

Solapur University, Solapur

B. Sc. Biotechnology Part – III Syllabus (Semester V & VI)

(w.e.f. June 2015)

SOLAPUR UNIVERSITY, SOLAPUR

REVISED SYLLABUS FOR B.Sc. PART III (BIOTECHNOLOGY) Semester V & VI

(w. e. f. JUNE 2015)

Eligibility:

A student, who has been declared to have passed B.Sc. Part II Biotechnology successfully or is declared to be A.T.K.T. at B.Sc. Biotechnology and has cleared B.Sc. Part I, is eligible to take admission to B.Sc. Part III.

Course structure:

- The B. Sc. Part III(Biotechnology) will have two semesters viz... Sem V and Sem VI.
- Each semester shall comprise of two theory subjects.
- Each subject contains two theory papers of 50 marks
- Each paper comprising of 5 units distributed in total 40 lecture hours
- The course also includes a paper on English (Compulsory) as per B.Sc. III structure of Science faculty in each semester.
- The course also includes three practical courses with annual pattern of 50 marks.
- The practical examination will be conducted annually.
- In addition, the students shall have to complete a project work on a topic chosen by him/her in consultation with the project coordinator. The project report should be submitted before practical examination and presented at the time of practical examination. This project work carries 50 marks.
- Thus the course shall be of total 700 marks including English.

SOLAPUR UNIVERSITY, SOLAPUR Syllabus for B.Sc. III Biotechnology

(w.e.f. June 2015 onwards)

Theory Course

Semester V

Subject Code	Title of Paper	Marks	Lecture/ Periods
BT 300 (I)	Compulsory English	50	40 L
BT 301	Developmental Biology		
	Paper – I Plant Development	50	40 L
	Paper – II Animal Development	50	40 L
BT 302	Modern Biotechnology		
	Paper – I Bioinformatics and Nanotechnology	50	40 L
	Paper – II Recent Trends in Biotechnology	50	40 L

Semester VI

Subject Code	Title of Paper	Marks	Lecture/ Periods
BT 300 (II)	Compulsory English	50	40 L
BT 303	Genetic Engineering		
	Paper – I Tools and Techniques	50	40 L
	Paper – II Applications	50	40 L
BT 304	Microbial Biotechnology		
	Paper – I Fermentation Technology	50	40 L
	Paper – II Food and Dairy Technology	50	40 L

Practical Course

Annual Pattern

Subject Code	Title of Practical course	Marks	Practical Periods
BP 305	Techniques in Developmental Biology	50	20 P
BP 306	Techniques in Genetic Engineering & ModernBiotechnology	50	20 P
BP 307	Techniques in Microbial Biotechnology	50	20 P
BP 308	Project Work	50	20 P

B.Sc. Biotechnology Part – III

Theory Syllabus

Semester V

BT 301 Developmental Biology

Paper – I Plant Development

	Paper – I Plant Development	
		0 Lectures
Unit	Content	Lectures
Ι	Gametophyte, Pollination and Fertilization in plants	10 L
	Male gametophyte: pollen development and gene expression, male	
	sterility, sperm dimorphism and hybrid seed production, pollen tube	
	growth and guidance, pollen storage, pollen embryos.	
	Female gametophytes, types of embryo sacs, structure of embryo sac cells.	
	Pollination, pollen-pistil interaction and fertilization: floral characteristics.	
	Mechanism of pollination and fertilization: vectors involved in pollination,	
	breeding system, commercial considerations, structure of the pistil, pollen-	
	stigma interaction, sporophytic and gametophytic self-incompatibility	
	(cytological, biochemical and molecular aspects), double fertilization, in	
	<i>vitro</i> fertilization.	
II	Seed development and fruit growth:	10 L
	Endosperm development during early, maturation and desiccation stages,	
	embryogenesis, ultrastructure and nuclear cytology, cell lineage during	
	late embryo development, storage proteins of endosperm and embryo,	
	embryo culture, dynamics of fruit growth, biochemistry and molecular	
	biology of fruit maturation. Apomixes: Diplospory, apospory, causes,	
	consequences and significance of Apomixes. Polyembryony:	
	Classification causes, experimental induction and practical importance.	
III	Plant patterning	7 L
	Model of plant development – Arabidopsis thaliana. Root and shoot and	. –
	floral patterning -1 . Introduction 2. Classification. 3. Theories of	
	structural development. Diversity with respect to cell fusion and somatic	
	cell genetics.	
IV	Phytohormones:	5 L
	Introduction, General account of phytohormone – Auxins, Gibberellins,	
	Cytokinins, Abscisic acid (ABA), ethylene. Seed vernalization and	
	Florigen hormone.	
V	Tissue development in Plants	8 L
	Cell growth and development, cell wall development, role of cytoskeleton	
	in the development, patterns of development in primary xylem and	
	phloem, development of stomata, periderm development, development in	
	stem and root, Quiescent center and its role in development of primary	
	tissues in lateral root development, leaf development, seed and fruit	
	development.	
Refer	rences:	
1.	Dubey, R.C, "A Textbook of Biotechnology", S. Chand & Company, New	Delhi
2.	R.C. Sobati, "Basics of Bio-technology", Vishal Publishing	
3.	Bhojwani and Bhatnagar, "Plant Embryology".	
4		

