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No.	

## B.Sc. – I (ECS) (Semester – I) Examination, 2015 Paper – I: ENGLISH – I COMPULSORY (CGPA Pattern)

						,	
-	nd Date : Wedr 11.00 a.m. to	•	1-2015			Max. Marks :	: 70
	N.B. :		estions are <b>co</b> s to the <b>right</b>	<b>mpulsory</b> . indicates <b>full</b> r	marks.		
1. R	ewrite the follo	wing sente	ences by choo	sing correct alt	ernative :		14
1)	What did the	policeman	look like?				
	a) Uniformed	d and frail a	ınd short				
	b) Uniformed	d and well-b	ouilt				
	c) Dressed in	n ordinary	clothes and fr	ail and short			
	d) Dressed in	n ordinary	clothes and w	ell-built			
2)	When the wri	ter invited	her to stay wi	th her for a whi	le, Miss Kri	shna agreed	
	a) Reluctantl	У		b) Shyly			
	c) Readily			d) With little	enthusiasm	ı	
3)	The name of t	he psychol	ogist who dev	eloped the IQ te	st was		
	a) Dr. Sigmu	nd Freud		b) Carl Jung			
	c) Robert Sm	nith		d) Mr. Binet			
4)	The word 'inte	elligence' is	s derived from	the Latin word			
	a) Intellegere	e b)	Intellectual	c) Intellect	d) Noi	ne of these	
5)	Krishna's first	name was	S				
	a) Maya	b)	Sheela	c) Mala	d) Nei	rgis	
6)	What did the	policeman	on the beat c	onstantly do?			
	a) Twirl his s	stick					
	b) Interrogate	e people o	n his beat				
	c) Smoke a 0	Cigar					
	d) Unlock do	ors					

2.



7)	What does 'shining loads' mean				
	a) An unmarried woman's wrist	b)	bunches of ba	ngles	
	c) The flame of a marriage fire	d)	Sunlit corn		
8)	The words Kiltartan cross refer to				
	a) A famous place in Ireland	b)	The battlefield		
	c) An Irish Church	d)	None of the ab	oove	
9)	The poem 'Bangle Sellers' is written by	′		-	
	a) W. B. Yeats	b)	Sarojini Naidu		
	c) John Milton	d)	W. B. Keats		
10)	The speaker of the poem 'An Irish Airn	nan	Foresees His	Death is	
	a) Irish Airman or Pilot	b)	Farmer		
	c) Sailor	d)	None of the ab	oove	
11)	Can you give me mo	ney	??		
	, .	•	Little	•	
12)	A man is known byc	com	pany he keeps		
	a) the	b)	а		
	c) an	,	none of the ab	oove	
13)	The woman the car is	s m	y neighbour.		
	a) of b) in	c)	on	d) under	
14)	What is the capitalS	Switz	zerland?		
	a) of b) at	c)	on	d) from	
An	swer any seven of the following question	ons	:		14
1)	Describe the weather in the story 'Afte	er Tv	wenty Years'.		
2)	What sort of relationship did Bob and a	Jim	my share ?		
3)	What did Miss Krishna claim to be the	'Pa	nacea for all (I	her) ills' ?	
4)	How can you define 'intelligence'?				
5)	What are the areas in which the compu	uter	is much faster	than human brain?	
6)	What colours of bangles are suitable for	or a	maiden's wris	ets?	
7)	How does the speaker imagine he will	die	?		
8)	Whom are the purple and gold-flecked grey bangles meant for ?				



3. A) Write short note on any two of the following:

8

- 1) Jimmy Wells
- 2) Miss Krishna's character
- 3) The merits of artificial intelligence.
- B) Answer any three of the following questions briefly:

6

- 1) Describe the different types of bangles which the bangle-sellers carry.
- 2) How does the poet describe the faithful wife who is now middle-aged?
- 3) What is the Irish airman's attitude towards the war he is fighting in?
- 4) What do you think is the speaker's attitude towards his 'poor' countrymen?
- 4. 1) Write an essay on 'Impact of Mobiles on the lives of the Youth Today'. 14
  - 2) Write paragraphs of **six** to **eight** sentences on **each** of the following:
    - 1) Terrorism: Irrational and Inhuman
    - 2) Solar energy.
- 5. Read the following passage and make notes of it. Use an appropriate title for your notes:

14

There are different forms of environmental pollution. Air pollution is caused by the burning of coal and oil. It can damage the earth's vegetation and cause respiratory problems in humans. A second type of pollution is noise pollution. It is the result of the noise of aircraft and heavy traffic. Further, loud music is also a cause of noise pollution, which has been seen to affect people's hearing and give them severe headaches and high blood pressure. Another source of pollution is radioactivity, which occurs when there is a leak from a nuclear power station. Radioactivity is a deadly pollutant, which kills and causes irreparable harm to those exposed to it. Land and water pollution is caused by the careless disposal of huge quantities of rubbish, sewage and chemical wastes. Pollution of rivers and seas kills fishes and other marine life and also becomes the cause of water-borne diseases. Land pollution, on the other hand, Poisons the soil, making the food grown in it unfit for consumption.

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**SLR-O - 10** 

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#### B.Sc. (Part – I) (E.C.S.) (Semester – I) Examination, 2015 MATHEMATICS (Paper – V) (Old) Graph Theory

Gir	ари тнеогу
Day and Date : Monday, 13-4-2015 Time : 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.	Max. Marks : 50
2) <b>All</b> question	ntific calculator is <b>allowed</b> . Is are <b>compulsory</b> . The <b>right</b> indicate <b>full</b> marks.
1. Choose correct alternative for eac	<b>h</b> of the following:
1) The number of edges in K <sub>n</sub> is	
a) n	b) n + 1
c) $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$	d) $\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$
2) Sum of all entries of any row of	incident matrix is equal to
a) Total number of vertex	
b) Total number of edges	
c) Degree of corresponding ve	rtex
d) Degree of corresponding edg	ges
3) The complement of a null graph	is graph.
a) Regular	b) Null
c) Simple	d) Complete
4) If G is a self complementaryfor some K.	graph of n vertices then n is of the type
a) 4 K	b) 4 K + 1
c) 4 K or 4 K + 1	d) None of these



	5)	The Union of two complete grap	ohs	$K_3$ and $K_4$ is	
		a) K <sub>3</sub>	b)	$K_4$	
		c) K <sub>7</sub>	d)	K <sub>12</sub>	
	6)	A trail is a walk in which			
		a) No edge is repeated	b)	No vertex is repeated	
		c) All edges are repeated	d)	some edges are repeated	
	7)	A tree with 7 vertices has		_ no of edges.	
		a) 7	b)	8	
		c) 6	d)	none of these	
	8)	A bi-partite graph $K_{m,n}$ is regula	ar if	f	
		a) m > n	b)	m < n	
		c) m = n	d)	$m \neq n$	
	9)	For any graph $G \oplus G$ is			
		a) G	b)	G'	
		c) G∪G′	d)	null graph	
	10)	A Graph G is called the self co own complement.	mp	lementary if it is with its	3
		a) Isomorphic	b)	Complement	
		c) Complete	d)	Homomorphic	
2.	Att	empt any five from the following	<b>g</b> :		10
	1)	Define regular graph with suitab	le e	example.	
	2)	Draw all possible non isomorph	ic s	simple graphs on 3-vertices.	
	3)	Draw a graph corresponding to	the	following adjacency matrix.	
		1     0     1     0       1     2     1     0       0     1     0     2       1     0     2     0			
	4)	Define union of two graphs.			
	5)	Define cycle and trail			
	6)	Find the vertex and edge conne	ecti	vity of complete graph Kn ( $n \ge 2$ ).	

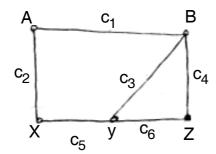




3. A) Attempt any two from the following:

6

1) For the following graph find all paths from vertex A to Z.



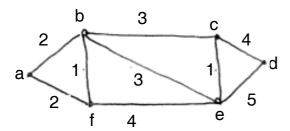
- 2) Explain the Fleury's Algorithm to find the Euler circuit for any graph G.
- 3) Give an example of a connected graph which is
  - a) An Eulerian circuit but not Hamiltonian cycle.
  - b) A Hamiltonian cycle but not Euler circuit.
- B) Explain travelling salesman problem.

4

4. Attempt any two from the following:

10

1) By using Kruskal's algorithm find the shortest spanning tree and its weight from the following graph

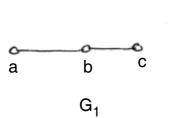


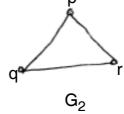
- 2) Verify hand shaking lemma by taking suitable example.
- 3) Define:
  - a) Weighted graph
  - b) Spanning sub graph
  - c) Isthus.

5. Attempt any two from the following:

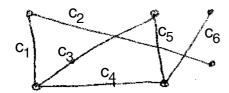
10

1) Find  $G_1 \times G_2$  for the following graph. p





2) Find all bridges in the graph G given below



3) Prove that every tree has a centre which consists of either single vertex or two adjacent vertices.

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**SLR-0 – 11** 

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#### B.Sc. (ECS) (Part – I) (Semester – I) Examination, 2015 MATHEMATICS (Paper - VI) (Old) **Numerical Methods**

Day and Date: Wednesday, 15-4-2015	Max. Marks: 50
Time: 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.	

- **N.B.**: 1) **Use** of scientific calculator is **allowed**. 2) All questions are compulsory.
  - 3) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
- 1) While doing division of two numbers in normalised floating point form exponents should be
  - a) added
- b) subtracted

1. Choose the correct alternative for **each** of the following.

- c) divided
- d) multiplied

2) 
$$\nabla f(x - h) =$$

a) 
$$f(x + h) - f(x)$$

b) 
$$f(x - h) - f(x - 2h)$$

c) 
$$f(x) - f(x - h)$$

d) 
$$f(x + 2h) - f(x + h)$$

3) 
$$(\Delta \nabla)$$
  $f(x) =$ 

a) 
$$(\Delta - \nabla) f(x)$$
 b)  $(\Delta + \nabla) f(x)$  c)  $\Delta f(x)$  d)  $\nabla f(x)$ 

b) 
$$(\Delta + \nabla) f(x)$$

c) 
$$\Delta f(x)$$

- 4) In iteration method of finding the root of equation f(x) = 0 in (a, b), the condition for selection of the function  $\phi(x)$  is  $|\phi'(x)|$ 
  - a) less than 1

b) equal to 1

c) greater than 1

- d) none of these
- 5) In a square matrix if  $a_{ii} = 0$  for i < j then the matrix is called as \_\_\_\_\_ matrix.
  - a) upper triangular

b) lower triangular

c) symmetric

d) skew-symmetric

10



	6)				there are 2 non-leading m possess	
		a) unique	b) no	c) trivial	d) infinitely many	
	7)	Trapezoidal rule formula.	is obtained by putti	ng n =	in general quadrature	
		a) 0	b) 1	c) 2	d) 3	
	8)	0.8987 E2 + 0.34	21 E3 =			
		a) 0.4319 E2	b) 4.3190 E3	c) 0.4319 E3	d) 0.4319 E5	
	9)	The equation 2.s	$\sin x + e^x = 0$ is of _	type.		
		a) homogeneous	3	b) linear		
		c) invertible		d) transcende	ental	
	10)		thod first approxing the interval (2, 3)		ne root of the equation	
		a) 2	b) 3.5	c) 2.5	d) 3	
2.	Atte	empt <b>any five</b> of th	ne following.			10
	1)	Define forward d	ifference operator	$\Delta$ and backward	d difference operator $ abla$ .	
	2)	State bisection fo	rmula to find root of	the equation f(x)	= 0 in the interval $(x_0, x_1)$	
	3)	State Trapezoida	al rule for integratio	n.		
	4)	Show that $\Delta f(x)$	$=[\nabla E]f(x).$			
	5)	Evaluate 1.2345	E4 + 0.8341 E5.			
	6)	Write augmented	d matrix for the follo	owing system of	linear equations	
		x + 2y - 3z = 4;	-x+y-z=-2;			
		2x + 3z = -2 ;	-2Y-4z=0.			
3.	A) .	Attempt <b>any two</b> d	of the following.			6
		1) Show that ( $\Delta$	$-\nabla$ ) f(x) = $(\Delta\nabla)$ f(x)	).		
		2) Define absolu	ite error, relative ei	rror and percent	age error.	

