phased a Antennas. Antenna parameters: S parameter, VSWR, G pattern, beam width, bandwidth, efficiency, I	periodic and rhombic antenna, Reflector rray antennas, Cognitive radio, Microstrip ain, Radiation resistance, Radiation	
	Reference books:		
	1. 1. Liao Samuel Y, <i>Microwave Devices and</i> Limited, New Delhi 2001	d Circuits, Prentice-Hall of India Private	
	2. Pozar David M., <i>Microwave Engineering</i> , 1999.	John Wiley and Sons, Inc. New York	
	1777.		
	3. Microwave Devices and Circuits, Samuel4. Microwave Engineering, David M.Pozar, 7		
	 3. Microwave Devices and Circuits, Samuel 4. Microwave Engineering, David M.Pozar, 5. Microwave Principles-Herbert J.Reich, J.C CBS Publishers and 	Wiley India, 3rd Edition.	
	 Microwave Devices and Circuits, Samuel Microwave Engineering, David M.Pozar, Microwave Principles-Herbert J.Reich, J.C 	Wiley India, 3rd Edition. G.Skalnik, P.F.Ordung and H.L. Krauss,	



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year M.Sc. (Electronics Science) Sem-III Vertical: DSE (3C) Course Code: 2320308 Course Name: Introduction to Electronics Materials

*Teaching Scheme	*Examination Scheme
Lectures: 04 Hours/week, 04 Credits	UA: 60 Marks
	CA: 40 Marks

Course Preamble: The Introduction to Electronic Materials course provides a foundational understanding of the materials used in modern electronic and optoelectronic devices. The rapid advancement of technologies such as semiconductors, sensors, integrated circuits, and energy storage devices relies on a deep knowledge of the underlying materials that enable their functionality. This course aims to explore the properties, behavior, and fabrication processes of electronic materials, focusing on semiconductors, dielectrics, conductors, magnetic materials, and optical materials. Through this course, students will gain insights into the electronic, thermal, optical, and mechanical properties of materials and understand how these properties impact device performance. The course is designed to bridge the gap between materials science and electronics engineering, equipping students with the tools necessary to design, analyze, and innovate in the field of electronics. By the end of the course, students will have a comprehensive understanding of material selection, processing techniques, and the role of electronic materials in various applications such as transistors, LEDs, solar cells, sensors, and more.

Course Objectives:	
To know the basic Understanding Material Properties for	Electronics.
Explore Semiconductors and Their Role	
To get knowledge about Device Applications of Material	S
To know the Awareness of Emerging Technologies	
Course Outcomes:	
Comprehensive Understanding of Electronic Materials	
Proficiency in Semiconductor Materials	
Ability to Analyze Material Properties	
Understanding of Emerging Materials and Technologies	
Fundamentals of materials science :	[15]
	Weightage: 15M
Relative stability of Phases, Phase rule ,Phase Diagram, I Elementary idea of Nucleation and Growth, methods of c Elementary idea of point, line and planar defects. Materials in thin film form : Concept of thin films, prepa	crystal growth. Defects in crystals
	 Explore Semiconductors and Their Role To get knowledge about Device Applications of Material To know the Awareness of Emerging Technologies Course Outcomes: Comprehensive Understanding of Electronic Materials Proficiency in Semiconductor Materials Ability to Analyze Material Properties Understanding of Emerging Materials and Technologies Fundamentals of materials science : Relative stability of Phases, Phase rule ,Phase Diagram, I Elementary idea of Nucleation and Growth, methods of c Elementary idea of point, line and planar defects.

