# Solapur University, Solapur

# M.Sc. I – PHYSICS (NANOPHYSICS)

# Choice Based Credit System (w. e. f. June 2018-2019)

#### ELIGIBILITY: B.SC. WITH PHYSICS AS PRINCIPAL SUBJECT/PHYSICS AT SUBSIDIARY LEVEL

Semester First	Code	Title of the paper  Hard core	Semester exam			L	T	P	Credits
			Theory	IA	Tota l				
MS	HCT 1.1	Mathematical Techniques	70	30	100	4		-	4
	HCT 1.2	<b>Condensed Matter Physics</b>	70	30	100	4		-	4
	HCT 1.3	Analog & Digital Electronic	70	30	100	4		-	4
		Soft Core (Any one)							
	SCT 1.1	Classical Mechanics	70	30	100	4		-	
	SCT 1.2	Elements of Materials science	70	30	100	4		-	4
		Tutorial			25		1	-	1
		Practical							
	HCP 1.1	Practical HCP 1.1	35	15	50	-	-	2	
	HCP 1.2	Practical HCP 1.2	35	15	50	-	-	2	6
	HCP 1.3	Practical HCP 1.3	35	15	50	-	-	2	
		Total for first semester	420	180	625	-	-	-	25
Second		Hard core							
	HCT 2.1	Quantum Mechanics	70	30	100	4		-	4
	HCT 2.2	Electrodynamics	70	30	100	4		-	4
		Soft core (Any one)							
	SCT 2.1	Analytical Techniques	70	30	100	4			4
	SCT 2.3	Statistical Mechanics	70	30	100	4	-	-	
		Open elective (Any one)							
	OET 2.1	Fundaments of Semiconductor and Nanophysics	70	30	100	4			4
	OET 2.2	Conventional & Non-conventional Energy	70	30	100	4			4
		Tutorial			25		1	-	1
		Practical							
	HCP 2.1	Practical HCP 2.1	35	15	50	-	-	2	
	HCP 2.2	Practical HCP 2.2	35	15	50	-	-	2	4
		Soft Core (Any one)							
	SCP 2.1	Practical SCP 2.1	35	15	50	-	-	2	
	SCP 2.2	Practical SCP 2.2	35	15	50	-	-	2	2
		Open elective (Any one)							
	OEP 2.1	Practical OEP 2.1	35	15	50	-	-	2	1
	OEP 2.2	Practical OEP 2.2	35	15	50	-	-	2	2

L = Lecture T = Tutorials

**P** = **Practical IA**=**Internal Assessment** 

**4** Credits of Theory = **4** Hours of teaching per week

2 Credits of Practical = 4 hours per week

**HCT** = **Hard** core theory

**SCT** = **Soft** core theory

**HCP** = **Hard** core practical

**SCP** = **Soft** core practical

**OET** = **Open** elective theory

**OEP** = **Open** elective practical

#### **HCT - 1.1: MATHEMATICAL TECHNIQUES**

#### **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

(w. e. f. June 2018-2019)

#### **Unit I: Calculus of Residues**

(15)

COMPLEX VARIABLE AND REPRESENTATIONS: Algebraic Operations, Argand Diagram: Vector Representation, Complex Conjugate, Euler's Formula, De Moiver's Theorem, The nth Root or Power of a complex number.

ANALYTICAL FUNCTIONS OF A COMPLEX VARIABLE: The Derivative of f(Z) and Analyticity, Harmonic Functions, Contour Integrals, Cauchy's Integral Theorem, Cauchy's Integral Formula, Zeros, Isolated Singular points, Evaluation of Residues, Cauchy's Residue theorem.

#### **Unit II: Operator and Matrix Analysis**

(15)

Vector Space and its dimensionality, Vector Spaces and Matrices, Linear independence; Bases; Dimensionality, linear dependence, Inner product Hilbert space, linear operators. Matrix operations, properties of matrices, Inverse, Orthogonal and unitary matrices; Independent elements of a matrix Diaglonization; Complete orthogonal sets of functions, special square matrices, Eigen values and eigenvectors; Eigen value problem.