3) Find real root of the equation  $x^3 - 18 = 0$  in the interval (2, 3) by Regula Falsi method. Perform only two iterations.

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- B) Evaluate the following.
  - i) 0.8765 E4 ÷ 0.2624 E2
  - ii)  $0.1321 E 3 \times 0.8212 E5$
  - iii) 3.4567 E1 + 21.2345 E2
  - iv) 0.4321 E 2 0.2112 E 2.
- 4. Attempt any two of the following.

1) Use Lagrange's Interpolation Formula to estimate f(48) for the data given below.

x	45	50	55	60
y = f(x)	0.7071	0.7660	0.8192	0.8660

2) Solve the following system of linear equations by using Gauss Elimination Method.

$$x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = 9;$$
  
 $2x_1 + 4x_2 - 3x_3 = 1;$ 

$$3x_1 + 6x_2 - 5x_3 = 0.$$

3) By using Runge-Kutta  $IV^{th}$  order method find Y(1.2) by taking h = 0.2. Given

that 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2$$
 with  $x_0 = 1$ ,  $y_0 = 2$ .

- 5. Attempt **any two** of the following.
  - 1) Evaluate  $\int_{1}^{2} \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) dx$  by using Simpson's  $(1/3)^{rd}$  rule. Take h = 0.1.
  - 2) Find approximate value of root of the equation  $\log_e^x \cos x = 0$  by using Newton-Raphson method by taking initial approximation  $x_0 = 1.5$ , correct upto 4 decimal places.
  - 3) By using Newton's Backward Difference Interpolation Formula find the value of f(0.23) from the data given below.

x	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.25
y=f(x)	0.1003	0.1511	0.2027	0.2553

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### B.Sc. (Entire Computer Science) (Part – I) (Semester – I) Examination 2015

	PAPER –	VII : DESCRIPT	TIVE STATISTICS -	- I (Old)			
•	d Date : Thursday 11.00 a.m. to 1.00			Total Marks : 50			
Ins	ii) Us iii) Fig	gures to the <b>right</b> i	<b>mpulsory</b> . entific calculator is <b>all</b> indicate <b>full</b> marks. supplied on <b>request</b> .				
1. Sel	lect most correct a	alternative.		10			
•	Size of the class 30 - 39 40 - 49 5		owing grouped data is	s:10-19 20-29			
	a) 9	b) 10	c) 14.5	d) 4.5			
ii)	The measure of c	entral tendency th	at is based on all obse	ervations is			
	a) A.M.	b) Median	c) Mode	d) All of these			
iii)	Quartiles are the	values dividing a g	iven set of observatio	ons into			
	a) two equal part	S	b) four equal parts				
	c) three equal pa	rts	d) five equal parts				
iv)	Which of the follow	ring measure of disp	ersion is a relative mea	asure of dispersion?			
	a) Range	b) Q.D.	c) S.D.	d) Coefficient of Q.D.			
	The range and co are	efficient of range o	f the values 11, 10, 13	3, 14, 12, 20, 18, 19			
	a) 10 and 2/3	b) 20 and 1/3	c) 10 and 30	d) 10 and 1/3			
	If the value of coed		$\beta_2$ is equal to three,	than the frequency			
	a) Leptokurtic	b) Platykurtic	c) Mesokurtic	d) Lectokurtic			



VII)					nce of a distribution is			
	a)	1024	b) 256 × 25	c)	16	d)	400	
viii)	If t	he S.D. of X is	10, then the varian	се	of 10 – 5X is			
	a)	-2490	b) -2500	c)	2500	d)	50	
ix)	Fro	om histogram w	e can obtain					
	a)	Mean		b)	Median			
	c)	Mode		d)	All of these meas	ures	<b>;</b>	
x)		•	•		y distribution, if the nen the modal valu			
	a)	80	b) -180	c)	180	d)	280	
2. An	sw	er <b>any five</b> of th	ne following.					10
i)	De	fine a variable.						
ii)	De	fine quartiles.						
iii)	De	fine a measure	of dispersion.					
iv)	Sta	ate the express	ion of 3 <sup>rd</sup> central m	non	nents in terms first	thre	ee raw moments.	•
v)	Sta	ate the effect of	change of origin a	เทd	change of scale of	n va	riance.	
vi)	De	fine Statistics.						
3. A)	An	swer <b>anv two</b> o	of the following.					6
- ,	i) Two samples of sizes 30 and 20 have means as 55 and 60 and variances as 16 and 25 respectively. Find the standard deviation of the combined sample of size 50.							
	ii)		ference between t		ne sum of upper an m is 15. If the med		•	
	iii)	Variance of me	esokurtic distributi	on	is 4. Find $\mu_4$ .			
B)	Wr	ite a note on Si	mple Random San	npli	ing.			4



4. Answer any two of the following.

10

- i) Write a note on frequency distribution.
- ii) Write the procedure for drawing less than ogive curve.
- iii) Write a note on Skewness.
- 5. Answer any two of the following.

10

- i) The first three moments of a certain variable about the value 1 are 2, 25 and 80. Find the coefficient of skewness  $\gamma_1$  and interpret the result.
- ii) Calculate missing frequency if A.M. is 1.46:

No. of children	0	1	2	3	4	5
No. of families	46	76	38	25	1	5

iii) Draw histogram from the following data:

Marks	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50
No. of students	5	8	10	7	4

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**SLR-O - 13** 

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# B.Sc. (Entire Computer Science) (Part – I) (Semester – I) (Old)

		Examin STATISTIC	ation, 2015 S (Paper – VII ty Theory – I	•	., (0.0)				
-	d Date : Friday, 1 11.00 a.m. to 1.0				Total Marks: 50				
	•	<b>All</b> questions are Use of <b>simple</b> of Figures to the <b>ri</b>	r <b>scientific</b> calc		ved.				
1. Se	lect most correct	alternative.			10				
i)	In <sup>n</sup> C <sub>5</sub> , n must I	ре							
	a) ≠ 5	b) > 5	c) ≤5	d) ≥ 5					
ii)	How many two I SQUARE?	etters words car	be formed usin	g the letters	of the words				
	a) 360	b) 120	c) 30	d) 36					
iii)	<ul> <li>iii) Two events are said to be independent if</li> <li>a) One does not affect the occurrence of the other</li> <li>b) There is no common point in between them</li> <li>c) Each outcome has equal chance of occurrence</li> <li>d) Both events has only one point</li> </ul>								
iv)	E(10) = a) 1	b) 20	c) 10	d) 0					
v)	If $B \subset A$ , then P	(A/B)is equal to							
	a) Zero	b) One	c) $P(A)/P(B)$	d) P(B)/P(A	$\mathcal{A})$				
vi)	For a discrete ra	ndom variable X	if $E(X^2) = 52$ and	dV(X) = 3, th	en E(X) =				
	a) √ <del>7</del>	b) 7	c) 49	d) 13					

JLN	-0	- 13				-2	<u> </u>				118			
٧	'ii)		crete rand lities 0.2,										ith	
		a) 0.18		b) 0.2		c)	0.22		d)	0.38				
Vi	iii)	A family variance	of a para e is	ametric	distributi	on	in whic	ch mea	n is	s alway	/s gre	ater tha	an	
		a) Bino	mial distri	bution		b)	Poisso	on distri	ibu	tion				
		c) Unifo	orm distrib	oution		d)	None o	of these	Э					
)	xi)		s drawn a			-		well sh	uffl	ed car	ds. W	hat is tl	he	
		a) 13/52	2	b) 1/13		c)	1/52		d)	1/26				
	x)	Probabi	lity of a su	ure even	ıt is									
		a) 0.25		b) 0.5		c)	0		d)	1				
2.	An	swer <b>an</b>	<b>y five</b> of t	he follov	ving :									10
	i)	Find the	value of	n if n+1	$c_3 = 7.^{n}$	) <sub>2</sub> ·								
	ii)	Give the	e classica	l definitio	on of pro	bak	oility.							
i	iii)	Prove th	nat P(A) =	: 1 – P( Ā	$(\sqrt{1})$ , where	e	is con	npleme	enta	ıry eve	nt of A	۹.		
i	v)	Define p	orobability	/ mass fu	unction o	fa	discret	e rando	om	variab	le X.			
	v)	Define h	nypergeor	netric di	stribution	۱.								
`	vi)		crete r.v. and S.D			n c	distribu	tion wi	th p	oarame	eter λ	_=2, fi	nd	
3. /	۹)	Answer	any two	of the foll	lowing:									6
		,	e are 100 om. What 5 ?	•									at	
		=	nean and $P(X = 1)$ .	the varia	nce of a b	oinc	omial va	ariate X	are	: 16 and	d 8 res	spective	ly.	
	i	iii) An ur	nbiased c	oin is tos	sed and	a f	air die i	s rolled	d. If	$A = \{T_i\}$	ail} an	$dB = \{6$	3}.	

B) In a certain IT industry, there are 5 men programmers and 10 women programmers. A committee of 5 programmers is to be selected. What is the probability that at least one of the committee member is woman programmer?

4

then verify whether the events A and B are independent.



4. Answer any two of the following:

10

i) Verify whether the following function can be regarded as probability mass function (p.m.f.) of a discrete random variable X and if so find P(X = 1 or 3).

$$P(X = x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{18}, x = 0, 1, 2, 3.$$

ii) If 
$$P(A) = \frac{1}{4}$$
,  $P(A \mid B) = \frac{1}{3}$  and  $P(B \mid A) = \frac{1}{2}$ , find  $P(A \mid \overline{B})$ .

- iii) Find how many different words can be formed using all the letters of the word "Monday" and find the probability that such a word formed begins with 'M' and ending in 'y'.
- 5. Answer any two of the following:

10

i) The cumulative distribution function of a random variable X is given by

Х	0	1	2	3	4
P(x)	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2

Find E(10 - X) and P(X > 2.7).

- ii) For any two events A and B, state and prove addition law of probability.
- iii) Define binomial distribution. When do we get binomial distribution?