Unit 2:	Special materials in Electronics:	[15] Weightage: 15M
	Composite materials : Composites of glasses, polymers metals and ceramics, properties and applications. Polymers : Mechanism of polymerination, conducting polymers, application of polymers in electronics. Metallic Materials : Functional gradient materials, shape memory alloys, amorphous materials, IC package materials. Liquid crystal polymers: Optical properties of cholesteric and chiral nematics liquid crystal displays, optical fibre materials.	
Unit 3:	Semiconductors and Their Role	[15]
		Weightage: 15M
	Introduction, Energy bands in solids, Semiconductors band gap formation Extrinsic semiconductors, Fermi level variations, and conductivity. Introduction to pn junctions and Metal-semiconductor junctions. pn junctions under bias, Junction breakdown, and Heterojunctions. Problem set on Intrisic, extrinsic and pn junction.	
Unit 4:	Concept of organic semiconductors	[15] Weightage: 15M
	Concept of organic semiconductors; Charge carrier to semiconductors; Optical properties of organic semic metals to organic solids; Operating mode of the main light-emitting diodes (OLEDs), organic photovoltaic transistors (OFETs).	transport in polymeric and organic onductors; Charge injection from n plastic electronic devices: Organic
	Reference books:	
	1. Pallab Bhattacharya "Semiconductor Opto India Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.	Electronic Devices", Prentice Hall of
	 Jasprit Singh, "Opto Electronics – As Introd Graw-Hill International Edition, 1998 	luction to Materials and Devices", Mc
	 Ben Streetman & Sanjay Banerjee Solid Sta Murthy & Jena: Structure and properties of Delhi 	



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year M.Sc. (Electronics Science) Sem-III Vertical: RP Course Code: 2320303 Course Name: Research Project-I

*Teaching Scheme	*Examination Scheme
Project work: 04 Credits	UA: 60 Marks
	CA: 40 Marks

Course Preamble: Research is a critical component of the MSc electronics science program, with students acquiring skills in research methodology, data collection, analysis, and scientific inquiry. By engaging in independent research projects, students are encouraged to develop innovative solutions to complex scientific problems, preparing them for advanced studies and research-oriented careers.

	Course Objectives:	
٠	To know the basic idea behind the research.	
•	To understand the terms for research project like introduction, background and significance, literature and review, research designs and methods, results and discussion, and conclusion etc.	
•	To know the data collection and analysis/interpretation of data	
•	To know the project report writing and submission.	
	Course Outcomes: Students can able to understand -	
CO1:	Basic idea behind the research.	
CO2:	Terms for research project like introduction, background and significance, literature and review, research designs and methods, results and discussion, and conclusion etc.	
CO3:	Knowledge of data collection and analysis/interpretation of data	
CO4:	Project report writing and submission.	
	Candidates are expected to work on assigned research project and submit the results at	
	the end of the semester in the form a dissertation. Open defense of the student on his/her	
	dissertation shall be arranged. This defense shall be in front of the panel of examiners.	
	This will be valued for 40 marks.	
	Project work involving in-plant training in any of the electronics industry for at	
	least 21 days will be considered. Project should be completed under the guidance of a	
	faculty member in the same Department or Industry or research organization. In case of	
	Industry / research organization one member of that body can also be included as project	
	guide.	

Guidelines for Assessment
• Quality of Literature survey and Novelty in the problem
• Clarity of Problem definition and Feasibility of problem solution
Clarity of objective and scope
Quality of work attempted
Presentation skills

Semester IV



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year M.Sc. (Electronics Science) Sem-IV Vertical: DSC Course Code: 2320401 Course Name: PLC and SCADA

*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
Lectures: 04 Hours/w	veek, 04 Credits	UA: 60 Marks
		CA: 40 Marks

Course Preamble: In today's rapidly evolving industrial landscape, automation plays a critical role in ensuring the efficiency, reliability, and scalability of manufacturing and control processes. The PLC and SCADA course is designed to equip students with essential knowledge and skills in two of the most widely used technologies in industrial automation: Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC) and Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) systems. PLC systems are the backbone of industrial automation, enabling the precise control of machinery and processes across industries such as manufacturing, oil and gas, power generation, and water treatment. SCADA systems, on the other hand, provide a centralized platform to monitor, control, and visualize these processes in real-time, ensuring optimal operation and decision-making. his course covers the principles of operation, configuration, programming, and troubleshooting of PLCs, alongside the architecture, communication protocols, and functionality of SCADA systems. Through hands-on exercises and real-world case studies, students will gain practical experience in designing, implementing, and managing automation systems that improve operational performance. By the end of the course, students will be well-versed in the integration of PLCs and SCADA, providing them with the technical expertise needed to succeed in a wide range of industries where automation is essential.