#### **Unit III: Ordinary Differential Equations**

**(14)** 

First- Order homogeneous and non homogeneous equations with variable coefficients. The superposition principle, Second-order homogeneous equations with constant coefficient. Second-order non homogeneous equations with constant coefficients.

#### Unit IV: Fourier Series, Integral Transforms and Laplace transform

**Fourier Series:** Fourier's theorem; Cosine, Sine and complex Fourier series, Applications to saw tooth and square waves and full wave rectifier. FS of arbitrary period; Half wave expansions; Partial sums Fourier integral and transforms; cosine since complex forms, Parsevals relation, Application to Gaussian distribution, box and exponential functions; FT of delta function.

**Laplace transforms:** Laplace transforms of common functions, First and second shifting theorems; inverse LT by partial fractions; LT of derivative and integral of a function.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Introduction to Mathematical Physics by C. Harper, Prentice Hall of India Ltd. N.Delhi 1993,( Chapters 2,4,6,9)
- Mathematical Physics by A.G. Ghatak, I.C.Goyal and S.J.Chua,
   McMillan India Ltd. New Delhi 1995 (Chapters 4,7,9,10)
- 3. Matrices and Tensors for Physicists, by A W Joshi
- 4. Advanced Engineering Mathematics, by E Keryszig
- 5. Mathematical Method for Physicits and Engineers, by K F Reily, M P

Hobson and S J Bence

- 6. Mathematics for Physicists by Mary L B
- 7. Mathematical Methods for Physics, by G Arfken

**(16)** 

#### HCT - 1.2: CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS

#### **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

(w. e. f. June 2018-2019)

#### **Unit I: Crystal Structure**

**(15)** 

Basic Structures; symmetry properties, packing fractions, directions and position orientation of planes in crystal, concept of reciprocal lattice, concept of brillouin zones, closed packed structure, and structures of some binary/ternary compounds. Elementary concepts of polycrystalline, nanocrystalline and amorphous materials. Elementary concepts of defects in solids. X-ray scattering from solids including Laue conditions and line intensities.

#### **Unit II: Energy bands and Semiconductors**

(15)

**Energy bands:** Electron in periodic potential, Bloch function, solution of wave equation of electron in periodic potential, reduced, periodic and extended zone schemes. Construction of Fermi surfaces in brillouin zones for two – dimensional lattices, Introduction to methods for calculations of energy bands and their features.

**Semiconductors:** Direct and indirect band gap semiconductors effective mass, intrinsic carrier concentration, impurity conductivity thermal ionization Revision on pn junction and rectification, metal- semiconductor contacts, schotky barrier.

#### **Unit III: Dielectric properties of Solids**

(15)

electronic, ionic, orientational, polarzabilities, static dielectric constant for gases, internal field in solids, dielectric constant of solids, dielectric relaxation in alternating fields, dielectric losses, complex dielectric constant.

# **Unit IV: Superconductivity**

**(15)** 

Basic concepts, Meissner effect, heat capacity, energy gap, London equation, coherence length Josephson effect (flux quantization), type I and II superconductors, BCS theory, Introduction to high Tc Superconductors.

- 1) Introduction to Solid State Physics 4 th Ed. C.Kittel,
- 2) Solid State Physics by A.J.Dekker
- 3) Solid State Physics by N.W.Ashoroff&N.D.Mermin
- 4) Solid State Physics S.O.Pillai
- 5) Solid state Physics by R.L.Singhal

#### **HCT - 1.3: ANALOG & DIGITAL ELECTRONICS**

#### **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

(w. e. f. June 2018-2019)

# **Unit I: Operational Amplifiers**

**(15)** 

**Differential amplifier** Circuit Configurations, Dual Input Balanced Output Differential amplifier, DC analysis, AC analysis, Inverting and Non Inverting Inputs, Constant Current Bias Circuit.