SLR-0 - 14



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#### B.Sc. – I (ECS) (Semester – II) (New) (CGPA Pattern) Examination, 2015 ENGLISH – II (Compulsory) (Paper – I)

	ENGLISH - II	(Compulsory) (Paper – I)
-	and Date : Monday, 20-4-2015 e : 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.	Max. Marks : 70
	<b>N. B.</b> : 1) <b>All</b> question 2) Figures to the	ns are <b>compulsory</b> . The <b>right</b> indicate <b>full</b> marks.
1.	Rewrite the following sentences beach:	by choosing the correct alternative given below <b>14</b>
	1) Wernher Von Braun is known	as the father of
	a) Rocketry	b) PSLV
	c) SLV-3	d) V-2 missiles
	2) To succeed is any mission, sa	ays Dr. Kalam, one needs
	a) Single handed victory	b) Single man's devotion
	c) Single attempt success	d) Single minded devotion
	3) On which day was the first set to begin?	ession of the Parliament of Religion scheduled
	a) On May 31, 1893	b) On September 11, 1893
	c) On September 21, 1894	d) On May 31, 1894
	4) After discovering 'his purse w	as nearly empty' what did Vivekananda do?
	a) He held on to whatever m	oney was left
	b) He met with Mr. J. H. Wri	ght and asked him to help him out
	c) He begged on the roads for	or money
	d) He travelled to Boston wit	th what was left
	5) The Lusaka Zoo presents	as the world's most dangerous animal.
	a) Man	b) Woman
	c) Carnivorous animals	d) Reptiles



6)	То	find out if a socie	ety is civilized, we	hav	e to check				
	a) Whether there is material progress								
	b)	Whether all the	people have jobs						
	c) Whether the people have freedom								
	d) Whether the poorest are supported								
7)	Bra	hma is a Hindu c	leity who is respor	nsib	le for				
	a)	The creation of t	he world						
	b)	The maintenance	e of the world						
	c)	The destruction	of the world						
	d)	The rules of gov	erning the world						
8)	On	e message of the	poem "Brahma" is	s th	at				
	a)	Lovers of good of	deeds are dear to t	the	god				
	b)	Lovers with since	ere love are dear	to tl	ne god				
	c)	Selfless devoted	es of the good are	dea	ar to the god				
	d)	Non-devotees o	f the evil are dear	to t	ne god				
9)	The	e garden of Geths	semane is famous	bed	cause	here.			
	a)	Jesus Christ ga	ve advice to his di	isci	oles				
	b)	Jesus Christ got	knowledge under	rat	ree				
	c)	Jesus Christ too	k his last supper						
	d)	Jesus Christ sai	d his last prayer						
10)	Too	day the moon is n	nerely an attraction	n fo	r	-			
	a)	The poets	b) The children	c)	The lovers	d) The scientists			
11)	The	e gentleman wou	ld not drink		tea withou	t your company.			
	a)	my	b) her	c)	our	d) his			
12)	Не	is the	person for us.						
	a)	Valuabler		b)	More valuable				
	c)	Valuablest		d)	Most valuable				
13)	Не	went to the tailor	to	his	trousers which v	vas a bit too long.			
	a)	altar	b) alter	c)	alert	d) allot			
14)	The	ere	fused to admit him	n in	the science strea	am.			
	a)	principle		b)	principal				
	c)	prince		d)	princess				



2.	Answer any seven of the following questions in two or three sentences each:	14
	1) What happened to the first V-2 Missile when it was first tested?	
	2) Describe Vivekananda's meeting with J. H. Wright. How did Wright help him out?	

- 3) Why was Vivekananda not prepared for the weather condition in Chicago?
- 4) What was the motivating slogan behind the American Civil War?
- 5) Why does the author declare that human rights cannot function in a vacuum?
- 6) What is the central theme of the poem "Brahma"?
- 7) What does the end of the poem "Full Moon" suggest?
- 8) What transition has taken pace in our approach to the moon?
- 3. A) Write short answers on any two of the following:

- 1) How was Vivekananda's speech at the Parliament of Religions different from those of the other Speaker's? How did it create a magic on the occasion?
- 2) What kind of personality was Von Braun according to Dr. Kalam?
- 3) What role do gods and religion have in the poem, in relation to Brahma?
- B) Answer any two of the following questions briefly:

6

- 1) What is a notice?
- 2) What are the aspects of a good C.V.?
- 3) What is CC and BCC?
- 4. Write a suitable C.V. for the post of a lecturer in English.

14

OR

You are the principal of the Arya College of Arts and Science, Lucknow. Prepare an agenda for a meeting with the head of English department and the secretary and the treasurer of the College's literary association. The meeting has been called to discuss the venue, date time.

5. Write an e-mail message:

14

You have to go to work on a mechanical project for your company in Bangalore. Send an e-mail message to Rajdeep Travels (Address: rajdeeptours@rajdeep.com), asking them to make travel arrangements for you to go Singapore by air and return after a week specify airline you would prefer to travel by, the dates, the class by which you want to travel, the mode of payment, the delivery instruction and your food preferences in an attachment called 'Travel details'.

**SLR-O - 15** 



Seat	
No.	

a) <L>c) <U>

COMPU	nester – II) (CGPA Pattern) ITER SCIENCE (Paper – II) amentals and Programmin	(New)
Day and Date: Tuesday, 21- Time: 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.n		Max. Marks: 70
2) Fi 3) A	<b>II</b> questions are <b>compulsory</b> . igures to the <b>right</b> place indicate nswer of <b>two</b> Sections should be nswer sheet.	
	SECTION-I	
	(Computer Fundamentals)	
1. Choose correct alternati	ves:	5
1) Intopolo	gy central controller is used to co	onnect the nodes.
a) Bus	b) Ring	
c) Star	d) Mesh	
<ol><li>The bar at the top of a as</li></ol>	a window that appears the name	of the window is known
a) Status bar	b) Task bar	
c) Menu bar	d) Title bar	
3) Data transmission in	which the data flow in only one d	irection is called
a) half-duplex	b) full duplex	
c) simplex	d) none of these	
4) Default extension of F	Paint file is	
a) .txt	b) .bmp	
c) .jpg	d) all of these	
5) The tag used in HTM	L to link it with other URL's is	

b) <A>

d) none of these

SLF	R-O – 15	-2-	
2.	Attempt any five from following:		10
	1) List the elements of Windows.		
	2) Define paired tags with example.		
	3) Define taskbar.		
	4) Define word processor.		
	5) What is image map in HTML?		
	6) Short note on GUI.		
3.	A) Answer <b>any two</b> of the following	:	10
	1) What is Multiprogramming? E	explain with diagram.	
	2) Write the process of mail mer	ge.	
	3) Write a note on notepad.		
	B) Answer any one of the following	:	10
	1) Write a note on JAVA script. Ex	rplain any five built in functions i	n JavaScript.
	2) What is Computer Network?	Explain types of computer netv	vork.
	SEC	CTION - II	
	(Programn	ning Using C – II)	
1.	Choose correct alternatives :		5
	1) The default value of register varia	ble is	
	a) zero	o) one	
	, , ,	d) none of these	
	2) What is the output:		
	# define SQR(X) X*X void main ()		
	{		
	print ("\n%d",SQR(5 + 2));		
	}		
	a) error b	o) 49	
	c) 29	d) 17	



	3)	We can handle many members	at a time using union	
		a) True	b) False	
	4)	The command line arguments se	econd parameters data type is	
		a) int	b) char	
		c) float	d) none of these	
	5)	ftell () accepts	arguments.	
		a) 1	b) 2	
		c) 3	d) none of these	
2.	An	swer any five of the following:		10
	1)	What is difference between made	cro and function ?	
	2)	Give the advantages of preproc	essor.	
	3)	What is chain of pointer?		
	4)	What is difference between arra	ay and structure ?	
	5)	What is difference between sca	nf() and sscanf() ?	
	6)	Why typedef is used?		
3.	A)	Solve any two of the following:		10
		1) Explain compiler control dire	ectives with example.	
		2) Explain types of functions ac	ccording to return type and argument accepted	J.
		3) Explain command line argun	nent with example.	
	B)	Solve any one of the following:		10
		1) Explain dynamic memory all	ocation with example.	
		2) What is file? Write a program	m to implement copy con command in file.	



Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (E.C.S.) – I (Semester – II) (New) Examination, 2015 Paper – III: LINEAR AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS – II (CGPA Pattern)

Day and Date : Thursday, 23-4-2015 Max. Marks : 70
Time : 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.

- N.B.: 1) All questions are compulsory.
  - 2) Figures to the **right** place indicate **full** marks.

		3)	Answer of <b>tw</b> sheet.	<b>vo</b> Sections	should be writt	en in <b>separate</b> answer	•
				SECTION	I — I		
				(Linear	)		
1.	Ch	oose correct alt	ernatives.				5
	1)	The FET has _	nuı	mber of term	ninals.		
		a) 2	b) 3	c)	4	d) 5	
	2)	The frequency	of radio frequ	iency oscilla	ator is		
		a) 20 KHz to 2	0 MHz	b)	20 Hz to 20 Kł	Hz	
		c) 20 MHz to 2	0 GHz	d)	None of these		
	3)	In CE amplifier each other.	I/P and O/P	signals are	de	egree out of phase to	
		a) 90	b) 180	c)	270	d) none of the above	)
	4)	The MOSFET h	nas	_ input impe	edance.		
		a) low		b)	very high		
		c) zero		d)	none of these		
	5)	The O/P imped	ance of Op A	mp is			
		a) low		b)	very high		
		c) zero		d)	none of these		
						P.1	۲.Ο.

SL	<b>R-O – 16</b> -2-	
2.	Answer any five of the followings.	10
	1) Give parameters of OP Amp.	
	2) Draw circuit symbol for N and P channel J	FET.
	3) Explain class A of amplifier.	
	4) Explain parameters of JFET.	
	5) Explain Input terminals of Op Amp.	
	6) Explain concept of Barckhousen criteria.	
	7) Give application of JFET.	
3.	A) Attempt any two of the followings.	10
	1) Explain different types of amplifier acco	ording to frequency range.
	2) Explain operation of DE MOSFET.	
	3) Explain Op Amp as a integrator and diff	erentiator.
	B) Attempt any one of the followings.	10
	<ol> <li>Define amplifier. Explain any two type method.</li> </ol>	es of amplifier according to coupling
	2) Define Oscillator. Explain any two types	s of oscillator with suitable diagram.
	SECTION -	II
	(Digital Electronic	cs – II)
1.	Choose correct alternatives.	5
	1) D Flip flop requires inputs.	
	a) 0 b) 1 c) 2	d) 3
	2) A RAM is a type memory.	
	,	on Volatile
	c) Permanent d) N	one of these

	3)	For 3 bit flash AD0	C co	omparators are used.			
		a) 5	b) 6	c) 7	d)	8	
	4)	In binary weighted	d ladder network	register used are of		values.	
		a) same	b) different	c) zero	d)	none of these	
	5)	The decade count	terr	number of states exist	s.		
		a) 5	b) 10	c) 7	d)	9	
2.	An	swer <b>any five</b> of th	ne followings.				10
	1)	Give parameters	of memory.				
	2)	Explain modulus	10 counter.				
	3)	Explain ring count	ter.				
	4)	Explain dynamic F	RAM.				
	5)	Draw dual slope A	ADC.				
	6)	Draw the diagram	of 4 bit Jonhson	counter.			
	7)	Give application of	of DAC.				
3.	A)	Attempt any two	of the followings.				10
		1) Explain working	ng of RS flip flop.				
		2) Explain diode	matrix ROM.				
		3) Explain R – 2F	R ladder network.				
	B)	Attempt any one	of the followings.				10
		1) Define ADC. E	Explain any two ty	pes of ADC.			
		2) Define counter	. Explain 4 bit com	nbined up and down as	ync	hronous counter.	

#### **SLR-0 – 17**

Seat	
No.	

### B.Sc. (ECS) - I (Semester - II) Examination, 2015 **Algebra and Operations Research**

**MATHEMATICS** (Paper – IV) (New) (CGPA Pattern) Day and Date: Saturday, 25-4-2015 Max. Marks: 70 Time: 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m. **N.B.**: 1) Write answers of Section – I and Section – II on separate answer books. 2) All questions are compulsory. 3) **Use** of scientific calculator is **allowed**. 4) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks. 5) To draw the graphs (if necessary) the graph paper will be provided on request. SECTION - I (Algebra) 1. Choose the correct alternative: 5 1) If there exists an element  $e \in A$  such that a \* e = e \* a = a,  $\forall a \in A$  then e is called \_\_\_\_\_ element w.r.t. the binary operation \* a) identity b) inverse c) binary d) none of these 2) The converse of p  $\rightarrow$  q is \_\_\_\_\_ b)  $q \rightarrow p$ c)  $\sim$ q  $\rightarrow$   $\sim$ p d) None of these a)  $\sim p \rightarrow \sim q$ 3) If xRy and yRx then the relation R is called \_\_\_\_\_ relation. a) symmetric b) asymmetric c) antisymmetric d) equivalence 4) If  $F(x) = x^3 - x^2 + 2x$  when F(3) =a) 24 b) 27 c) 9 d) 0

a)  $\sqrt{-2}$ b)  $\sqrt{2}$ d) - 2c) 2

5) If z = 1 - i then modulus of z is \_\_\_\_\_

P.T.O.