	Course Objectives:	
•	To understand the Understanding the Basics of PLCs	
•	To study Designing and Implementing PLC-based Control Systems	
•	To aware of PLC Programming Skills	
•	To Understanding SCADA Architecture and Components	
	Course Outcomes:	
CO1:	Comprehensive Understanding of PLC and SCADA Systems	
CO2:	The student study Design and Implementation of Automation Solutions	
CO3:	Proficiency in PLC Programming	
CO4:	Development of SCADA Applications	
Unit 1:	Fundamentals: [15]	
	Weightage: 15M	

	RS-232 interface standard, The RS-485 interface standard, OSI reference model, TCP/IF overview, Internet layer protocols (packet transport), Modbus protocol, CAN-bus Introduction to HART and smart instrumentation .		
Unit 2:	Types of plant and control: (15) Weightage: 15M		
	Types of plant and control – categories in industry, open loop and close loop control functions, Control modes: - Discontinuous-two position, multi position, floating control Continuous –proportional, integral, derivative & composite modes.		
Unit 3:	Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) (15) Weightage: 15M		
	functional diagram, operation, programming. PLC system, I/O modules and interfacing processor, construction of PLC ladder diagrams, PLC Programming. Ladder diagrams for process control, Relay Logic Ladder Diagram, PLC Timers and Counters: data transfer & program control instructions, advanced PLC instructions, PID Control using PLC.		
Unit 4:	Introduction to Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA): (15) Weightage: 15M		
	Introduction to Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA): Architecture, communication requirements and applications, Introduction to DCS, architecture of DCS, Introduction to DCS Programming, HMI, MTU- functions of MTU, RTU- Functions of RTU, PID controller, State Space Method – Controllability and Observability, Full-state feedback Regulators Tracker, Regulator design by pole placement		
	Reference books:		
	 Pop povik Bhatkar, Distributed Computer Control in Industrial Automation, CRCpress, 2nd edition S.K.Singh, Computer Aided Process Control, Prentice Hall of India, 1st Edition, 2004. Krishna Kant, Computer Based Process Control, Prentice Hall of India, 2nd edition,2010. 		
	 4. N.E. Battikha, The Management of Control System: Justification and TechnicalAuditingl, International Society of Automation, 1st Edition, 1992. 5. Gary Dunning, Introduction to Programmable Logic controllerl, Thomas Learning, Pckedition, 2001. 		
	 6. John. W. Webb, Ronald A Reis, —Programmable Logic Controllers – Principles and Applications, Prentice Hall Inc, 5th Edition, 2002. 7. Bela G. Liptak, Instrument engineers handbook- Process control, Chilton bookcomp 		
	 3rd edition, 1969. 8. D.J. Smith , K.G.L. Simpson, —Functional Safety: A Straightforward Guide to 		



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year M.Sc. (Electronics Science) Sem-IV Vertical: DSC Course Code: 2320402 Course Name: Integrated Circuits and VLSI

*Teaching Scheme	
Lectures: 04 Hours/week, 04 Credits	

*Examination Scheme UA: 60 Marks CA: 40 Marks

Course Preamble: This course offers a comprehensive exploration of IC design principles and VLSI technology, focusing on the design, fabrication, and testing of both digital and analog integrated circuits. Students will learn about the underlying semiconductor technology, the process of transistor-level design, layout techniques, and the methodologies involved in integrating millions of transistors onto a single chip. The course bridges the gap between theory and practice, providing hands-on experience with modern design tools and simulation software. Students will gain insight into critical aspects of IC and VLSI design, including power efficiency, speed optimization, design for manufacturability, and reliability. With the continuous growth of fields such as artificial intelligence, IoT, and communication systems, understanding VLSI and IC technology is essential for anyone aspiring to work in electronics and semiconductor industries. By the end of the course, students will have a thorough understanding of integrated circuit design and the challenges involved in developing next-generation VLSI systems, preparing them for both industry roles and advanced academic research.