- 4. Cole, A.J. 1969. "Numerical Taxonomy". Academic Press, London.
- 5. Davis, P.H. and Heywood, V.M. 1973. "Principles of Angiosperm Taxonomy". Robert E. Kereiger Publ. New York.
- 6. Harrison, H.J. 1971. "New Concepts in Flowering Plant Taxonomy". Heiman Ednl. Books. Ltd., London.
- 7. Radford, A.E. 1986. "Fundamentals of Plant Systematics", Harper & Row Publ. USA.
- 8. Woodland, D.W. 1991. "Contemporary Plant Systematics". Prentice Hall, New Jersey

BT 301 Developmental Biology

Paper – II Animal Development

		0 Lectures
Unit	Content	Lectures
Ι	History and Scope	5 L
	Definition, Scope, History and Introduction to Developmental Biology,	
	Theories in Developmental Biology: Preformation theories, Theory of	
	epigenesist, Baer's law, Biogenic law, Germplasm theory of Weismann,	
	Mosac theory of Roux, Regulative theory of Driesh, Gradient theory of	
	Child and Organizers theory of Spemann.	
II	Gametogenesis	11 L
	Origin of primordial Germ cells in mammals, Male Gonad,	
	Spermatogenesis: spermatids formation, spermiogenesis, Biochemical	
	changes in spermatogenesis, Control of spermatogenesis, morphology of	
	mature sperm. Discharge and Transportation of Gametes: Semination and	
	sperm transport, Mechanism of semination, sperm discharge, transport of	
	sperms, sperm viability, artificial insemination.	
	Female Gonad: Compact and Saccular ovaries, Eggs and Oogenesis:	
	introduction, Oogenesis in insects and mammals. Functions of ovarian	
	tissues during growth phages. Ovulation: organs of ovulation and	
III	transportation in vertebrates, Time and regulation of ovulation.	8 L
111	Fertilization and Cleavage Fertilization: Basic requirements and mechanism of fertilization, encounter	οL
	of spermatozoa and ova, capacitation and contact, Acrosome reaction and	
	penetration, activation of ovum, migration of pronuclei and amphimixis,	
	post-fertilization changes in egg cytoplasm, mono- and polyspermic	
	fertilization. Cleavage: cells involved, planes, patterns and rate of	
	cleavage, influence of yolk, egg organization, cytokinesis in the cleavage,	
	laws of cleavage, chemical changes during cleavage.	
IV	Morulation, Blastulation, Fate maps, Gastrulation and Tubulation	8 L
- '	Morulation, Blastulation in Centrolecithal egg, Blastulation in Isolecithal,	02
	microlecithal, Telolecithal, polylecithal egg. Construction of fate maps by	
	natural and artificial marking. Gastrulation: general process, Epibolic and	
	Embolic morphogenetic movement, General metabolism, hormonal action	
	and gene activation during gastrulation.	
V	Development in Model Organism	8 L
	Introduction to Gradient theory, Introduction to embryonic adaptations in	
	Amphioxus and frog. Introduction to Regeneration in microbes, protozoa,	
	invertebrates and vertebrates. Introduction to differentiation levels (stem	
	cell, tissues, organs and micro-environment), Introduction to Malignancy,	
	Aging, Metamorphosis, Asexual reproduction and parthenogenesis.	
Refei	ences:	

- 1. An Introduction to Embryology 1981, Balinsky B.L., Saunders College, Philadelphia.
- 2. Developmental Biology; Patterns/Principles/Problems, 1982, Saunders J. W. Collier MacMillan, Publishers, London.
- 3. Developmental Biology, 1997, 3rd Edition, Gilbert S.F. Saunder Associates Inc. U.S.A.
- 4. Developmental Biology, 1992 3rd edition, Browder L.W. Erickson C.A. &Williams, R.J. Saunders College, Publications, London.
- 5. A Text Book of Embryology, Dr. Puranik P. G., S. Chand & Co.