2. Attempt any five from the following:

10

- 1) Define Relexive and transitive Relation.
- 2) State first principle of Mathematical Induction.
- 3) Write M(R) and draw Diagraph of Relation

 $R = \{(1, 4), (4, 1), (4, 4), (5, 4), (1, 5), (5, 5)\}\$  defined on A. Where  $A = \{1, 4, 5\}$ .

4) Prepare the truth table for

- 5) Let  $\star$  be a binary operation on z defined by a  $\star$  b = a b for all a, b  $\in$  z verify that whether  $\star$  is associative or not.
- 6) Find modulus and argument of complex number  $z = \sqrt{3} i$ .
- 7) Find the value of a if f(x) = ax + 5 and f(1) = 8.
- 3. A) Attempt any two from the following:

10

1) Let  $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$  and let  $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 2), (2, 3), (1, 3), (3, 1), (3, 2)\}$ 

Compute the transitive closure of R by using Wharshall's Algorithm.

- 2) Prove that  $5^n 4n 1$  is divisible by 16  $\forall$   $n \ge 1$  by using Mathematical Induction.
- 3) Let \* be the binary operation defined on A = {a, b, c, d} given by the following multiplication table.

*	а	b	С	d
а	С	d	а	b
b	d	а	b	С
С	а	b	С	d
d	b	С	d	а

Find: i) (a \* b) \* (b \* c), (a \* b) \* d

- ii) Is \* commutative ?
- iii) Identity element w.r.t. \*
- iv) Inverse of every element w.r.t. \*
- B) Attempt any one of the following:

10

- 1) Prove that  $p \land (q \lor r) \equiv (p \land q) \lor (p \land r)$ Also test the validity of following argument by using truth table  $p \rightarrow \neg q, \neg r \rightarrow p, p \vdash r$
- 2) Define equivalence relation and let  $\sim$  be an equivalence relation on set A. Let a, b  $\in$  A then prove that b  $\in$  [a] if and only if [a] = [b].



form?

#### SECTION-II

#### (Operations Research)

1.	Ch	noose correct alterna	ative :				5
	1)	In Balanced A.P. N	o. of jobs is		to No. of facilit	ies.	
		a) not equal	b) less	c)	greater	d) equal	
	2) In MODI method if all dij $\geq 0$ then at that stage the solution is						
		a) optimum		b)	unbalanced		
		c) alternate optimu	m	d)	none of these		
	3)	The objective of the	T.P. is to			transportation cost.	
		a) maximize	<b>6</b>	,	minimize		
		c) maximize upto i	-	•			
	4)	The coefficient of sis	urplus variable in t	he	objective function	on of maximize type	
		a) + M	b) -M	c)	zero	d) one	
	5)	If feasible region d	_	apl	nical method of	LPP then LPP has	
		a) unique	b) many	c)	unbounded	d) no	
2.	At	tempt <b>any five</b> from	the following :				10
	1)	Define unbalanced T.P.					
	2)	Define decision variable.					
	3)	Write the standard	form of given LPP				
		Max $Z = 5x_1 + 3x_2$					
		Subject to					
		$x_1 - 3x_2 \le$	2				
		$-x_1 + x_2 \le$	1				
		with $x_1, x_2 \ge$	0				
	4)	Write tabular for 4 warehouses.	m of transportat	tior	n problem witl	n 3 factories and	
	5)	Define slack variab	le.				
	6)	Write the names of	method to find IBF	S	of the transporta	tion problem.	

7) What is the form of objective function in the LPP of canonical form and standard



3. A) Attempt any two from the following:

10

1) Solve the following assignment problem for minimum cost

2) Write the dual of following LPP

Max 
$$Z = 5x_1 + 12x_2 + 4x_3$$
  
Subject to

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 \le 10$$

$$2x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 \le 8$$

$$3x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 \le 5$$

$$4x_1 - 3x_3 \le 6$$

with 
$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$$

- 3) Define unbalanced TP and write note on degeneracy in TP.
- B) Attempt any one from the following:

10

1) Find IBFS by VAM method and optimal solution by MODI method

	I	II	Ш	IV	a <sub>i</sub>
Α	15	10	17	18	2
В	16	13	12	13	6
С	12	17	20	11	7
b <sub>j</sub>	3	3	4	5	15

2) Solve the following assignment problem to maximize the cost by using Hungerian method

Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (E.C.S.) (Part – I) (Semester – II) (New) Examination, 2015 STATISTICS (Paper – V) (CGPA Pattern)

#### Descriptive Statistics and Probability Theory - II

Day and Date: Tuesday, 28-4-2015 Max. Marks: 70

Time: 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.

d) none of these

1.

N.B.: i) Use separate answer book for Section – I and Section – II.

- ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- iii) Use of any type of calculator is allowed.

	SECTION-I							
	(Descriptive Statistics)							
Sel	ect most correct a	Iternative :			5			
i)	If $u = x + 4$ , $v = y + 4$	– 4, then						
	a) rxy = ruv	b) rxy > ruv	c) rxy < ruv	d) none of these				
ii)	If bxy = $-\frac{4}{5}$ , by	$xx = -\frac{1}{5}$ , then rx	y =					
	a) $-\frac{2}{5}$	b) $\frac{2}{5}$	c) $\frac{4}{25}$	d) none of these				
iii)	<ul><li>a) earthquakes</li><li>b) weekly bazzar</li></ul>			seasonal variation.				
iv)	<ul> <li>iv) In multiple regression, the value of dependent variable depends upon</li> <li>a) one independent variable</li> <li>b) more than one independent variables</li> <li>c) more than one dependent variables</li> </ul>							



- v) \_\_\_\_\_is not a problem in construction of index number.
  - a) selection of base period
- b) selection of weights
- c) selection of current period
- d) selection of commodities
- 2. Answer any five of the following:

- i) Define Positive correlation.
- ii) Define Time series.
- iii) State components of time series.
- iv) Given : D = 10,  $\sum (X \overline{X}) (Y \overline{Y}) = -45$ ,  $\sigma_x = 7$ ,  $\sigma_y = 9$ . Find rxy.
- v) The equation of line of regression Y on X is 4X 5Y + 25 = 0. Find byx.
- vi) Given :  $\sum p_0 q_0 = 125$ ,  $\sum p_1 q_1 = 230$ ,  $\sum p_1 q_0 = 150$ . Find suitable price index number.
- vii) If  $r_{12} = 0.4$ ,  $r_{13} = 0.36$ .  $r_{23} = 0.51$ . Find  $r_{12.3}$ .
- 3. A) Attempt any two of the following:

10

- i) Explain-secular trend.
- ii) Write short note on multiple correlation.
- iii) Find Price Index No. by
  - a) simple aggregate method.
  - b) simple average of relatives method.

Commodity: A B C D

**Price in base year :** 42 55 15 18

Price in current year: 40 60 20 21

B) Attempt any one of the following:

10

- i) Explain scatter diagram method of studying correlation.
- ii) Fit second degree curve  $Y = a + bX + cX^2$  to the following data and hence obtain trend value for year 2016.

Year :	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Value :	4	20	125	540	1010

#### SECTION - II

#### (Probability Theory – II)

1	Select	most	correct	altern	ative	
	SCIECI	HIOSE	COLLECT	allell	auve	

5

- i) If  $X \rightarrow U$  (a, b). Then variance of X is \_\_\_\_\_

  - a)  $\frac{(b-a)}{2}$  b)  $\frac{a+b}{2}$  c)  $\frac{(b-a)}{12}$
- d) none of these
- ii) A r.v.X has exponential distribution with mean 5. Hence variance of the distribution is
  - a) 20
- b) 25
- c) 5
- d)  $\sqrt{5}$
- iii) For testing  $H_0$ :  $P = P_0$ , the test statistic is

a) 
$$Z = \frac{P - P_0}{\sqrt{\frac{P_0 Q_0}{n}}}$$
 b)  $Z = \frac{X - nP}{\sqrt{npq}}$  c)  $Z = \frac{\overline{X} - \mu_0}{\sqrt[6]{n}}$  d) None of these

- iv) Normal distribution is symmetric about
  - a) A.M
- b) Median
- c) Mode
- d) All of these
- v) A Continuous r.v.X has pdf f (X) K  $(X-1)^2$ :  $1 \le X \le 3$ . Then K = \_\_\_\_\_\_
  - a)  $\frac{3}{7}$
- b)  $\frac{7}{2}$
- c) 3
- d) none of these

2. Answer any five of the following:

10

- i) Define marginal pmf of r.v.X and y if (X, y) is two diamensional discrete r.v.
- ii) Define level of significance.
- iii) Define variance of continuous r.v.
- iv) If  $X \to U$  (0, 10), then find P ( $X \le 3$ ).
- v) Let X  $\to$  N ( $\mu = 3$ ;  $\sigma^2 = 4$ ) and P (Z > 1) = 0.15866. Calculate P (X > 5).
- vi) Define joint pmf.
- vii) Define test statistic for testing equality of two population proportion.



#### 3. A) Answer any two:

10

- i) A r.v. X has normal distribution with mean 5 and S.D.4. Calculate P (13 < X<17). [Given P (Z > 1) = 0.1587 where Z is S.N.V.].
- ii) Define statistical hypothesis and one sided test.
- iii) The time until next earthquake occurs in a particular region has exponential distribution with mean  $\frac{1}{2}$  per year. Find the probability that the next earthquake occurs within two years.

#### B) Answer any one:

10

- i) Define continuous uniform distribution. Find its mean; variance and distribution function.
- ii) An unbiased coin is tossed 400 times. Using normal approximation find probability of getting \_\_\_\_\_
  - a) Number of heads between 180 and 215.
  - b) Number of heads less than 185.

[Given P (Z > 2) = 0.02275 and P (Z > 1.5) = 0.066087].

\_\_\_\_\_

**SLR-O - 19** 

Seat	
No.	

• • • • •	· II) (Old) Examination, 2015 ENTALS – II (Paper – I)
Day and Date: Monday, 20-4-2015	Max. Marks : 50
Time: 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.	
•	e <b>compulsory</b> . carries <b>equal</b> marks. place indicate <b>full</b> marks.
1. Choose correct alternatives :	10
1) Windows operating system provide	
a) Graphical user interface	b) Command line interface
c) Text line interface	d) None of these
<ol><li>The small graphic or symbol that rep is</li></ol>	resents a program file, folder or devices
a) Icons	b) Desktop
c) Monitor	d) Pointer
3) The extension of MS-Excel File is	
a) .xel	b) .cel
c) .XIS	d) None of these
4) To open a new text file	short cut key is used.
a) ctrl+Z b) ctrl+N	c) ctrl+O d) ctrl+V
5) Time slice is used in sy	/stem.
a) multiprogramming	b) multiprocessing
c) multitasking	d) time sharing



	6)	LAN communication speed ranges from					
		a) 100 mbps to 200 mbps	b) 10 mbps to 20	mbps			
		c) 10 mbps to 100 mbps	d) 10 mbps to 100	00 mbps			
	7)	key should be pressed to start a new paragraph in MS-Word.					
		a) Down cursor	b) Enter key				
		c) Shift + Enter	d) Shift + ctrl				
	8)	HREF stands for					
		a) Hyper text reference	b) Hyper text mark	kup language			
		c) Hyper reference	d) All of the above	<del>)</del>			
	9)	tag is used to get the table	data in individual c	ell.			
		a) <tr> b) <td></td></tr>		c) <th></th> <th>d) <hr/></th> <th></th>		d) <hr/>	
	10)	Which of the following is use to mana	ge basic system se	tting and controls?			
		a) control panel	b) accessories				
		c) windows explorer	d) printer manage	r			
2.	Wri	te answer of the following questions (	any five) :		10		
	i)	What do you mean operating system	?				
	ii)	What is process?					
	iii)	Note on Taskbar.					
	iv)	Explain <a> tag with example.</a>					
	v)	Explain the term E-mail.					
	vi)	Explain <frame/> tag with example.					
3.	A)	Write answer of the following questions (any two):					
		a) What is editor? List the different types of editors.					
		b) Write short note on "Multitasking".					
		c) What is windows modulus? Expla	ain printer manager				
	B)	Define internet. Explain uses and ben	efits of internet.		4		

4. Write answer of the following question (any two):

10

- a) Define networking. Explain different types of networking.
- b) Explain the process of mail merge.
- c) Explain the different features of windows operating system.
- 5. Write the answer of the following questions (any two):

10

- a) What is word processors? Write the features of MS-Word.
- b) Explain the tag with example.
- c) What is Javascript? Explain advantages and disadvantages of Javascript.