**Block diagram of a typical Op-Amp**, Open loop configuration, Inverting and Noninverting amplifiers, Op-amp with negative feedback, Voltage Series Feedback, Effect of feedback on closed loop gain, Input resistance, Output resistance, Bandwidth and Output offset voltage, Voltage follower.

**Practical Op-amp**, Input Offset Voltage, Input bias current- input offset current, total output offset voltage, CMRR frequency response.

#### **Unit II: Applications of Op amps**

**(15)** 

**DC** and **AC** amplifier, Summing, Scaling and Averaging Amplifiers, Instrumentation amplifier, Integrator and Differentiator.

Oscillator: Principles, Oscillator types, Frequency stability, Response, Phase Shift oscillator, Wein Bridge Oscillator, LC Tunable Oscillator, Multivibrators, Monostable and Astable, Comparators, Square Wave and Triangle wave generators.

**Voltage regulations**: Fixed regulators, Adjustable voltage regulators, Switching regulators.

#### **Unit III: Combinational & Sequential Logic Circuits**

**(15)** 

**Combinational logic:** The transistor as a switch, OR AND NOT gates- NOR And NAND gates Boolean algebra- Demorgans theorems- exclusive OR gate, Decoder/ Demultiplexer Date selector/ multiplexer - Encoder.

**Sequential Logic: Flip- Flops:** RS Flip- Flop, JK Flip- Flop, JK master slave Flip-Flops Flip-Flop, D Flip- Flop, Shift registers Synchronous and Asynchronous counters.

# **Unit IV: Microprocessors**

**(15)** 

Architecture of 8085, Signals and timing diagram of 8085, Demultiplexing Address and Data bus, Instruction Set, Addressing modes, Assembly Language Programming of 8085 (Sum of an array, Minimum and Maximum of an array, Multiplication & Division of 4 & 8 bit numbers).

- 1) OP Amp amplifiers by RamakantGaikwad
- 2) Integrated Circuits by K.R.Botkar
- 3) Modern Digital Electronics by R.P.Jain
- 4) Digital Principle and Application by Malvino&Leeach
- 5) Digital Fundamentals by Floyd
- 6)8085 Microprocessor by Ramesh Gaonkar

#### **SCT - 1.1: CLASSICAL MECHANICS**

#### **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

(w. e. f. June 2018-2019)

#### **Unit I: Mechanics of Particles and Rigid Bodies**

**(15)** 

Mechanics of Particle and system of Particles using vector algebra and vector calculus, Conservation laws, work-energy theorem, open systems (with variable mass), Gyroscopic forces; dissipative systems, Jacobi integral, gauge invariance, integrals of motion; symmetries of space and time with conservation laws; invariance under Galilean transformations.

#### **Unit II: Lagrangian Formulation and Motion Under Central Force**

(15)

Constraints, Generalised co-ordinates, D Alembert's Principle, Lagrange's equations of motion, Central Force, definition and characteristics, Reduction of Two-body problem into equivalent One-body problem, General analysis of orbits, Keplers laws and equations, Artificial satellites, Rutherford Scattering.

## **Unit III: Variational Principle**

**(15)** 

Introduction to Calculus of variation, Variational technique for many independent variables, Eulers Lagrange differential equation, Hamilton's principle, Deduction f Lagrange's equation of motion from Hamilton's principle. Hamilton, Generalized momentum, Constant of motion, Hamilton's canonical equations of motion, Deduction of canonical equations from Variations principle. Applications of Hamilton's equations of motion, Principle of least action, Proof of principles of least action, Problems.

#### **Unit IV: Canonical Transformations and Hamilton's - Jacobi Theory**

Canonical Transformations, Condition for Transformation to be Canonical, Illustration of Canonical Transformation, Poisson's Brackets, Properties of Poisson's Brackets, Hamilton's Canonical equations in terms of Poisson's Brackets. Hamilton's – Jacobi Theory, Solution of harmonic oscillator problems by HJ Method, Problems.