- 6. Developmental Biology, 1984, Browder L.W., Saunders College Publications, U.S.A.
- 7. Development of Chick embryo, 1972, Lillie.
- 8. Developmental Biology, 1991, 3rd Edition, Sinaur Associates, Inc. U.S.A.
- 9. A Text Book of Embryology (Developmental Biology) Dr. N. Arumugam, Saras Publication, Kanyakumari.
- 10. Chordate Embryology, P.S. Verma and V.K. Agarwal S. Chand and Company LTD., New Delhi.
- 11. Chordate embryology and histology, S. Chands Simplified Course, S. Chand and Company Ltd.

BT 302 Modern Biotechnology

Paper –	I Bioinform	atics and Nano	technology

	4 A general and Nanoteenhology	0 Lectures
Unit	Content	Lectures
Ι	Introduction Bioinformatics History – concept; Various applications of bioinformatics; Nomenclature and code letters of DNA and protein sequences, directionality of sequences, genomics DNA, cDNA, organellar DNA, ESTs, GSTs, other biomolecules; NCBI, Entrez, PubMed, PMC, EMBnet, SRS.	5 L
Π	Biological Databases [Introductory only] Nucleic acid sequence databases:- EMBL, DDBJ, GenBank; Primary Protein sequence databases:- PIR, MIPS, Swiss – PROT, TrEMBL, NRL – 3D; Composite Protein sequence databases: - NRDB, OWL, MIPSx, SWISS-PROT + TrEMBL; Secondary Protein databases: - PROSITE, PRINTS, BLOCKS, PROFILES, Pfam, IDENTIFY; Structure classification databases: - SCOP, CATH, PDBsum; Structural Databases: - PDB, NDB, MMDB.	8 L
III	Sequence Analysis and Tools Evolutionary basis for sequence analysis; Alignments – types and methods (only strategy required no detail algorithm); Tools for alignment– BLAST, FASTA, CLUSTALx; Tools in analysis of – genes, proteins, regulatory sequences, phylogenetic relationship, prediction of function of unknown genes.	8 L
IV	Nanotechnology Introduction, Size of Matter, fundamental science behind nanotechnology (electron, atoms and ions, molecules, metals, other materials, biosystem, molecular recognition, electrical conduction, optics, quantum mechanics and quantum idea); Applications in – Drug, drug delivery, photodynamic therapy, neuro-electronic interference, sensors and biosensors, cleaning environment (for heavy metal & Bioremediation)	9 L
V	Tools in Nanotechnology Tools for measuring nanostructures – Scanning probe instruments, spectroscopy, electrochemistry, electron microscopy. Tools to make nanostructures – Nanoscale lithography, dip pen lithography, E-beam lithography, nanosphere liftoff lithography, molecular synthesis, self assembly, nanoscale crystal growth, polymerization, nanobricks and building blocks. Tools to imagine nanoscale behaviors. NanoCAD Brief Introduction to Physical, Chemicals, Biological and hybrid methods of Nanomaterial synthesis.	10 L
1. 2. 3. 4.	ences: C.S.C. Murthy, "Bioinformatics", Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.	

- Mark Ratner, Daniel Ratner, "Nanotechnology, A Gentle introduction to the next big idea", Pearson Publication
- 7. Charles P. *et al.*, "Introduction to Nanotechnology", Willey Interscience, A John Willey & Sons, INC., Publication.
- 8. Sulbha Kulkarni, "Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices".

BT 302 Modern Biotechnology

Paper - II Recent Trends in Biotechnology

T T . •4		0 Lectures
Unit	Content	Lectures
Ι	Immobilization Introduction to immobilization of enzyme; Support or Carrier, its properties; Limitations and advantages of immobilized enzymes, Methods of immobilizations with their advantages and disadvantages – Carrier binding (physical adsorption, ionic and covalent binding), Cross-linking, Entrapment (Lattice type, microencapsulation); Cell immobilization; Industrial applications of immobilized enzymes – Penicillinase, Glucose isomerase, Lactase, dihydropyrimidinase, DL-amino acid racimase, Lipase, Renin, glucose oxidase, cholesterol oxidase.	7 L
II	Enzyme and Metabolic Engineering Site directed mutagenesis, Cassette mutagenesis, PCR-site directed mutagenesis, random mutagenesis, Strategy for enzyme engineering, Solvent engineering, Industrial applications of enzyme engineering; Introduction to metabolic engineering, Basic principle, Defining problem (changes to be incorporated), Analysis of metabolic network [metabolic flux analysis, metabolic control analysis (MCA), flux control coefficient from transient metabolite, top down MCA], pathway synthesis, Implementation changes, analysis of changes.	9 L
III	Environmental Remedies	8 L
	Bioremediation: Biochemical, and ecological foundations of Bioremediation, <i>Ex-situ</i> and <i>In-situ</i> bioremediation; Phytoremediation technology for soil decontamination; Bioaugmentation, Biofiltration, Bioleaching; Industrial wastewater biotreatment technologies.	
IV	Toxicological studies	8 L
	Principles of toxicology, Types of toxic substances - degradable and non- degradable; Xenobiotics – types, hazardous effects, general features; Entry of xenobiotics to human body – entry through inhalation, skin absorption, in digestion and injection; Lethal and sub-lethal doses; Analysis of NOEL, LD_{50} , LC_{50} and MLD; Detoxification in human body – detoxification mechanisms, organs of detoxification.	
V	Bioethics	
	Introduction to bioethics, Bioethics of biodiversity, ethics of resource management, ethical issues of Human genome project, ethics involved in stem cell research, ethics and human cloning, ethics in xenotransplantation – animal rights, allocation of resources and distributive justice.CCAC guidelines on animal welfare.	