Seat	
No.	

# B.Sc. (ECS) – I (Semester – I) Examination, 2015 Paper – II (CGPA Pattern) COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS AND PROGRAMMING USING C – I

Day and Date: Monday, 6-4-2015	Max. Marks: 70
Time: 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.	

**N.B.**: 1) **All** questions are **compulsory**.

- 2) Figures to the right place indicate full marks.
- 3) Answer of **two** Sections should be written in **separate** answer sheet.

## SECTION - I

### (Computer Fundamentals)

1.	Μι	ıltiple choice ques	tions.			5
	i)		are often used in ir	formation Kiosks.		
		a) Trackball	b) Mouse	c) Touch Screen	d) Joystick	
	ii)	IBM 360/370 is re	presentative syste	em of ger	eration.	
		a) First	b) Second	c) Third	d) Fourth	
i	ii)	Dot matrix printer	is	type of printer.		
		a) Impact		b) Non-impact		
		c) Pointing		d) None of these		
i	v)	EBCDIC is an	code.			
		a) 6-bit code	b) 7-bit code	c) 8-bit code	d) None	
,	v)	com	nmand is used to o	pen the file in a DOS.		
		a) Open	b) Type	c) Start	d) New	
2	An	swer <b>any five</b> of tl	he following.			10
	i)	Difference between	en internal and ext	ernal commands.		
	ii)	Is DOS multiuser	operating system	? Comment on it.		
i	ii)	Advantages and	disadvantages of a	ssembly languages.		
						P.T.O.

iv)	Difference between inte	rpreter and co	ompiler.		
v)	Explain expansion slots				
vi)	Give long form of:				
	a) SMPS	b) OMR			
vii)	What is software? Give	the list of so	ftware.		
3. A)	Write short notes on <b>any</b> i) Explain classification ii) Explain secondary st iii) What is DOS ? Explain	n of computer torage device	S.		10
B)	Answer any one of the f		•		10
,	i) Explain the following				
	a) Bar-code reader				
	b) MICR				
	c) SMPS				
	d) EPROM				
	e) ASCII				
	ii) Explain evolution of o	computer.			
	(	SECTION SECTIO	_		
1. M	ultiple Choice Questions.				5
i)	Which of the following is	s not a relation	nal operator ?		
,	a) ! b) !=		C) >=	d) <	
ii)	is a pictorial	representation	on of an algorithm.		
	a) Program	ŀ	o) Flowchart		
	c) Both a) and b)	(	d) None		
iii)	Void main ( )				
	{				
	int $i = 5$ ;				
	print f("%d\t%d",i,sizeo	f(i));			
	}				
	What is the output?	_			
	a) 5, 1 b) 5,	2 (	c) 5, 3	d) 5, 4	



	iv)	Multiway selection is possible through	gh statement.	
		a) conditional	b) sequential	
		c) compound	d) switch	
	v)	The address of individual array elen	nents are called as indexes.	
		a) True	b) False	
2.	An	swer <b>any five</b> of the following.		10
	i)	Define program and programming la	nguage.	
	ii)	Give the list of datatypes used in 'C'	language.	
	iii)	Is 'C' is case-sensitive language?	Comment on it.	
	iv)	What is the difference between entry	y-controlled and exit-controlled loop?	
	v)	Explain History of 'C' language in br	ief.	
	vi)	Why array is used in 'C' language?		
	v)	How symbolic constant is defined?		
3.	A)	Write short notes on any two of the	following.	10
		i) Explain program development lif	e cycle.	
		ii) Explain structure of 'C' program	in detail.	
		iii) Write a program to print first 'N' ı	numbers of Fibonacci series.	
	B)	Answer any one of the following.		10
		i) What is string? Explain any five	inbuilt string functions with example.	
		ii) Write a program to find out strong	g number between 1 to 1000.	

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Seat	
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#### B.Sc. (ECS) (Part – I) (Semester – II) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE (Old) Programming Using 'C' – II (Paper – II)

Day and Date: Tuesday, 21-4-2015 Total Marks: 50

Time: 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

**Instructions**: 1) **All** questions are **compulsory**.

2) Figures to the **right place** indicate **full** marks.

1. Multiple choice questions:

10

1) What will be the output of following code?

```
void main ()
{
     struct employee
     {
           int id 8;
           int sex 1;
           int age 7;
     };
     struct employee emp1 = \{203, 1, 23\};
     clrscr ();
     printf ("%d\t%d\t%d", emp1. id, emp1. sex, emp1. age);
     getch ();
}
a) 817
                      b) 203 1 23 c) 1 8 7
                                                         d) None
```



2)	Can you combine the char *p;	following two sta	tem	ents into one?	
	p = (char*) malloc (10 a) char p = *malloc (10 c) char *p = (char*) n	100);	,	• `	r) malloc (100); r*) (malloc*) (100);
3)	The keyword used to function is a) switch	transfer control fr			_
4)	What is the default va a) 0	, •	,	Garbage	,
5)	What is the purpose of	of "rb" in fopen () f	unc	ction used belov	v in the code ?
	FILE *fp;				
6)	fp = fopen ("source.tx" a) open "source.txt" b) open "source.txt" c) create a new file "s d) None of above How will you free the a a) remove (var-name	in binary mode of in binary mode of source. txt" for rea	rea adir	ading and writin	
	c) delete (var-name)	)	d)	dalloc (var-nar	,
7)	Does the datatype of a) True	all elements in the b) False	e ur	nion will be sam	e.
8)	Which function be use a) fputc ()	ed to write entire b) fputs ()		cture in binary fwrite ()	file ? d) fprintf ()
9)	What does the following	ng declaration me	an	?	
	int (*ptr) [10]; a) ptr is array of poin b) ptr is pointer to an c) ptr is array of 10 ir d) ptr is pointer to arr	array of pointers ntegers		10 integers	
10)	What is used to access a) []	ss individual elem b) ()		of an array?	d) ->



Answer any five of the following:	10
i) What is the difference between formal and actual parameter?	
ii) Give the syntax of union difinition and declaration.	
iii) Why size of is used? Give one example.	
iv) What is difference between & operator and * operator?	
v) How pointer is declared and initialize?	
vi) Give the syntax of scanf () and putchar ().	
A) Write short notes on <b>any two</b> of the following:	6
i) What is difference between array and structure?	
ii) Explain chain of pointers.	
iii) What is function? Give the syntax of function declaration and definition	on .
B) What is the difference between malloc () and calloc ()?	4
Write short notes on <b>any two</b> of the following:	10
i) Write a program to illustrate the concept of pointer to structure.	
ii) Explain storage classes in detail.	
iii) Explain self referential structure with example.	
Write short notes on <b>any two</b> of the following:	10
i) How structure is differ from union? Explain it with example.	
ii) Write a program to calculate largest among three numbers using function returning value.	1
iii) Explain the nested function with example.	
<del></del>	
	<ul> <li>ii) Give the syntax of union difinition and declaration.</li> <li>iii) Why size of is used? Give one example.</li> <li>iv) What is difference between &amp; operator and * operator?</li> <li>v) How pointer is declared and initialize?</li> <li>vi) Give the syntax of scanf () and putchar ().</li> <li>A) Write short notes on any two of the following: <ul> <li>i) What is difference between array and structure?</li> <li>ii) Explain chain of pointers.</li> <li>iii) What is function? Give the syntax of function declaration and definition.</li> </ul> </li> <li>B) What is the difference between malloc () and calloc ()?</li> <li>Write short notes on any two of the following: <ul> <li>i) Write a program to illustrate the concept of pointer to structure.</li> <li>ii) Explain storage classes in detail.</li> <li>iii) Explain self referential structure with example.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Write short notes on any two of the following: <ul> <li>i) How structure is differ from union? Explain it with example.</li> <li>ii) Write a program to calculate largest among three numbers using function</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Seat	
No.	

	` , ,	, ,	ECTRONICS – II	•
-	Date : Wednesday I.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.			Max. Marks : 50
	•	<b>All</b> questions are Figures to the <b>rig</b>	<b>compulsory</b> . <b>ht</b> place indicate <b>f</b> u	<b>ıll</b> marks.
1. Choo	ose correct alterna	tives :		10
1) I	In MMVT (using 55	5), the time consta	ant is	
;	a) 1.6 RC	b) 1.1 RC	c) 0.69 RC	d) 1.36 RC
2) I	In class B amplifier	the operating poir	nt Q lies on the	region.
;	a) Cut-off	b) Active	c) Saturation	d) None of these
3) 、	JFET is a	device.		
;	a) Unipolar	b) Bipolar	c) Unpolar	d) None of these
4) -	The feedback ratio	in an AMVT is		
;	a) Unity	b) Zero	c) High	d) None of these
5) -	The Frequency res	ponse of the TC ar	mplifier is	
;	a) Poor	b) Good	c) High	d) None of these
6) /	An ideal amplifier h	nas β is	_	
;	a) 0	b) 1	c) 3	d) 4
7) -	The input resistanc	e of MOSFET is _		
;	a) Low	b) Very High	c) High	d) Zero

**SLR-0 - 21** 8) Hartely oscillator uses \_\_\_\_\_ Feedback. a) Resistive b) Capacitive c) Inductive d) None of these 9) To amplify signal below 10 Hz \_\_\_\_\_ amplifier are used. a) CE b) DC c) TC d) None of these 10) The theoretical maximum efficiency for Class A amplifier is \_\_\_\_\_\_ a) 40% b) 50% c) 60% d) 70% 2. Attempt any five of the following: 10 1) Explain virtual ground concept. 2) Give the application of amplifier. 3) State different type of amplifier according to modes of operation. 4) Draw circuit symbol for N and P channel JFET. 5) Draw the circuit diagram for TC amplifier. 6) Explain Input terminals of Op Amp. 3. A) Attempt any two of the following: 6 1) State different parameters of ideal Op Amp. 2) Write a note on crystal oscillator. 3) Explain operation of MOSFET in brief. B) Explain frequency response curve in CE amplifier. 4 4. Attempt any two of the following: 10 1) Explain feedback concept of oscillator. 2) Explain working of AMVT using IC 555. 3) Explain characteristics of JFET. 10 5. Attempt **any two** of the following: 1) Explain different types of amplifier according to frequency range. 2) Write a note on Phase shift oscillator. 3) Explain Op Amp as Adder and Subtractor.



Seat	
No.	