#### **Texts and Reference Books:**

- 1. Classical Mechanics, By Gupta, Kumar and Sharma (Pragati Prakashan 2000).
- 2. Introduction to Classical Mechanics, by R.G. Takwale and P S Puranik( Tata McGraw Hill 1999).
- 3. Classical Mechanics, by H Goldstein (Addison Wesley 1980).
- 4. Classical Mechanics, by N C Rana and P S Joag( Tata McGraw Hill 1991).
- 5. Mechanics, by A Sommerfeld (Academic Press 1952)

(15)

#### SCT-1.2 (MS): ELEMENTS OF MATERIALS SCIENCE

#### **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

(w. e. f. June 2018-2019)

#### **Unit I: Introduction to materials: Classification, Properties and Requirements** (15)

Introduction, Classification of Engineering Materials, Metals, Alloys, ceramics, Polymers and Semiconducting materials, Application of Engineering Materials.

Chemical Bonding: Introduction, Crystalline and Non-crystalline Solids, Classification of Bonds, Ionic Bond or Electrovalent Bond, Covalent Homopolar Bonds, Metallic Bonds, Molecular Bonds, Hydrogen Bond, van der Walls bond (Intermolecular and Intra-molecular bonds).

# **Unit II: Optical Properties of Materials**

**(15)** 

Introduction, Classification of Optical Materials, Interaction of light with matter, Absorption in Metals, Insulators and Semiconductors, Reflection, Refraction, Transmission and Scattering, Traps, Excitons, Colour Centers, Tauc and Lambert- Beer laws, Optical properties of Photonic material.

Luminescence and Photoconductivity Luminescence: Introduction, Principle, Classification of Luminescence, Photoluminescence, Cathodoluminescence, Electroluminescence, Thermoluminescence, Phosphorescence, Chemiluminescense, Applications.

**Photoconductivity:** Introduction, Photoconductivity, Characteristics of Photoconductivity Materials, Photodiodes, Photoresistor, Photodetectors, Photodetector Bias Circuit, Performance of Photodetector, Applications, Light emitting diodes (LED) and LASER's.

#### **Unit III : Functional Materials**

(15)

Nanophase Materials: Introduction, Synthesis and techniques, Nucleation and growth mechanism, Characterization of Nanostructured Materials, Properties of Nanophase Materials, Applications.

**Advanced Ceramics:** Introduction, Classification of Ceramics, Structure of the Ceramics, Ceramic Processing, Properties of Ceramics, Applications.

**Polymer Materials:** Introduction, Polymerization Mechanism, Degree of Polymerization, Classification of Polymers, Structures of polymer and preparation methods, important properties and applications of commercial polymers-vizpolyethylene. Polyvinylchloride, Polystyrene, Nylon, Polyesters, Silicones, Composites, Composite material including nano-materials.

# **Unit IV: Phase diagrams & Diffusion in Solids**

**(15)** 

**Phase diagrams:** Phase rule, Single component system, Binary phase diagram, Microstructure changes during cooling, Lever rule, Phase diagram rules, Applications of phase diagram.

**Diffusion in solids:** Ficks law of diffusion (1 st& 2 nd), Applications of second law of diffusion, Kirkendall effect, Atomic model of diffusion.

- 1. Materials Science: V. Rajendran, A. Marikani, Tata MC Graw Hill
- 2. Materials Science & Engineering: Raghavan, Tata MC Graw Hill
- 3. Materials Science: Arumugam
- 4. Materials Science & Metallurgy: O. P. Khanna
- 5. Materials Science and Engineering: Callister S.