academic research.		
	Course Objectives:	
•	Understanding the Fundamentals of IC and VLSI Technology	
•	To Design of Digital integrated Circuits	
•	To know CMOS Technology and Circuit Design	
•	Optimization for Performance, Power, and Area	
•	Exposure to Emerging Trends in IC and VLSI	
	Course Outcomes:	
CO1:	The students can able to Comprehensive Knowledge of IC and VLSI Concepts	
CO2:	The students know about Proficiency in Circuit Design	
CO3:	The students can able to explain of CMOS Technology	
CO4:	The students can able to know Knowledge of Design for Manufacturability	
CO5:	Hands-on Experience with Design Tools	
Unit 1:	Basic Physics of MOS Devices [15] Weightage: 15M	
	MOS Device structure and physical operation, MOS I-V characteristics, Second order effects in MOS devices, MOS structure capacitances, Small signal model of MOS, Long channel and short channel devices. Current sources and Amplifier Design	

	Basic and cascode current mirrors, Single stage Amplifies: Basic concepts, Common		
	source stage, Common gate stage, Cascode stage. Differential amplifiers: Differential and		
	common mode operations.		
Unit 2:			
	CMOS Inverter: Transfer characteristics, MOS transistor circuit model, latch-up in CMOS		
	circuits. Static and Dynamic behavior of CMOS Inverter MOS circuit design		
	fundamentals: MOS layers, stick diagrams, lambda-based rules for NMOS and CMOS		
TT 1/ 0	process, layout diagrams, Static and dynamic power consumption in CMOS Inverter.		
Unit 3:	CMOS combinational and Sequential circuit Design [15] Weightage: 15M		
	Static CMOS logic design: Complementary CMOS design, DCVSL, Ratioed logic, Pass		
	Transistor logic, Transmission gate logic. Dynamic CMOS logic design: Basic Principles,		
	Speed and power dissipation, Issues in Dynamic design, cascading in dynamic design.		
	Static latches and registers, Dynamic latches and registers, Alternative register styles: Pulse		
	registers and Sense based amplifiers, Latch vs. Register- based pipelines structures,		
	NORA-CMOS design.		
Unit 4:	Timing issues in Digital circuits:[15]		
	Weightage: 15M		
	Classification of Digital systems, Basics of synchronous timing, clock distribution		
	networks, Synchronizers and arbiters.		
Unit 5:	Emerging Tools: [15]		
	Weightage: 15M		
	CAD VLSI tools, Hierarchical design of VLSIs, behavioral description, RTL, Logic		
	circuit, gate, circuits, Xilinx, SPICE.		
	ASIC Design Flow: Partitioning, Floor planning, placement, global and channel		
	routing. Latest trends in VLSI circuit design.		
	Reference books:		
	1. Digital Integrated Circuits: A Design Perspective- Jan M. Rabaey, AnanthaChadrakasan,		
	Borivoje Nikolic,		
	E,PHI 2005.		
	2. Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits-Behzad Razavi, McGraw-Hill, 2000.		
	3. Microelectronic circuits: Theory and applications- Adel Sedra, Kenneth Smith, Oxford		
	University		
	Press,6E-2013.		
	4. Analysis & Design of Analog Integrated Circuits, P. Gray, P. Hurst, S. Lewis, R.		
	Meyer, Wiley		
	5. Application Specific Integrated Circuits, M.J. S. Smith, Addison-Wesley Basic		
	6. VLSI Design- Douglas A. Pucknell		



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year M.Sc. (Electronics Science) Sem-IV Vertical: DSE (3A) Course Code: 2320405 Course Name: Python and Machine Learning

*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
Lectures: 04 Hours/w	veek, 04 Credits	UA: 60 Marks
		CA: 40 Marks

Course Preamble: In the age of big data and artificial intelligence, the ability to analyze and derive insights from vast amounts of information is more critical than ever. The **Python and Machine Learning** course is designed to provide students with the foundational skills and knowledge needed to harness the power of Python programming in the rapidly evolving field of machine learning. Python has emerged as one of the most popular programming languages for data science and machine learning due to its simplicity, versatility, and rich ecosystem of libraries and frameworks. This course will introduce students to the essential concepts of machine learning, including supervised and unsupervised learning, feature engineering, model evaluation, and optimization, all while leveraging Python libraries such as NumPy, pandas, scikit-learn, and TensorFlow.