	•	AL ELECTRONIC	,	•	
Day ar	nd Date : Thursda	y, 23-4-2015		Max. Marks:	50
Time :	11.00 a.m. to 1.0	00 p.m.			
Inst	ii) <b>AII</b>	questions are <b>comp</b> questions carry <b>equ</b> aw neat diagram <b>who</b>	<b>ıal</b> marks.		
1. Cł	noose the correct	alternatives.			10
1)	With the JK Mas	ster Flip Flop the ma	ster is clocked wh	nen the clock is	
	a) low		b) high		
	c) either low or	high	d) constant		
2)	conver	ter has a binary inpu	ıt.		
	a) A/D	b) D/A	c) Both	d) None	
3)	is a te	emporary memory.			
	a) RAM	b) ROM	c) Both	d) None	
4)	IC 7495 is a	IC.			
		b) Shift Register	c) Converter	d) None	
5)	For Mod – 10 co	unterF/Fs	are used.		
	a) 2	b) 3	c) 4	d) 5	
6)	In case R – 2R o	converter the	register values are used.		
	a) 1	b) 2	c) 3	d) 4	
7)	The basic memo	ory of dynamic RAM	consists of		
	a) A capacitor		b) Transistor		
	c) Flip Flop		d) A transistor a	acting as a capacitor	
8)	IC 7490 has a _	pin IC.			
	a) 14	b) 16	c) 18	d) 20	

SL	R-C	) – 22				
	9)	For two bit Flash a	ADC b) 3	_ capacitors are u c) 4	sed. d) 5	
	10)	PROM are used to a) Bulk information b) Sequential information to d) Relatively permanents.	on ormation be accessed ra	•		
2.		empt <b>any five</b> of the Explain PIPO Shi	_			10
	2)	Give classification	n of memory.			
	3)	Explain working o	of D Flip Flop.			
	4)	Explain paramete	ers of DAC.			
	5)	Explain character	ristics of memo	ory.		
	6)	Explain application	ons of ADC.			
3.	A)	Attempt <b>any two</b> 1) Explain Binary 2) Explain modul 3) Write a note or	Weighted ladous 10 counter.			6
	B)	Write a note on ri	ng counter.			4
4.	Att	empt <b>any two</b> of t	he following.			10
	1)	Explain tracking t	ype ADC.			
	2)	Define counter. E	xplain three bit	combined asyncl	hronous coun	ter.
	3)	Write a note on di	ode matrix RO	M.		
5.	Att	empt <b>any two</b> of tl	he following.			10
	1)	Explain RS Flip F	lop by using No	OR gate.		
	2)	Explain Single Slo	ppe ADC.			
	3)	Explain working p	orinciple of stati	ic memory using	MOS.	

Seat	
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### B.Sc. (ECS) – I (Semester – II) (Old) Examination, 2015 MATHEMATICS (Paper – V) Algebra

		Alge	ebra		
Day ar	nd Date : Friday, 24	4-4-2015		Max. Marks	: 50
Time:	11.00 a.m. to 1.00	) p.m.			
In	2) F	All questions are cor igures to the right i Ise of scientific cald	indicate <b>full</b> marks.		
1. Ch	noose the correct a	alternative :			10
1)	In the principle of	f mathematical indu	iction P(k) is true fo	r all k≥1 is called	
	a) basis of induc	tion	b) induction hypothesis		
	c) mathematical	induction	d) induction princi	ple	
2)	A relation R on th	ne set A is	if (a, b)∈R⇒(b, a	a)∈R.	
	a) symmetric	b) transitive	c) reflexive	d) antisymmetric	
3)	If xRy and yRz =	⇒ xRz then the relat	ion R is called	relation.	
	a) symmetric	b) transitive	c) reflexive	d) antisymmetric	
4)	If $f(x) = x(x-2)$ (	(x-4) then $f(4) =$			
	a) 7	b) 20	c) 0	d) 15	
5)	A function f is inv	vertible iff f is			
	a) only-one-one	е	b) only onto		
	c) one-one or on	to	d) one-one and on	nto	
6)	The imaginary pa	art of the complex n	umber (1 + i) (1 - i)	is	
	a) i	b) - i	c) 0	d) 1	



7	) If $Z = 0$	(-1-i)	) (2 +	i) then	Z  =
- /	, — ,		, (- :	.,	

- a)  $\sqrt{3}$
- b) √10
- c)  $\sqrt{2}$
- d)  $\sqrt{-1}$

#### 8) Disjunction of the statements p and q is false if both the statements are

- a) true
- b) false
- c) true and false
- d) true or false

#### 9) If $H_1$ , $H_2$ , $H_3 \vdash 9$ then the statement 9 is known as

- a) hypothesis
- b) conclusion
- c) argument
- d) none of these

10) If there exists an element 
$$e \in A$$
 such that  $a * e = e * a = a$ ,  $\forall a \in A$  then e is called \_\_\_\_\_ element.

- a) inverse
- b) identity
- c) binary
- d) none of these

#### 2. Attempt any five from the following.

10

- 1) State the first principle of mathematical induction.
- 2) Define equivalence relation.
- 3) Define injective and surjective function.
- 4) If  $Z=1+\sqrt{3}i$  then find the modulus and argument of Z
- 5) Prepare the truth table for  $(p \land q) \rightarrow (p \lor q)$ .
- 6) If \* is a binary operation on Z defined by a\*b=a-b for all  $a, b \in Z$  then verify that whether \* is associative or not.

#### 3. A) Attempt any two from the following.

6

- 1) Define void relation, reflexive relation and antisymmetric relation.
- 2) If p and q are true statements, r and s are false statements then find the truth value of the statement,

$$[(q \lor p) \to (\sim p \land q)] \to [(r \to \sim s) \land (q \to p)].$$

- 3) If \* is a binary operation defined on Z by a\*b=a+b+5;  $a, b \in Z$ . Determine whether \* is commutative, associative or not.
- B) If ~ is an equivalence relation on a set A then show that any two equivalence classes are either disjoint or identical.



4. Attempt any two from the following.

10

- 1) By mathematical induction, prove that  $8^{(n+1)}-7n+41$  is divisible by 49, for all  $n \ge 1$ .
- 2) Let A = {a, b, c} and R = {(a, a), (a, b), (b, c), (a, c), (c, a), (c, b)} be a relation on A. Find the transitive closure of R by using Warshall's algorithm.
- 3) If  $f: A \to B$  and  $g: B \to C$  are any two bijective functions then show that  $(g \circ f)$  is bijective function.
- 5. Attempt any two from the following.

10

- 1) Find Re (Z) and Im (Z) where  $Z = \left(\frac{2+i}{3-2i}\right)^2$
- 2) Test the validity of the following argument by using truth table  $p \to q, q \to r \models p \to r \ .$
- 3) If \* is a binary operation defined on A = {p, q, r, s, t} given by following multiplicative table.

Then find

- i) [(p\*q)\*(s\*t)]\*r
- ii) Find the identify element, if it exists
- iii) Inverse of each elements of A.



Seat	
No.	

# B.Sc. (ECS) – I (Semester – II) (Old) Examination, 2015 MATHEMATICS (Paper – VI) Operations Research

		Operation	is nescaren		
•	nd Date : Saturday 11.00 a.m. to 1.0	•		Max. Marks :	: 50
In	2) <b>U</b>	<b>III</b> questions are <b>co</b> <b>Ise</b> of calculator is igures to the <b>right</b>	-		
1. Cł	noose the correct	alternative.			10
1)	The coefficient of type is		in the objective functi	on of maximisation	
	a) - M	b) ⊥	c) O	d) + M	
2)		•	o number of facilities t assignment problem.	hen the assignment	
	a) balanced	b) unbalanced	c) restricted	d) bounded	
3)	The objective fur	nction of the L.P.P	. in canonical form is o	oftype.	
	a) maximise		b) minimise		
	c) maximise and	d minimise	d) maximise or min	imise	
4)	In the optimality solution under te		all dij≥0 with atlest of	one dij = 0 then the	
	a) optimal soluti	on	b) alternate optimal	solution	
	c) best solution		d) not optimal soluti	on	
5)			aints and 3 variables t		
	a) 3, 3	b) 4, 4	c) 3, 4	d) 4, 3	



	6)	The objective of T.P. is to		the total transporta	ation cost.	
		a) maximise b) optimise	c)	minimise	d) stabilize	
	7)	If the number of occupied cells is eq is where 'm' is number of	•			
		a) degenerate	b)	non-degenerate		
		c) optimum	d)	none of these		
	8)	The graphical method of solving LPP in the objective function are			number of variables	
		a) 0 b) 1	c)	3	d) 2	
	9)	Hungerian method is the method of	solv	ving		
		a) Assignment Problem	b)	Transportation Pr	oblem	
		c) Linear Programming Problem	d)	Dual Problem		
	10)	method is used to f problem.	find	optimum solution	of a transportation	
		a) Least Cost	b)	Vogel's Approxim	ation	
		c) North-West Corner	d)	Modified Distribut	tion	
2.	Att	empt any five of the following.				10
	1)	Define slack variable.				
	2)	Define unbalanced T.P.				
	3)	Define balanced A.P.				
	4)	Write the formula for index number opportunity cost (dij) for the un-occi		•	and the formula for	
	5)	Define non-degenerate solution of a	t T.I	ο.		
	6)	Write the names of the methods to	solv	ve L.P.P.		
3.	A)	Attempt any two of the following.				6
		1) Explain, how an assignment pro	ble	m of maximisation	type is solved.	
		2) Define standard form of L.P.P.				
		3) Write the difference between A.	P. 8	and T.P.		
	B)	Define canonical form of a L.P.P. G	ive	any one example.		4

4. Attempt any two of the following.

- 10
- 1) Solve the following A.P. to minimise the total assignment cost.

2) Solve the following L.P.P. by using graphical method.

Minimise 
$$Z = 4x + 2y$$
 subject to

$$4x + y \ge 20$$
;

$$2x + y \ge 14$$
;

$$x + 6y \ge 18$$
;

$$x, y \geq 0.$$

3) Find the optimum solution of following T.P. by using MODI method.

	W	1	W	2	W	3	W	4	Capacity
F <sub>1</sub>		6	)	5		8	)	5	30
1			(10)				20		
F <sub>2</sub>		5		11		9		7	40
2	(35)						(5		
		8		9		7		13	50
F <sub>3</sub>			18		32				30
Demand	35		28		32		2	5	



- 5. Attempt any two of the following.
  - 1) Find IBFS of the following T.P. by using Vogel's Approximation method.

	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	a <sub>i</sub>
<b>O</b> ,	23	27	16	18	30
O <sub>2</sub>	12	17	20	51	40
<b>O</b> <sub>3</sub>	22	28	25	41	53
b <sub>j</sub>	22	35	25	41	123

2) Solve the following A.P. to maximise the total assignment cost.

3) Solve the following L.P.P. by using simplex method.

Maximise 
$$Z = 40 x + 35 y$$

Subject to

$$2x + 3y \le 60$$
;

$$4x + 3y \le 96$$
;

$$x \ , \ y \ \geq \ 0.$$

\_\_\_\_\_

**SLR-O - 25** 

Seat	
No.	