#### **HCT - 2.1: QUANTUM MECHANICS**

#### **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

(w. e. f. June 2018-2019)

#### **Unit I: Introductory Quantum Mechanics**

**(16)** 

**Waves and quanta:** Wave and particle nature of radiation, Wave equation, Interpretation and properties of wave function; Heisenberg uncertainty principle. Operators, postulates of quantum mechanics, some important theorems, Eigen functions of the position operator and Dirac delta function. (AKC, pp 1-32)

#### **Unit II: Wave Mechanics of simple systems**

**(16)** 

One dimensional Box, Normalization and orthogonality, Discussion of the factors influencing colour. One dimensional harmonic oscillator, Normalization and Characteristics of eigen functions of harmonic oscillator, Hydrogen - like atoms, Total wave function of hydrogen- like atom, Prob. Density of 1s atomic orbital, shape of atomic orbital, physical interpretation of hydrogenic orbital, space quantization, electronic spin, Vibration and vibrational spectra of diatomic molecules. [AKC,pp:33-91]

#### **Unit III: Many electron atoms**

**(12)** 

Wave function of many electron systems, Helium atom, Many electron atoms, Hartree and HartreeFockself consistent field methods. [AKC, pp: 120-130)

Unit IV: Molecular Orbitals (16)

The Born- Oppenheimer approximation, Molecular orbital theory, Hydrogen molecule ion, Hydrogen Molecule - Molecular Orbital -Valance Band methods. [AKC, pp: 151-180]

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Introductory Quantum Chemisty (3rd Edn), A. K. Chandra (Tata McGraw Hill).
- 2. Quantum Chemistry (4th Edition) Ira N. Levine (Prentice Hall) of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi. 1995.
- 3. A textbook of Quantum Mechanics P M Mathews, K Venkatesan. (Tata McGraw Hill).

# **HCT - 2.2: ELECTRODYNAMICS**

#### **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

(w. e. f. June 2018-2019)

#### **Unit I: Multipole expansions and time varying fields**

**(15)** 

Multipole expansions for a localized charge distribution in free space, linear quadrapole potential and field, static electric and magnetic fields in material media, boundary conditions, Time dependent fields, Faraday's law for stationary and moving media, Maxwell's displacement current, differential and integral forms of Maxwell's equations, Maxwell's equations for moving medium.

#### Unit II: Energy, force, momentum relations and electromagnetic wave equations (15)

Energy relations in quasi-stationary current systems, Magnetic interaction between two current loops, Energy stored in electric and magnetic fields, Poynting's theorem, General expression for electromagnetic energy, Electromagnetic wave equations, Electromagnetic plane waves in stationary medium, Reflection and refraction of electromagnetic waves at plane boundaries (Oblique incidence), Electromagnetic waves in conducting medium, Skin effect and skin depth.

#### **Unit III: Inhomogeneous wave equations**

(15)

Inhomogeneous wave equations, Lorentz's and Coulomb's gauges, Gauge transformations, Wave equations in terms of electromagnetic potentials, D'Alembertian operator, Hertz potential and its use in computation of radiation fields.

#### **Unit IV: Radiation emission**

(15)

Radiation from an oscillating electric dipole, radiation from a half wave antenna, radiation from a group of moving charges, radiation damping, Thomson cross-section.

#### **Text Book:**

1. Introduction to Electrodynamics, (3rd Edition) by David J. Griffith Publication: Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi.

- 2. Introduction to Electrodynamics, by A.Z.Capri and P.V.PanatNarosa Publishing House.
- 3. Classical electricity & Magnetism, by panofsky and Phillips, Addison Wesley.
- 4. Foundations of Electromagnetic theory, by Reitz & Milford, World student series Edition.
- 5. Classical Electrodynamics, by J.D.Jackson, 3rd Edition John Wiley.
- 6. Electromagnetic theory and Electrodynamics, by Satya Prakash, KedarNath and Co.Meerut.
- 7. Electromagnetics by B.B.Laud, Willey Eastern.
- 8. Electrodynamics by Kumar Gupta and Singh.