- 1. S. M. Bhatt, "Enzymology and Enzyme technology", S. Chand & Company LTD.
- Trevor Palmer, Philip Bonner, "Enzymes Biochemistry, Biotechnolgy, Clinical chemistry", 2nd Ed. Affiliated East-West Press Private Limited, New Delhi.
- 3. Martin L.Yarmush, "Biotechnology for Biomedical Engineers Principles and Applications in Engineering Series", CRC Press, Boca Raton London New York Washington, D.C.
- 4. R. C. Dubey, "A Text book of Biotechnology", S. Chand & Company LTD.
- 5. B. D. Singh, "Biotechnology", Kalyani Publishers.
- 6. U. Satyanarayan, U Chakrapani "Biotechnology", Books and allied Private LTD

- 7. U. Satyanarayan, U Chakrapani "Biochemistry", Books and allied Private LTD
- 8. V. Sree Krishna, "Bioethics and Biosafety in Biotechnology", New Age International Publishers.
- 9. Richard D Dart, "Medical Toxicology", 3rd Ed. Pippincott Williams & Wilkins
- 10. Ernest Hodgson, "A textbook of Modern Toxicology", Willey Interscience, A John Willey & Sons, INC., Publication.
- 11. Hans-Joachim Jordening, Josef Winter, "Environmental Biotechnology: Concepts and applications", Willey Interscience, A John Willey & Sons, INC., Publication.

B.Sc. Biotechnology Part – III

Theory Syllabus

Semester VI

BT 303 Genetic Engineering

Paper – I Tools and Techniques

	4	0 Lectures
Unit	Content	Lectures
Ι	Genetic Engineering: Introduction, milestones and scope, basic techniques: Types of Electrophoresis, Blotting techniques for Nucleic acids and proteins, principles of autoradiography, Dot Blot technique, Molecular markers: DNA Fingerprinting, DNA Foot-Printing RFLP, RAPD, AFLP, PCR and its types.	9 L
Π	Enzymes in cloning: Nucleases, DNA polymerases, RNA polymerases, Reverse transcriptase, Ligases, Nucleic acid-modifying enzymes. Cloning Vectors: Properties of best vector, Plasmids, Phages, Cosmids, Shuttle vectors, BAC, Specific vectors for: plants, animals and yeast, use of plant and animal viruses as vectors, Probes: Genomic DNA probes, cDNA probes, synthetic oligonucleiotide probes, RNA probes, methods of labeling probes.	10 L
III	DNA transfer techniques: Transformation, Transfection and Transduction, Cloning strategies: Cloning from mRNA in plasmid and bacteriophage vector, cloning from genomic DNA, cloning large DNA fragments in BAC and YAC vectors. Selection and screening of recombinants: use of chromogenic substrates, insertional inactivation, and complementation of defined mutations, Screening using nucleic acid hybridization: nucleic acid probes and screening clone banks.	8 L
IV	Cloning in Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes: Methods of direct transformation: PEG mediated microinjection, particle bombardment, electroporation. Methods of indirect transformation: Agrobacterium mediated gene transfer techniques.	7 L
V	Methods of DNA sequencing: Maxam's and Gilbert's method, Sanger's dideoxy method, Ligation mediated sequencing, Automated DNA sequencing, chromosome walking and Primer Walking.	6 L
Refer	rences:	
1. An Introduction to Genetic Engineering, 2nd Edition, Desmond S.T. Nic Cambridge University Press (2006).		