	ST	ATISTICS	examination, 2015	
De	escriptive Stat	tistics – II (Paper	' – VII)	
Day and Date : Monday	, 27-4-2015		Max. Ma	rks : 50
Time: 11.00 a.m. to 1.0	00 p.m.			
Instructions	<ul><li>2) All question</li><li>3) Use of any</li><li>4) Figures to r</li></ul>	s are <b>compulsory</b> . as carry <b>equal</b> mark type of calculator is <b>ight</b> indicate <b>full</b> ma er will be <b>supplied</b> or	<b>allowed.</b> arks.	
Choose most corre	ect alternative :			10
1) If the variables	X and Y are inde	pendent, then corre	lation between them	is
a) Zero		b) 1		
c) -1		d) None of th	ese	
2) Scatter diagran	n method of stud	ying correlation betv	veen two variables gi	ve
a) only magnit	ude of correlation	า		
b) Only directi	on of correlation			
c) (a) and (b) t				
d) None of the	se			
3) Let $Y = 4X + 3$	be the line of reg	ression of X on Y th	en bxy =	
a) 4	b) -4	c) $-\frac{1}{4}$	d) $\frac{1}{4}$	
4) If the regression between X and	-	= regression coeffici	ent bxy, then correlat	ion
a) +ve only		b) -ve only		
c) Perfect only	/	d) None of th	ese	



5)	Multiple correlation always lies between				
٠,	a) 0 and 1	b) -1 and 1			
		•			
	c) -1 and 0	d) None of these			
6)	According to Yule's notation b <sub>12.3</sub>	is partial regression coefficient in which			
	a) X <sub>1</sub> is dependent variable	b) $X_2$ is dependent variable			
	c) X <sub>3</sub> is dependent variable	d) None of these			
7)	The time series data is arranged				
	a) Geographically	b) Qualitatively			
	c) Quantitatively	d) Chronologically			
8)	The periodic variation in the time syear is known as	series data, whose period is less than one			
	a) Secular trend	b) Seasonal variation			
	c) Cyclical variation	d) None of these			
9)	Price Index No. of a certain group	of commodities is 135, it means that,			
	a) Price increased by 35%				
	b) Price increased by Rs. 35				
	c) Price decreased by 35%				
	d) Price decreased by Rs. 35				
10)	Fisher's Index No. is of type which	n is obtained by			
	a) Simple aggregate method				
	b) Simple average of relative met	thod			
	c) Weighted aggregate method				
	d) Weighted average of relative n	nethod			

#### 2. Attempt any five:

10

- 1) Define correlation
- 2) If correlation coefficient between X and Y is 0.8, find correlation coefficient between
  - i) X 25 & Y + 30

ii) 
$$\frac{(X-10)}{13}$$
 &  $\frac{(11-Y)}{14}$ 

- 3) Given : n = 8,  $\overline{X} = 4$ ,  $\overline{Y} = 3$ , bxy = -0.3, byx = -0.27, estimate Y when X = 6.
- 4) If  $r_{12} = 0.7$ ,  $r_{23} = r_{13} = 0.6$ , then find  $r_{23.1}$ .
- 5) State demerits of moving average method.
- 6) If  $\sum p_0 q_1 = 1790$ ,  $\sum p_0 q_0 = 1660$ ,  $\sum p_1 q_0 = 2070$ , then find Laspeyre's price index number.

#### 3. A) Attempt any two:

6

- 1) Explain the term cause and effect relationship with illustration.
- 2) Find price index number by simple aggregate method.

Price in Current Year : 10 25 27 12

Price in Base Year : 9 20 30 10

- 3) The equations of lines of regression are 2Y X = 22 and 4X Y = 24. Find correlation coefficient between X and Y.
- B) If  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$ ,  $X_3$  are 3 variables measured from their respective means, obtain equation of plane of regression of  $X_1$  on  $X_2$  and  $X_3$  from the following information.

4

$$\sigma_1 = 2.4$$
  $\sigma_2 = 2.7$   $\sigma_3 = 2.7$ 

$$r_{12} = 0.28$$
  $r_{13} = 0.49$   $r_{23} = 0.5$ 



4. Attempt any two:

10

1) Explain how to select base year in construction of index number.

2) Find 3-yearly moving averages for the following data:

**Year:** 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

**Sale:** 10 12 16 18 24 30 25 35

3) Find Fisher's price index number from the following data:

	Price		Qty	
Commodity	1985	1986	1985	1986
Α	6	10	50	56
В	2	2	100	120
С	4	6	60	60

5. Attempt any two:

10

1) Find Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation between X and Y.

**X**: 5 6 7 8 10

Y: 4 7 8 6 9

2) Write a note on seasonal variation.

3) Explain the concept of multiple correlation and state formula for  $R_{1.23}$ .

**SLR-0 – 26** 

Seat No.

> B.Sc. (E.C.S.) (Part – I) (Semester – II) Examination, 2015 Paper – VIII: PROBABILITY THEORY – II (Old)

Day and Date: Tuesday, 28-4-2015

Time: 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

**Instructions:** 1) **All** questions carry **equal** marks.

- 2) Use of any type of calculator is allowed.
- 3) Figures to the **right** indicates **full** marks.
- Choose most correct alternative.

10

Max. Marks: 50

- 1) The function P(x, y) is said to be joint p.m.f. of bivariate discrete r.v. (X, Y) if
  - a)  $P(x, y) \ge 0$  for all x and y b)  $\sum_{x} \sum_{y} P(x, y) = 1$
  - c) a) and b) both
- d) none of these
- 2) Two random variables X and Y are said to be independent, if
  - a) P(x.y) = P(x).P(y), for all x and y
  - b) E(X.Y) = E(X).E(Y)
  - c) P(x/y) = P(x), for all x and y
  - d) all of these
- 3) If the joint p.m.f. of (X, Y) is  $P(x, y) = \begin{cases} (xy)/9, & \text{if } x = 1, 2 \text{ and } y = 1, 2 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ Then P(Y = 3) is

a) 1/3

b) 1

c) zero

- d) none of these
- 4) If X is continuous r.v. with p.d.f. f(x), then
  - a) P(X = K) = 0, where K is any constant
  - b)  $P(X < 5) = P(X \le 5)$
  - c) a) and b) both
  - d) none of these

2.



5)	) If X is a continuous r.v. with $E(X) = 4 EX^2 = 25$ , then variance of X is						
	a) 21	b) 3					
	c) 9	d) none of these					
6)	If $F(x)$ is c.d.f. of continuous r.v.	X, then which one of the following statement					
	is true						
	a) F(x) is step function	b) F(x) is decreasing function					
	c) $P(a \le X \le b) = F(b) - F(a)$	d) None of these					
7)	If a. r. v. X has exponential distr	ribution with mean 4, then variance of X is					
	a) 4	b) 16					
	c) 1/4	d) none of these					
8)	If $X \rightarrow N$ (9, 36), then						
	a) Mean = 9	b) Median = 9					
	c) Mode = 9	d) All of these					
9) If calculated value of test statistic is lies in critical region, then							
	a) H <sub>0</sub> is rejected	b) H <sub>0</sub> is accepted					
	c) H <sub>1</sub> is rejected	d) None of these					
10)	If $H_0$ : $\mu$ = 50 against $H_1$ : $\mu$ $\neq$	50, then it is					
	a) One tailed test	b) Right tailed test					
	c) Left tailed test	d) Two tailed test					
Att	tempt <b>any five</b> :		10				
1)	Define – two dimensional discr	rete r.v.					
2)	e) Define – variance of continuous r.v.						
3)	) State lack of memory property of exponential distribution.						

- 4) Find k if the p.d.f. of r.v. X is  $f(x) = \begin{cases} k, & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 0.5 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ .
- 5) State mean and variance of X, if  $X \rightarrow u(-4, 4)$ .
- 6) State additive property of normal distribution.
- 3. A) Attempt any two:

1) The joint p.m.f. of a bivariate r.v. (X, Y) is as given below:

P (x, y) = 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{xy}{36}, & \text{if } x = 1, 2, 3 \text{ and } y = 1, 2, 3 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Test whether X and Y are independent?

2) A random variable X has p.d.f.  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 5x^4, & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 1 \\ 0, & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$ 

Find variance of X.

- Define exponential distribution and state its c.d.f.
- B) Given :  $n_1 = 1000$ ,  $n_2 = 800$ ,  $X_1 = 350$ ,  $X_2 = 200$ . Test  $H_0$  :  $P_1 = P_2$  against  $H_1$  :  $P_1 \neq P_2$  at 5% level of significance.

#### 4. Attempt any two:

10

4

- 1) Define c.d.f. of continuous r.v. and state any three properties of it.
- 2) The life time of a electric bulb has exponential distribution with mean life time 1420 hours. Find number of bulb out of 1000 that will survive upto 700 hours.
- 3) The p.d.f. of a continuous r.v.X is  $f(x) = \begin{cases} k.x.(2-x), & \text{if } 0 \le x \le 2\\ 0, & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$

Obtain value of k and hence find c.d.f. of X.



5. Attempt any two:

10

- 1) Explain test for testing population mean.
- 2) The joint p.m.f. of bivariate r.v. (X, Y) is given below.

<b>X</b> ↓\ <b>Y</b> →	1	2	3
1	k	2k	3k
2	2k	4k	6k
3	3k	5k	7k

Find:

- i) value of k
- ii) E(X.Y)
- 3) There are 1000 students in a college of certain age group and it is known that their weights are normally distributed with mean 55 kg. and s.d. 7 kg. Find number of students having weight between 48 kg. and 62 kg.

(Given : area under standard normal curve from 1 to  $\infty$  is 0.1587).



Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (ECS – II) (Semester – III) (New) Examination, 2015 OPERATING SYSTEM – I (Paper – I)

OF LINE S	131LIVI - I (Fapel - I)	
Day and Date : Wednesday, 29-4-2015		Max. Marks : 50
Time: 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.		
Instructions: 1) Figures to the ri	_	
1. Multiple choice questions.		10
In design goals the requirement as user and goals.	s can however divided into two	o basic groups
a) Implementation	b) Management	
c) System	d) None of these	
When the processes enters the which consist of all processes in		queue,
a) Ready queue	b) Job queue	
c) Device queue	d) None of these	
3) Which is not the part of PCB?		
a) Program counter	b) Process state	
c) Accounting information	d) Flag registers	
4) RR scheduling is		
a) Preemptive scheduling	b) Non-preemptive sche	eduling
c) Deadlock scheduling	d) None of these	
5) The queue contains are waiting for the CPU.	all the process that are ready t	o execute and
a) Device queue	b) Job queue	
c) Ready queue	d) Waiting queue	P.T.O.

	6)	A uniprocessor s	ystem can have		processe	S.	
		a) 2	b) any number	c)	1	d) none of these	
	7)	The simplest algo	orithm is				
		a) SJF		b)	FCFS		
		c) Preemptive S	JF	d)	None of these		
	8)		pecomes idle, the c	-		ust select one of the	
		a) waiting queue		b)	ready queue		
		c) device queue		d)	none of these		
	9)	A process execu	tion begins and end	ds w	ith		
		a) I/O burst		b)	CPU burst		
		c) Any one of a)	and b)	d)	None of these		
	10)	A process can be	e defined as				
		a) any user prog	ram	b)	any OS program	m	
		c) any program i	n execution	d)	none of these		
2.	An	swer <b>any five</b> of t	he following.				10
	1)	What is multiprog	gramming?				
	2)	Explain process t	ermination.				
	3)	What is PCB?					
	4)	What is Interproc	ess communication	n ?			
	5)	Explain schedulir	ng queues.				
	6)	Explain difference	e between process	and	threads.		
3.	A)	Answer any two	of the following.				6
		1) Explain distrib	outed operating sys	tem			
		2) Write a note o	n semaphores.				
		3) Explain priorit	y scheduling.				



B) Consider the following five work loads.

Time Slot = 2

Calculate the following using RR scheduling.

Jobs	Burst Time
J₁	9
$J_{2}$	6
$J_3^-$	10
$J_{\scriptscriptstyle{4}}^{^{^{\circ}}}$	3
$J_{5}$	5

- i) Compute average waiting time and turn around time.
- ii) Also prepare Gantt chart fort it.
- 4. Answer **any two** of the following.

10

- 1) Explain different scheduling criterias in detail.
- 2) Explain dining-philosophers problem.
- 3) Explain virtual machine.
- 5. Answer **any two** of the following.

10

- 1) Explain different types of operating system.
- 2) Explain different types of schedulars in detail.
- 3) What are the services provided by operating system?