#### **SCT - 2.1: ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES**

#### **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

(w. e. f. June 2018-2019)

#### **Unit I: X-ray Diffraction techniques**

**(18)** 

Review of basic crystal systems, powder diffraction method, instrumentation of X-ray diffractometer, sources of X-rays, detectors of X-rays, acquisition of raw data, data processing and refinement. Determination of lattice parameters and crystal structure of cubic systems, structure factors, systematic absence of reflections, intensity calculations for cubic system, determination of particle size using X-ray diffractograms, basic concept for determination of lattice parameters for other crystal systems, use of soft-ware packages.

# Unit II: Infra-red spectroscopy & Ultraviolet and visible spectrophotometry (18)

# **Infra-red spectroscopy (IR):**

Introduction, Beer Lamberts law, Instrumentation, calculation of absorption maximum of dienes, dienons and polyenes, Qualitative and Quantitative applications.

#### Ultraviolet and visible Spectrophotometry (UV/Vis.):

Introduction, instrumentation, sampling technique, selection rule, types of bonds, absorption of common functional groups, Factors frequencies, applications.

#### Unit III: Fourier -Transform Infra Red Spectroscopy (FTIR) and Raman spectroscopy (12)

Basic principle, instrumentation configuration date interpretation and analysis, and special techniques such as Attenuated Total Reflection (ATR).

# **Unit IV: X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS)**

**(10)** 

Basic principle, instrumentation configuration, data interpretation and analysis, chemical shift, quantification, and depth-profiling.

- 1) Elements of X –ray diffraction: B.D. Cullity, Addison-Wiely Publisher
- 2) Encyclopedia of materials characterization: Surfaces, Interfaces, Thin Films C. Richard Brundle, Charles A. Evans, Jr. Shaun Wilson, BUTTERWORTHHEINEMANN
- 3) Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices: S.B.Kulkarni, Capital Publishing Company

#### **SCT - 2.2: STATISTICAL MECHANICS**

#### **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

(w. e. f. June 2018-2019)

#### **Unit I: Foundations of statistical Mechanics and Classical Statistical Mechanics** (15)

Thermodynamics, Laws of thermodynamics, Contact between statistics and thermodynamics, the classical ideal gas, entropy of mixing and Gibbs and paradox. Classical statistical mechanics: Phase space, statistical ensembles, Liouville's theorem, Micro canonical ensemble-condition for equilibrium, canonical ensemble partition function, energy fluctuations, Grand canonical ensemble-partition function, density and number fluctuations.

#### Unit II: Quantum Statistical Mechanics

Phase space and quantum states, density matrix, Liouvilles theorem, ensembles, various statistics in quantum mechanics- Maxwell- Boltzmann, Fermi-Dirac and Bose-Einstein statistics, Ideal Bose gas, Fermi gas, Bose- Einstein condensation.

#### Unit III: Phase transitions and critical phenomena (15)

Phase transition, condition for phase equilibrium, first order phase transition, Clausius-Clayperon equation, second order phase transition, Critical indices, Properties of matter near the critical point. The law of corresponding states.

(15)

Unit IV: Fluctuations (15)

Thermodynamic fluctuations, spatial correlations in a fluid, Einstein – Smoluchowski theory of Brownian motion, Langevin theory of Brownian motion, The fluctuation deposition theorem, The Fokker-Plank equation.

- 1) Introduction to Statistical Mechanics by B.B.Laud
- 2) Statistical Mechanics by S.K.Sinha
- 3) Statistical Mechanics by I.D. Landau &F.M.Lifshitz

#### **OET - 2.1: FUNDAMENTALS OF SEMICONDUCTOR AND NANOPHYSICS**

#### **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

(w. e. f. June 2018-2019)

#### **Unit I: Excess Carriers in Semiconductors**

**(15)** 

Optical absorption, Luminescence, Direct recombination of electrons and holes, Indirect recombination and trapping, steady state carrier generation and Quasi Fermi levels, Diffusion processes, Diffusion and Drift of carriers, built-in fields, The continuity equation, steady state carrier injection, diffusion length, The Haynes-Shockley experiment.