- 2. Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA, 3rd Edition, B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak, ASM Press (2007)
- 3. Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, 7th Edition, S.B. Primrose and R.M. Twyman, Blackwell Publishing (2006)
- 4. Molecular Biotechnology, 2nd Edition, S.B. Primrose, Panima Publishing (2001)
- 5. Introduction to Biotechnology, Low Price Edition, W.J. Thieman and M.A. Palladino, Peaeson Education (2007)
- 6. Genetic Engineering : Principles And Practice, Sandhya Mitra, Macmillan India (1996)
- 7. Genetic Engineering: Principles and Methods, Setlow J.K., Kluwer Academic Publishers. (2000)
- 8. Genetic Engineering, Yount L., Gale Group (2002)
- 9. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (Volume I, II & III) Sambrook J., D.W. Russell, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (2001)
- 10. Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis: An Introduction, 4th edition, Brown T. A., Blackwell Science Inc (2001)
- 11. Recombinant DNA: Genes and Genomes A Short Course, 3rd Edition, James D

BT 303 Genetic Engineering

Paper – II Applications

	rapei – Il Applications	10 Lectures
Unit	Content	Lectures
I	Genetic Engineering in Environment: Microbial degradation of	9 L
1	Xenobiotics, Genetic engineering of Biodegradative pathways	9 L
	(manipulation by transfer of plasmids and gene alteration), Utilization of	
	starch and sugars (Production of fructose and alcohol, Silage	
	fermentation), Utilization of cellulose: components of lignocelluloses	
II	Genetic Engineering in Microbes: Microbial biosynthesis of Rubber,	9 L
	Engineering Xanthomonas for Xanthan Gum production, Vaccines for	
	diseases: subunit vaccines, peptide vaccine, Attenuated vaccines, Vector	
	vaccines directed against viruses and bacteria.	
III	Genetic Engineering in Plants: Insect- resistant plants, Herbicide-resistant	10 L
	plants, Development of salt stress tolerant plants, Senescence (fruit	
	ripening and flower wilting)- tolerant plants, Modification of plant	
	nutritional contents (Amino acids and Iron), Modification of food plants	
	taste (Sweetness), plant as bioreactor for polymers, plants as edible	
	vaccines.	
IV	Genetic Engineering in Animals: Transgenic sheep and mice, Cloning	7 L
	livestock by nuclear transfer, Nucleic acid as Therapeutic agents:	
	Antisense RNA, Antisense oligonucleotides, chimeric RNA-DNA	
	molecules, Interfering RNA, Gene therapy for cystic fibrosis.	
V	Genetic Engineering for Industrially important Enzymes: Examples of	5 L
	increasing enzyme activity, stability, specificity and altering multiple	
Df	properties. synthesis of Human Interferon and Growth hormone	
	ences:	DNIA 21
1.	Molecular Biotechnology: Principles and Applications of Recombinant Edition, B.R. Glick and J.J. Pasternak, ASM Press (2007).	DNA, 3rd
2	An Introduction to Genetic Engineering, 2nd Edition, Desmond S.T	Nicholl
4.	Cambridge University Press (2006).	. Menon,
3	Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics, 7th Edition, S.B. Primros	e and R M
0.	Twyman, Blackwell Publishing (2006)	• •••••
4.	Molecular Biotechnology, 2nd Edition, S.B. Primrose, Panima Publishing (2001)
	Introduction to Biotechnology, Low Price Edition, W.J. Thieman and M.A	
	Peaeson Education (2007)	
6.	Genetic Engineering : Principles And Practice, Sandhya Mitra, Macm	illan India
	(1996)	
7.	Genetic Engineering: Principles and Methods, Setlow J.K., Kluwer	Academic
_	Publishers. (2000)	
8	Genetic Engineering Yount L. Gale Group (2002)	

- 8. Genetic Engineering, Yount L., Gale Group (2002)
- 9. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (Volume I, II & III) Sambrook J., D.W. Russell, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press (2001)
- 10. Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis: An Introduction, 4th edition, Brown T. A., Blackwell Science Inc (2001)
- Recombinant DNA: Genes and Genomes A Short Course, 3rd Edition, James D. Watson, James, Richard M. Myers, Amy A. Caudy, Jan A. Witkowski, W. H. Freeman (2006).