	Course Objectives:	
٠	Understanding Python Fundamentals	
٠	To know Data Manipulation and Analysis Skills.	
٠	To Understanding of Machine Learning Concepts	
•	To Implementation of Machine Learning Algorithms	
	Course Outcomes:	
CO1:	The student is Proficiency in Python Programmi	ng
CO2:	Data Manipulation and Analysis	
CO3:	Foundational Concepts of Machine Learning	
CO4:	Implementation of Machine Learning Algorithms	
Unit 1:	Fundamental :	[15]
		Weightage: 15M
	Introduction to Python programming, Installa print function, variables and data types, arithr	
Unit 2:	Decision and control statements	[15] Weightage: 15M
	Decision and control statements, loops structu functions, file handling Pickle, shelve, Json, o python.	ares, list, tuple, dictionary,

Unit 3:	Advance python	[15] Weightage: 15M
	Numpy, Scipy, pandas, Matplotlib	
TT 1 1		
Unit 4:	Basics of Machine Learning:	[15] Weightage: 15M
	Introduction to Machine learning, Scikitlean, gbm, imbalanced-learn, Anaconda and Jupyte data. Kaggle database. (Only introduction, fea	er notebook, Types and Structure of
Unit 5:	Machine Learning Algorithm :	[15] Weightage: 15M
	Supervised Algorithm in ML: introduction, Classification and Regression, Linear Models, Support Vector Machines, Stochastic Gradient Descent, Neares Neighbors, Decision Trees, Ensemble methods, Cat boost, xg boost, H2O, Ligl gbm (Apply supervised Algorithm at least two dataset form Kaggle) Unsupervised Algorithm in ML: Clustering, Bi clustering, PCA (Apply Unsupervised Algorithm at least two dataset form Kaggle)	
Unit 6:	Case Studies :	[15] Weightage: 15M
	Case study: Heart disease data, wine / water of Online data set form Scikit learn (Saving ML models, Deployment of ML Mod	quality, Costumer segmentation,
	Reference books:	
<u> </u>	 Learning Python Powerful Object-Oriented Prog Core Python Programming Black Book by R Nag Python 3 for Absolute Beginners by Tim Hall, J- Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn b Introduction to Machine Learning with Python: A Muller 	geswara Rao P Stacey by Geron Aurelien
	6. Machine Learning for Absolute Beginners by Ol	iver Theobald

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Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year M.Sc. (Electronics Science) Sem-IV Vertical: DSE Course Code: 2320406 Course Name: Biomedical Electronic Instrumentation

*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
Lectures: 04 Hours/w	veek, 04 Credits	UA: 60 Marks
		CA: 40 Marks

Course Preamble: This course explores the various types of biomedical instruments, including sensors, transducers, and diagnostic devices, that are essential for capturing and analyzing physiological signals from the human body. Students will learn about the design, operation, and application of instrumentation used in medical imaging, patient monitoring, clinical diagnostics, and therapeutic devices. Emphasizing the interdisciplinary nature of the field, this course integrates concepts from engineering, biology, and medicine to equip students with the knowledge necessary to develop and improve medical devices. Topics will include signal processing, data acquisition, the design of measurement systems, and regulatory considerations in medical device development. By the end of the course, students will be well-prepared to contribute to advancements in biomedical technology, improve patient care, and address the complex challenges faced in the healthcare industry, making them valuable assets in the rapidly growing field of biomedical engineering.

	Course Objectives:	
٠	Understanding the Fundamentals of Biomedical Instrum	nentation
٠	Knowledge of Sensor and Transducer Technologies	
٠	Design and Analysis of Measurement Systems	
٠	Exploration of Emerging Trends	
	Course Outcomes:	
CO1:	Proficiency in Biomedical Instrumentation Principles	
CO2:	Competence in Sensor and Transducer Technologies	
CO3:	Design and Analysis Skills for Measurement Systems	
CO4:	Familiarity with Emerging Trends in the Field	
Unit 1:	Bioelectric Signals	[15]
		Weightage: 15M
	Introduction to physiological systems, Sources origin of Bioelectric signal: Resting and Action action potentials. Introduction to bioelectric sig	n potentials, Propagation of
Unit 2:	Study of Bioelectric Electrodes	[15] Weightage: 15M