#### **Unit II: Junctions in semiconductors**

(15)

Fabrication of p-n junctions; Thermal oxidation, diffusion, Rapid thermal processing, Ion implantation, CVD, Photolithography, etching, metallization, the contact potential, Space charge at a junction, qualitative description of current flow at a junction, Carrier injection, reverse-bias breakdown, Zener and Avalanche breakdown.

#### **Unit III: Introduction to Nanophysics**

**(15)** 

Background of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Definition of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Applications of Nanotechnology,

**Crystal Bonding, Structure, Growth and Symmetries:** Introduction, Crystal Bonding, Crystal Structure, Crystal Growth, Classification of Crystals by symmetry, Some Important Crystal Structres

**Band Structure and Density of States at Nanoscale**: Introduction, Energy Bands, Density of States at Low-dimensional Structures

The study of techniques such as inert gas condensation, physical vapour deposition, sputtering, plasma deposition process, chemical vapour deposition. Classifications and types of nanomaterials as nano particles and 1D 2D 3D nanomaterials. Concept of bulk versus nanomaterials and dependence of properties on size. Classifications of techniques of nano synthesis based on the nature of the starting phase as vapour, liquid or solid. Introduction to 'Top down' vs. 'Bottom up' approach of synthesis with suitable examples.

- 1. Solid state electronic devices by B. G. Streetman.
- 2. Physics of semiconductor devices by S. M. Sze.
- 3. Solid State and Semiconductor Physics by Mc Kelvey.
- 4. Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology: K. K. Chattopadhaya and A.N. Banerjee, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
- 5. Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices, Sulabha K Kulkarni, Capital Publishing Company Pune.
- 6. Nanomaterials Chemistry by Rao C. N., A. Muller, A. K. Cheetham, WileyVCH, 2007.
- 7. Nanomaterials and Nanochemistry by Brechignac C., P. Houdy, M. Lahmani, Springer publication, 2007.

#### **OET - 2.2: Conventional & Nonconventional Energy**

#### **Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)**

(w. e. f. June 2018-2019)

#### Unit 1: Elementary electronics and electronic gadgets (Principles and Working) (15)

Different electronic components, semiconductors, different type of diodes, rectifiers, filters, pnp and npn transistors, amplifiers, oscillators. Catoderay Oscilloscope. Concept of modulation and demodulation. Transponder. Integrated circuits. Android phones, Bluetooth. Global Positioning System. Optical fibres Endoscope. Number systems. Decimal, Hexal and Octal systems.

# Unit2: Energy Resources (15)

Conventional and Renewable energy resources. Coal, Oil and Natural gas. Oil exporting and importing countries. Oil pipe lines. World reserve estimates. Non conventional energy resources. Wind power and Solar power. Solar cell Ocean thermal energy conversion, energy from waves and tides. Biomass energy. Biogas plant. Ethanol as a fuel. Concept of nucleus. Atomic number, mass number, isotopes and isobars. Natural and artificial isotopes. Radioactivity, carbon dating. Uses of isotopes. Enriched Uranium. Fission. Simple nuclear reactions. Chain reaction. Nuclear Reactors, moderators. Heavy water and Pressurized heavy water reactor. Breeder reactor. Weapons of mass destruction. Effects of atomic bombs explosions on Hiroshima and Nagasaki. Fusion reaction. Safety of nuclear reactors. Indian nuclear program.