BT 304 Microbial Biotechnology

Paper – I Fermentation Technology

T T •4		10 Lectures
Unit	Content	Lectures
Ι	Bioreactors/fermenters and media :	10 L
	Introduction, Basic functions of a fermenter, Components of a typical	
	fermenter, Operation of the fermenter.	
	Fermentation Media: Introduction, Characteristics of an ideal fermentation	
	medium, raw materials used, Types of Fermentation media, media	
	sterilization, inoculum media, screening for fermentation media. Inoculum	
	preparation. Microbial growth Kinetics.	10 7
II	Screening:	10 L
	Introduction, Primary and secondary screening. Strain Improvement.	
	Preservation and maintenance of industrial strains, Culture Collection Centers	
	for Microorganisms, Scale up of fermentation.	
	Detection and assay of fermentation products: Physical- chemical assays,	
TTT	Biological assays.	05 1
III	Types of Fermentations:	05 L
	(Introduction, Advantages and Limitations, Basic aspects of Process	
	Biotechnology, Fermentor Design, Industrial applications of process of):	
	Batch fermentation, Continuous Fermentation, Submerged ,Solid state	
TX 7	Fermentations, Anaerobic Fermentations	10 L
IV	Downstream processes: Solid-liquid separation, coagulation and Flocculation, Filtration,	10 L
	Centrifugation, Disintegration methods, Precipitation, Solvent extraction, Distillation, Purification by Chromatographic Techniques, Product	
	Formulation. Fermentation economics. Application of computer in	
	fermentation technology.	
V	Microbial production of industrial products:	05 L
•	(Micro-organisms involved, production media, fermentation conditions,	0.5 L
	product recovery and applications of):	
	Citric acid, Ethanol, Penicillin, Vitamin B ₁₂ , amylase, bioinsecticide (<i>Bacillus</i>	
	thurigiensis).	
Dofor		I

- 1. Casida L. E. (1991). Industrial Microbiology, New Age international Ltd.
- 2. Crueger W. and Crueger A. (2000). Biotechnology: A textbook of Industrial Microbiology. 2nd edition.Panima Publishing Co. New Delhi.
- 3. Patel A. H. (1996). Industrial Microbiology. 1st edition, Macmillan India Limited.
- 4. Stanbury P. F, Whitaker A. and Hall S. J. (2006). Principles of Fermentation Technology. 2nd edition, Elsevier Science Ltd.
- 5. Peppler H.J., Perlman D. (2004). Microbial technology-Fermentation Technology, second edition, Volume I and II, Academic Press.
- 6. H.A.Modi(2009):Fermentation Technology Vol.I And Vol.II,Pointer Publishers

BT 304 Microbial Biotechnology

Paper – II Food and Dairy Technology

	2	0 Lectures
Unit	Content	Lectures
I	Food Microbiology: Chemical and physical properties of food affecting microbial growth (intrinsic and extrinsic factors). Microbial spoilage of different food products- cereals and cereal products, sugar and sugar products, vegetables and fruits, meat and meat products, eggs and poultry, fish and sea products. General methods of food preservation: Asepsis, use of high temperatures, use of low temperatures, drying, food additives, radiation	10 L
II	Milk Microbiology: Milk - Definition, composition and constituents of milk, Normal flora of milk, Microbial spoilage of different milk products. Pasteurization of milk - Methods of Pasteurization – LTH, HTST, and UHT. Phosphatase test for determination of efficiency of Pasteurization.	10 L
III	Methods for the Microbiological examination of foods: Indicator organisms, Direct Examination, Cultural techniques, Enumeration methods-plate counts, Most Probable Number Counts, Dye reduction tests-MBRT, Resazurin Test, Rapid methods for detection of Specific organisms and Toxins- Immunological methods, DNA/RNA methodology	10 L
IV	Controlling the Microbiological quality of foods : Quality and criteria, Control at source training, Facilities and operations, equipment cleaning and disinfection. Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP): Establishment of CCP Criteria, Monitoring procedures for CCPs, Protocols for Deviations, Record Keeping, and Verification. Quality Systems: BS 5750, and ISO 9000 series.	4 L
V	Fermented dairy and other food Products- Yoghurt, Cheese, Sauerkraut, Beer, Vinegar, Bread, Pickles.	6 L

- 1. Food Microbiology (1995)-Adams M.R.and Moss, M.O., New Age International Limited.
- 2. Food Microbiology –Frazier, W.C., Westhoff, D.C. IVth edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publisher.
- 3. Industrial Microbiology by A. H. Patel, Mac Millan India Pvt. Ltd.
- 4. Modern Food Microbiology VIth edition- James M Jay. An Aspen publication.
- 5. Applied Dairy Microbiology –Elmer Marth and James Steele 2nd edition, publisher Marcel Dekker
- 6. MicrobialTechnologyVolumeII-PepplerandPerlman,Academic Press