	Introduction to electrode theory, Silver-Silver Chloride electrode, Classification of bioelectric electrodes, Microelectrodes: Metal and micropipette. Surface electrodes: Limb & Floating electrode, ECG Leads, Suction-cup electrode, fluid Column electrode, Pad electrode. Needle electrode		
Unit 3:	Fundamentals of Biomedical Instrumentation System [15]		
	Weightage: 15M Basic architecture of medical instrumentation system, preamplifiers,		
	differential amplifiers, instrumentation amplifiers, Isolation amplifier,		
	Sources of the noise		
Unit 4:	Monitoring System [15] Weightage: 15M		
	Electrocardiograph (ECG): Basic principle, block diagram of ECG. Electroencephalograph (EEG): Basic principle, block diagram of EEG. Electromyograph (EMG): Basic principle, block diagram of EMG		
Unit 5:	Imaging System		
	Basic of Diagnostics radiology, Block diagram of x- ray machine, Principles of Ultrasound: properties, mode of transmission and imaging.		
	Reference books:		
	Reference books:		
	 Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation, -R.S. Khandpur, 2nd edition, TMH, New Delhi Reprint 2007 Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology- J.J.Carr& J.M. Brown, PHI1993. Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurements –Cromwell, Weibell& Pfeiffer, PHI 2nd Ed. 		



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year M.Sc. (Electronics Science) Sem-IV Vertical: DSE Course Code: 2320407 Course Name: Modern Communication System

*Teaching Scheme Lectures: 04 Hours/week, 04 Credits *Examination Scheme UA: 60 Marks CA: 40 Marks

Course Preamble: The evolution of communication systems has been driven by the need for faster, more reliable, and efficient transmission of information. This course will delve into the key technologies that have emerged, such as digital modulation, coding theory, signal processing, and wireless communication. Students will gain an understanding of how information is transmitted, the role of various hardware and software components, and the protocols that ensure data integrity and security. As we stand on the cusp of further innovations like 5G, the Internet of Things (IoT), and quantum communication, this course aims to equip students with both theoretical knowledge and practical skills to contribute to the ever-evolving field of communication technology. Through this course, students will be exposed to not only the foundational concepts of communication systems but also the latest advancements that shape our digital world. By the end, they will have a comprehensive understanding of modern communication architectures and be prepared to address the challenges and opportunities that lie ahead.

opportunities that lie ahead.		
	Course Objectives:	
•	Understand Core Principles	
•	Learn Modern Communication Technologies	
•	Study Coding and Modulation	
•	Understand Communication Protocols	
	Course Outcomes:	
CO1:	Mastery of Communication System Fundamentals	
CO2:	Application of Modulation and Coding Techniques	
CO3:	Practical Skills in System Design	
CO4:	Understanding of Protocols and Standards	
Unit 1:	Antenna Basics [15] Weightage: 15M	
	Introduction, basic antenna parameters, patterns, beam area, radiation intensity, beam efficiency, directivity and gain, antenna apertures, effective height, bandwidth, radiation, efficiency, Antenna Types: Horn antennas, rectangular horn antennas, helical Antenna, Yagi-Uda array, corner reflectors, parabolic reflectors, log periodic antenna, lens antenna, omni- directional antennas, antennas for satellite, antennas for ground penetrating radars.	

Unit 2:	Digital Communication	[15] Weightage: 15M
	FDM, TDM, FDMA, TDMA, CDMA and O technique: PCM, ASK, FSK, PSK, BPSK, Q PAM,PWM,PPM, Delta modulation, Adapti modulation techniques- ASK, FSK, PSK, QA techniques. Digitalbaseband transmission. Co the Coding, Alpha – Numeric coding, Parity Concept of Systematic Code, RZ, NRZ, Manchester code, AMI, Error Detection and	PSK and QAM. ve delta modulation, Digital AM, M-ary digital modulation oding Techniques- Introduction to Check Coding, Hamming Code,
Unit 3:	Advanced Communication System	[15] Weightage: 15M
	Satellite Communication, Satellite for Televi Home (DTH) and Cable TV. Voice and Data observation (Remote Sensing) applications, I ,Principle of digital telephony. Cellular Phon reuse, Capacity expansion techniques- Cell s working of a typical cellular system.	a communication, Earth Military applications. GSM nes concept, Frequency
Unit 4:	Introduction to Intelligent Vehicular Com	munication [15] Weightage: 15M
	Evolution, Vehicular Networks and ITS, Vel Technologies – DSRC, IEEE 802.11p WAV	hicular Communication Standards/
	Visible Light Communication (VLC), 4G/50 Cellular Networks and Connected Autonomo – Collision Avoidance.	G-Device to Device (D2D), 6G
	Reference books:	
	Reference books:	
	 Communication Electronics – Frenzel (TMGH) Analog and Digital Communication Systems – I Digital and Data Communications – Martin (PH Hand Book of Electronic Communications – Mit Mobile Communication – Shiller 	Martin S. Roden II)