Unit 3: Our Universe (15)

Units of stellar distances solar system earth's atmosphere. Variation of temperature and pressure with height. Different parts of atmosphere. Earth's magnetic field. Aurora Borealies. Characteristics of different planets. Asteroides. Comets, Meteorides. Stars. Binary and Multiple stars system Lunnosities of stars. Hertzsprung-Russell diagram. Evolution of stars. Neutron star, white dwarf and blackhole. Pulsars. Chandrashekhar limit. Galaxies and their classification. Hubble's law. Origin of universe (qualitative) Electromagnetic spectrum. Radio and Optical window. Reflecting and refracting telescopes. Different mountings. Radio telescopes. Few world famous telescopes. Mount Palomer, Jodrell bank and Keck telescopes. Few Indian telescopes: Kodaikanal, Kawalur, Leh, Gurushikar and Udaipur telescopes. Radio Telescope at Narayangaon.

# **Unit 4: Space Exploration**

(15)

Newtons laws of motion, law of gravitation and other kinematic equations. Free fall under gravity. Escape velocity. Keplers laws. Satellites natural and artificial. Different orbits. Near earth orbit, geosynchronyous orbit and polar orbit. Near earh orbit satellites. GTO satellites. Remote sensing satellites and their role in measurements of national resources and mapping. Rockets. Fuels used in rockets. Chandrayan, Mangalyan, Astrosat. Missiles and their classification. Indian Space program.

- 1. Solar Energy -S. P. Sukhatme (TMH)
- 2. Solar Energy -Garg and Prakash (PHI)
- 3. Solar Cells -M. A. Green (PHI)
- 4. Biogas Technology -B. R. Veena (Ashish Pub. House)
- 5. Non conventional energy sources G D Rai

# M.SC-, PHYSICS (NANOPHYSICS) Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (w. e. f. June 2018-19)

# **Practical List**

#### HCP 1.1/1.2/1.3

- 1) Determination Band gap of Si Diode.(By-127)
- 2) Crystal Structure FCC type BCC,
- 3) Temperature Variation of Breakdown voltage of zener diode.
- 4) Temperature Transducer (Thermister), RTD.
- 5) Laser-diode Characteristics
- 6) LVDT.
- 7) Photovoltaic cell.
- 8) Hall Effect -I
- 9) Verification of De Morgan's theorem.
- 10) Study of Logic gates
- 11) Study of filters.
- 12) Divide by 2 Divide by 5 & Divide by 10 counter using IC-7490.
- 13) Thermocouple measurement of temperature
- 14) G.M. Counter-I
- 15) Millikan's oil drop method
- 16) Michelson's Interferometer
- 17) Solar cell characterization-I
- 18) Steffen Constant
- 19) Fourier analysis
- 20) e/m -by Thomson's method

#### **SCP 1.1/1.2**

- 1) Op-Amp. Parameter IC 741
- 2) Phase Shift oscillator-using op.Amp.
- 3) Inverting & Non-inverting Amplifier using Op. Amp.
- 4) Multiplexer & De-multiplexer- using 74153/74154
- 5) Shift Resistors. Using. 7495
- 6) Astable Multivibrater using Op. Amp.

#### HCP 2.1 / 2.2

- 1) G.M. Counter-I
- 2) Solar Cell Characteristics-II
- 3) Hysteresis B-H Curve
- 4) Susceptibility measurement
- 5) Conductivity by four probe method
- 6) Addition and Subtraction of two 8- bits numbers
- 7) Study of Decoder and Encoder
- 8) Thermal Electric Conductivity
- 9) Mathematical, Numerical, Algebraic & trigonometric problem
- 10) Electro deposition of Mn

#### **SCP-2.1/2.2**

- 1) Wien bridge oscillator using Op-Amp.
- 2) Addressing mode of Microprocessor (8085)
- 3) Curie Temperature
- 4) Thin film by chemical bath deposition
- 5) Hall Effect II

#### **OEP 2.1 /2.2**

- 1) XRD –data analysis
- 2) Thin film by SILAR
- 3) Resistivity by four probe- method
- 4) Measurement of thermoelectric power
- 5) Fix regulator using IC 7805 & 7905
- 6) Study of flip-flop
- 7) FET –Characterization
- 8) SEM Image Analysis
- 9) Study of phase diagram
- 10) Newton's Law of Cooling