B.Sc. Biotechnology Part – III Practical Syllabus Annually Once

Sr.	Name of Practical	
No.		
1	Study of different types of sperms by smear technique- Frog, Hen, Rat and Human	
2	Sperm motility test	
3	Study of different types of eggs - Insects, Amphioxus, Frog and Hens egg.	
4	Study of Cleavage, Blastula and Gastrula – Frog and Hen (Slide/ICT)	
5	Temporary / Permanent preparation of Chick embryos.	
6	To estimate oxygen consumption in aquatic animal in relation to temperature.	
7	Study Teratogenic effect on development of Frog / Chick embryo	
8	Preparation of temporary slide to study histology by microtomy technique.	
9	Study of histopathological permanent slides of different types of cancer	
10	Study of dissection of Rat/Frog to observe reproductive system. (By ICT)	
11	Study of developmental phases in human (By ICT)	
12	Study of style and sigma	
13	Study of different type of embryos.	
14	Pollen germination in In-situ condition	
15	Study of pollen germination by T.T.C. or Acetocarmine test	
16	Collection of seed and storage of seeds for seed bank	
17	Study of floral patterning in any suitable flower.	
18	To study types of ovules (by permanent slides)	
19	To study male gametophytes (by permanent slides)	
20	Study Tour / Excursion. Visit to Zoological and botanical interested areas are	
	compulsory. A report of one of the visits is to be submitted at the time of practical	
	examination.	
D.f.	NON DOG	

BP 305 Techniques in Developmental Biology

- 1. P. S. Verma, "A manual of Practical Zoology of Chordate", S. Chand & Company LTD.
- 2. P. S. Verma, "A manual of Practical Zoology of invertebrates", S. Chand & Company LTD.
- 3. Agarwal and Jindal, "Practicals in Vertebrate Zoology", Pragati Prakashan, Meerut.
- 4. S. S. Lal, "Practical Zoology", Vol-3, Rastogi Publication, Meerut.
- 5. Dr. V. S. Shirshyad, N. B. Yemul, "Laboratory Manual of Botany".
- 6. D. A. Kadam et al., "Steps in Practical Botany", Rayat Prasadak, Prakashan, Satara.
- 7. A Bendre, A Kumar, "A text book of Practical Botany II", Rastogi Publication, Meerut.

Sr.	Name of Practical		
No.			
1	Isolation of genomic DNA from yeast and its quantification.		
2	Isolation of Plasmid DNA from yeast/bacteria and its quantification.		
3	Construction of restriction map of plasmid DNA		
4	Calculation of molecular weight of digested DNA		
5	DNA amplification by PCR		
6	Preparation of single stranded DNA template		
7	Restriction mapping of DNA		
8	Ligation theory and ligation of DNA		
9	Isolation of RNA from bacteria and its estimation.		
10	Reporter gene assay (β- Gal)		
11	Study of Southern blotting		
12	Study of Northern blotting		
13	Searching for literature at NCBI		
14	Retriving of gene sequence from GenBank		
15	Retriving of gene sequence through SRS		
16	Performing sequence similarity by BLAST		
17	Performing sequence similarity by FASTA		
18	Determining phylogenetic tree from CLUSTALx		
19	Synthesis of ZnO nanoparticles		
20	Synthesis of Silver nanoparticles		
	Defenences		

BP 306 Techniques in Genetic Engineering and Modern Biotechnology

- 1. S. John Vennison, "Laboratory Manual for Genetic Engineering", PHI Learning Private LTD.
- 2. Sambrook J. and Russell D. W., "Molecular cloning: A Laboratory manual", 3rd Ed. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, Cold Spring Harbor, New York.
- 3. Hoisington D *et al.*, "Laboratory protocols: CIMMYT Applied Biotechnology Centre", 2nd Ed. Mexico, D.F.: CIMMYT.
- 4. Ausubel F. M. *et al.*, "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology", Vol-1, John Wiley & Sons., Inc. Brooklyn, New York.
- 5. <u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.ebi.ac.uk</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.clustal.org</u>
- 8. Sulbha Kulkarni, "Nanotechnology: Principles and Practices"

Sr.	Name of Practical				
No.					
1	Introduction to laboratory Fermentor				
2	Screening of Antibiotic producing microorganisms from soil by crowded plate technique				
3	Biological assay of antibiotic by paper disc method				
4	Production, recovery and assay of citric acid by Aspergillus niger.				
5	Production, recovery of Amylase.				
6	Assay of amylase				
7	Production of sauerkraut by microorganisms				
8	Production of Bioinsecticides by using <i>B.thuringenesis</i> .				
9	Enumeration of bacteria in milk by Standard Plate Count				
10	Qualitative analysis of milk sample by Methylene Blue Reduction Time Test.				
11	Determination of efficiency of pasteurization of milk by alkaline phosphatase test.				
12	Isolation of spoilage microorganisms from spoiled vegetables/fruits				
13	Isolation of lipolytic micoorganisms from butter.				
14	Isolation of lactic acid bacteria from the curd sample.				
15	Estimation of milk sugar by Benedict's method.				
16	Assay of growth factor.(Vitamin)				
17	Determination of Minimum inhibitory concentration of antibiotic against test				
	microorganism by tube-dilution technique.				
18	Production of wine from any fruit.				
19	Determination of Calcium in milk				
20	Determination of Magnesium in milk				
Refe					