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year M.Sc. (Electronics Science) Sem-IV Vertical: RP Course Code: 2320403 Course Name: Research Project-II

*Teaching Scheme	*Examination Scheme
Project work: 06 Credits	UA: 90 Marks
	CA: 60 Marks

Course Preamble: Research Project is one of the core courses in the Electronics Science curriculum and one of the traditional courses, dating back from the last many centuries. This course provides an in-depth understanding of the fundamental concepts in Project work involving in-plant training in any of the Electronics Science. The course aims to develop research skills in Electronics Science.

	Course Objectives:
•	To know the basic idea behind the research.
•	To understand the terms for research project like introduction, background and
	significance, literature and review, research designs and methods, results and discussion,
	and conclusion etc.
•	To know the data collection and analysis/interpretation of data
•	To know the project report writing and submission.
	Course Outcomes: Students can able to understand the -
CO1:	Basic idea behind the research.
CO2:	Terms for research project like introduction, background and significance, literature and
	review, research designs and methods, results and discussion, and conclusion etc.
CO3:	Knowledge of data collection and analysis/interpretation of data
CO4:	Project report writing and submission.
•	Candidates are expected to work on assigned research project and submit the results at the
	end of the semester in the form a dissertation. Open defense of the student on his/her
	dissertation shall be arranged. This defense shall be in front of the panel of examiners. This
	will be valued for 40 marks.

Project work involving organic synthesis/evaluation in-plant training in any of the
Electronics Science for at least 21 days will be considered. Project should be completed
under the guidance of a faculty member in the same Department or Industry or research
organization. In case of Industry / research organization one member of that body can also
be included as project guide.
Guidelines for Assessment
• Quality of Literature survey and Novelty in the problem
Clarity of Problem definition and Feasibility of problem solution
Clarity of objective and scope
Quality of work attempted
Presentation skills

Nature of Examination:

Each semester will have theory external assessment examination of 60 marks each (2.5 hrs. duration) and 40 marks college assessment. The practical examination of Semesters III to IV will be conducted at the end of each semester. Duly certified copy of laboratory record must be produced at the time of examination.

Practical Examination of M. Sc. II

The practical examination will be of 3 days for each semester.

Semester III:

Practical courses each	: 30 (UA)+ 20 (CA)
Research Project work	: 60 (UA) + 40 (CA)

Semester IV:

Practical courses each Research Project work : 30 (UA)+ 20 (CA) : 90 (UA) + 60 (CA)

** The evaluation of Research Project will be done by both external and internal examiners at the time of examination.

Nature of question paper (M. Sc. II):

Time: 2 ¹ / ₂ hours	Maximum Marks: 60
Instructions	
1. All questions are compulsory	
2. All questions carry equal marks.	
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
4. Use of log tables and calculators is allowed.	
Question Paper	
Q 1. A) Choose correct alternative	Marks 8 (1 x 8)
Sub-questions (i) to (viii)	
B) Fill in the blanks	Marks 4 (1 x 4)
Sub questions (i) to (iv)	
Q 2. Answer the following (any six)	Marks 12 (2 x 6)
Sub-questions (a) to (h)	
Q 3. Answer the following (any three)	Marks 12 (3 x 4)
Sub-questions (a) to (d)	
Q 4. Answer the following (any two)	Marks 12 (6 x 2)
Sub-questions (a) to (c)	
Q 5. Answer the following (any two)	Marks 12 (6 x 2)
Sub-questions (a) to (c)	