BP 307 Techniques in Microbial Biotechnology

- 1. K.R. Aneja, "Experiments in Microbiology, Plant pathology and biotechnology", 4th Edition, New Age Publications.
- Ashish Verma, "Laboratory Manual for Biotechnology", 1st Edition 2014, S. Chand Publications
- 3. R.C. Duby, "Practical microbiology", S. Chand Publications

BP 308 Project Work

The project reports are to be prepared by the students on the subjects in consultation with the Project coordinator in the year. The project work is carried out in group of maximum 4-5 students or individually. The coordinator will guide the students in selecting the topic of the project, working of the experiments, results of the same and writing the report. The report shall be signed by the coordinator and shall be submitted to the University at the time of the University Practical examination of B.Sc. Part III.

The student should visit two places of Biotechnological interest (Pharmaceutical industry, Dairy, Research institutes etc.) and submit the report of their visit at the time of practical examination in practical course BP 308: Project Work. The report should be duly certified by the Head of the Department. For this 10 marks are allotted in course BP 308: Project Work.

Examination Pattern

The examination for theory papers are conducted semester wise while for practical conducted annually once as per University Time Table.

A) Theory Examination Nature of Theory question paper for each theory paper.

सोलापुर विवापीठ प्राणिया संरक्षा ।	Solapur University, Solapur Nature of Question Paper For Semester Pattern Faculty of Science				
Time:- 2 hrs	5			Total Marks-50	
Q. No.1) Mu 1)	(10)				
a)	b)	c)	d)		
2)					
3) 4)					
4) 5)					
6)					
7)					
8)					
9) 10)					
,	swer any Five o	of the followin	Ig	(10)	
i)					
ii)					
iii)					
iv) v)					
v) vi)					
<i>,</i>	Answer any Two	o of the follow	ving	(06)	
i)					
ii)					
iii) B) Write	the Answer/So	lve/Problem/	'Note	(04)	
B) Write the Answer/Solve/Problem/Note Q.No.4) Answer any Two of the following (10)					
i)					
ii)					
iii) O No 5) Answer any Two of the following (10)					
Q.No.5) Answer any Two of the following (10) i)					
ii)					
iii)					

B) Practical Examination

- a) The practical examination will be conducted on four (4) consecutive days for not less than 6 hours on each day of the practical examination.
- b) Each candidate must produce a certificate from the head of the department in his/her college stating that he/she has completed in a satisfactory manner the practical course on the guidelines laid down from time to time by Academic council on the recommendation of Board of studies and has been recorded in his/her observation in the laboratory journal and written a report on each exercise performed. Every journal is to be checked and signed periodically by a member teaching staff and certified by the Head of the department at the end of the year. Candidate are to produce their journal at the time of practical examination Candidate have to visit two places of Biotechnological interest(Pharmaceutical industry, Dairy, Research institutes etc.) and submit the report of their visit at the time of practical examination in practical course BP 308: Project Work. The report should be duly certified by the Head of the Department.

Distribution of Marks for practical examination: (same for all BP 305, BP 306 and BP 307)

1) One major experiment:	20 marks
2) Two minor experiment:	20 marks (i.e. 10 marks each)
4) Viva voce:	05 marks
3) Journal:	05 marks

Total marks

50 marks

Distribution of Marks for Project Work (BP 308):

The report shall be examined by the External examiners (appointed by the University) who will assign marks out of 40 for project work as follows:

Total Marks:	200 marks					
Practical IV: BP 308	50 marks					
Practical III: BP 307	50 Marks					
Practical II: BP 306	50 Marks					
Practical I : BP 305	50 Marks					
Total marks	50 marks					
Tour report:	10 marks					
Total:	40 marks					
4) Oral presentation and Viva -	15 marks					
3) Project Writing -	10 marks					
2) Project methodology -	05 marks					
1) Selection of the project topic -	10 marks					
sign marks out of to for project work as follows.						

Theory and practical shall form separate heads of passing. The candidate shall be declared to have successfully completed the three year degree course only on passing in all the heads of passing of B.Sc. Part I, II and III.