Seat	
No.	

# B.Sc. (ECS) – II (Semester – III) (New) Examination, 2015 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING USING C++ – I (Paper – II)

-	nd Date : Thursday 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p			Max. Marks	: 50
	,	<b>All</b> questions are <b>c</b> Figures to the <b>righ</b>	<b>ompulsory</b> . I <b>t</b> indicate <b>full</b> mark	S.	
1. Cł	noose the correct a	Iternative :			10
1)		ator overloads it tak ds it takes		uments, while binary	
	a) 1, 1	b) 2, 2	c) 0, 1	d) 1,0	
2)	Constructor name	e and class name r	nust be same.		
	a) true	b) false			
3)	If we define functi	on outside the clas	s body then compile	piler treats it is	
	a) friend	b) inline	c) constructor	d) none of above	
4)		is insertion operate	or.		
	a) >	b) <	c) >>	d) <<	
5)	Which of the follo	wing operator can l	oe overloaded?		
	a) ?	b) #	c) @	d) ++	
6)	executes automa		er function whenev	ver object created it	
	a) constructor	b) destructor	c) friend	d) all	
7)	Constructor shou	ıld be declared only	in private section o	only.	
	a) true	b) false			
8)	Return type of de	structor is			
	a) int	b) float	c) void	d) nothing	



	9)	Static variable should be defined				
		a) outside the class	b) inside the class			
		c) both a) and b)	d) none of these			
	10)	The member function declared in priva	te access specifier called			
		a) friend	b) private member function			
		c) inline member function	d) none of these			
2.	An	swer <b>any five</b> of the following :		10		
	1)	) Write advantages of inline member function.				
	2)	) Write rule's for declaring constructor.				
	3)	) List out relational operators used in C++.				
	4)	Write syntax of class definition.				
	5)	State any four binary operators.				
	6)	Define friend function.				
3.	A)	Answer any two of the following:		6		
		1) Explain the term nested member function.				
		2) Explain multiple constructor in a class.				
		3) What are the rules of operator overlo	pading?			
	B)	Write a program in C++ to test the give default constructor.	n number is Armstrong or not by using	4		
4.	An	swer <b>any two</b> of the following:		10		
	1)	Explain copy constructor with e.g.				
	2)	What is difference between structure a	nd class ?			
	3)	Write a program in C++ to implement a	ny one binary operator overloading.			
5.	Answer any two of the following:			10		
	1)	What is the meaning of private and pub	olic access specifier ?			
	2)	Explain nested class with e.g.				
	3)	Write a program that shows static data r	member and static member functions.			

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	, ,	COMPUTER	SCIENCE orithms – I (Pap	ŕ	
-	d Date : Saturday, 2 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.r			Max. Marks	: 50
	,	<b>All</b> questions are Figures to the <b>rig</b>	<b>compulsory</b> . <b>Iht</b> place indicate <b>f</b> t	<b>ull</b> marks.	
1. Cho	oose correct alterna	itives.			10
1)	front = = rear, state	e that Queue is en	npty.		
	a) True	b) False			
2)	To delete a node is we have to set.	n between two noo	des of doubly linked	d list, links	
	a) One	b) Two	c) Three	d) Four	
3)	data str	ructure allows us t	o insert and remov	ve elements in both	
	a) Array	b) Stack	c) Deque	d) Circular queue	
4) ADT is programming language.					
	a) True	b) False			
5) In sequence of operations of stack push (5), push (7), pop, push (7), push (5), pop, pop, The sequence of popped out values are					
	a) 7, 5, 5, 5, 7	b) 7, 5, 7, 5, 5	c) 5, 5, 7, 7, 5	d) 7, 5, 7, 5, 7	
6)	'Front' end of queu	ie is used for	of element.		
	a) Insertion	b) Removing	c) Both a and b	d) None	
7)	'next' part of last n	ode of circular link	ed list replaced by	node.	
	a) Second	b) Middle	c) Header	d) None of these	



	8)	Stack underflow c	ondition occurs v	while performing _	operation.		
		a) create()	b) push()	c) pop()	d) display()		
	9)	data structure is used to manipulate polynomial expression.					
		a) Array	b) Stack	c) Queue	d) Linked list		
	10) Traversing in both direction is possible in singly linked list.						
		a) True	b) False				
2. Attempt any five questions from the followings:						10	
1) What is Singly Linked list? Write its node structure.					<b>.</b>		
	2)	Differentiate between Stack and Queue.					
	3)	Define "Time and Space Complexity".					
	4)	What is Algorithm? List out its characteristics.					
	5)	List out applications of queue.					
	6)	List out advantage	es of linked list o	over array.			
3.	A) /	A) Attempt any two questions from the followings:					
		1) Implement PUSH() and POP() operations of stack.					
2) Write a program to find largest number in two dimensional array.					•		
		<ul><li>3) Explain followi</li><li>I) Insert End</li></ul>	ng operations of II) Count.	singly circular lin	iked list.		
	В) І	Explain "Greedy al	gorithm" in detai	l.		4	
4.	Atte	Attempt <b>any two</b> questions from the followings :				10	
	1)	Explain the conce	pt of Circular qu	eue with its basic	operations.		
	2)	How will you ched	ck expression is	valid or not by us	ing stack ?		
	3)	What is array? Explain all types of array in details.					
5.	Atte	tempt <b>any two</b> questions from the followings :					
	1)	Explain algorithm	with example fo	r conversion of in	fix expression to prefix.		
	2)	What is IRD ? Exp	olain its two case	es of remove ope	rations.		
	3)	What is Doubly lin	near linked list?	Explain its follow	ng operations :		
		I) Insert First	II) Remove En	d III) Search.			

**SLR-O-3** 



Seat	
No.	

ELECTRON	IICS (Paper -	– I) Examinatio - III) (CGPA Pat Electronics – I	-
Day and Date: Wednesday, 8-4	1-2015		Max. Marks: 70
Time: 11.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.			
	to the <b>right</b> ind	<b>oulsory</b> . dicate <b>full</b> marks. <b>rherever</b> necessar	y.
	SECTIO	N – I	
	(Linea	ar)	
1. Multiple choice questions.			5
<ul><li>i) In case of linear resistor of a directly proportional</li><li>c) not directly proportion</li></ul>	b	plied voltage are re b) inversely propor d) none	
ii) In case of electrolytic ca	-	_	;
a) negative b) po	ositive c	c) neutral	d) none
<li>iii) In an intrinsic semicondu holes.</li>	ctor the number	er of free electrons	is the number of
a) equal to b) les	ss than c	c) more than	d) both a and b
iv) diode is used to a) p-n junction b) ze			
<ul><li>v) Transistor is a</li><li>a) current controlled dev</li><li>c) temperature controlled</li></ul>		b) voltage controlled) both a and b	ed device
<ul><li>2. Answer any of the following</li><li>i) What is resistor? What i</li><li>ii) Give examples of active a</li></ul>	is resistance?	emponents.	10

-2-

SLR-O-3

2. Answer any five of the following.

10

i) Draw k – map and simplify following equation.

 $Y = \overline{A}B\overline{C} + \overline{A}\overline{B}C + \overline{A}\overline{C}D + \overline{A}\overline{C}\overline{D}$ 

- ii) Prove  $\overline{A \oplus B} = A.B + \overline{A}.\overline{B}$ .
- iii) Construct hamming code for 1001 using even parity.
- iv) Explain universal gate and draw AND gate from NOR gate.
- v) Write Excess 3 code for 22.
- vi) Convert 1111 gray into binary and 1111 binary into gray.
- vii) Draw 1: 4 Demultiplexer.
- 3. A) Write short note on **any two** of the following.

10

- i) Explain full adder.
- ii) Execute the following conversion.
  - a)  $(3711)_8$   $(?)_{10}$
  - b)  $(1993)_{10}$   $(?)_{16}$
  - c)  $(100)_{16}$   $(?)_{10}$
  - d)  $(125)_{10}$   $(?)_2$
  - e)  $(E8)_{16}$   $(?)_{2}$
- iii) Minimise the following using K map and draw simplified diagram using basic gates

 $F(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 13, 15)$ 

B) Answer any one of the following.

10

- i) Explain demultiplexing tree and draw 1 : 32 demultiplexer using 1 : 8 demultiplexer.
- ii) Explain universal gate and draw.
  - a) AND
- b) OR
- c) NOR

- d) NOT
- e) EX-OR using NOR gate

**SLR-O - 30** 



Seat	
No.	

# B.Sc. (ECS) - II (Semester - III) (New) Examination, 2015

	So	COMPUTER	R SCIENCE ing – I (Paper – I	·	
Day an	nd Date : Tuesday,	, 5-5-2015		Total Marks	: 50
Time :	3.00 p.m. to 5.00	p.m.			
In		<b>III</b> questions are <b>co</b> r igures to the <b>right</b> i			
1. Ch	noose the correct a	alternative :			10
1)	is me	ethod is related with	finding and investig	gating more features	
	a) Requirement i	investigation	b) Requirement ar	nticipation	
	c) Both a and b		d) None of these		
2)	Computer Run Cl a) True	hart can be regarded	d as master plan of c b) False	omputer sub system	
3)		•	ted when the field of I over a wide geogra	investigation is very aphical area?	
	a) Interview	b) Questionnaire	c) Record review	d) Observations	
4)	gives	s just idea about sy	stem it does not cor	ntains all features of	
	a) Spiral	b) Prototyping	c) Both a and b	d) None of these	
5)	Which of the follo	owing is not a chara	cteristic of a softwa	re?	
	a) Probabilistic		b) Deterministic		
	c) Versions are p	oossible	d) Customized		



	6)	Which of the following feasibility is rela aspects?	tec	to human organizational and political	
		a) Economical b) Technical	c)	Operational d) None of these	
	7)	Decision table is tool for programmer	r ar	nd system analyst.	
		a) True	b)	False	
	8)	MIS mean			
		a) More Infinity System	,	Most Information System	
				Management Information System	
	9)	Spiral model is useful to guide risks i			
	4.00	a) True	,	False	
	10)	is a system which intera		with environment. Close	
		<ul><li>a) Open</li><li>c) Both a and b</li></ul>	,	None of these	
2.	An	swer <b>any five</b> of the following:	,		0
		What is flowchart?			
	2)	What is Feedback?			
	3)	What do you mean by requirement sp	oec	ification?	
	4)	Write advantages of Decision table.			
	5)	Differentiate between Deterministic a	ınd	Probabilistic system.	
	6)	What is need of prototyping?			
3.	A)	Answer any two of the following.			6
		1) Write a note on observation and re	ecc	ord review.	
		2) Differentiate between structured a	ınd	unstructured interview techniques.	
		3) What is Requirement Anticipation.			
	B)	Write note on HIPO chart.			4

4. Answer any two of the following.

10

- 1) Explain characteristics of software.
- 2) Distinguish between system analysis and system design.
- 3) What are the various fact finding techniques? Discuss the advantages of interview and questionnaires.
- 5. Answer any two of the following.

10

- 1) Explain decision table with its type.
- 2) Explain in detail waterfall model.
- 3) Explain role of System Analyst.

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Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (E.C.S.) (Part - II) (Semester - III) (New) Examination, 2015 **ELECTRONICS** Organization of PC - I (Paper - V)

Day and Date: Wednesday, 6-5-2015 Max. Marks: 50

Time: 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

		2) Figures to the <b>right</b> pla	•	
1.	Ch	noose correct alternatives :		10
	1)	is a soft magnetic disk.		
		a) CD	b) Floppy	
		c) HDD	d) None of these	
	2)	The system configuration used	RAM.	
		a) Static	b) Dynamic	
		c) CMOS	d) None of these	
	3)	means that signals can be passe	ed in one direction.	
		a) Simplex	b) Half duplex	
		c) Full duplex	d) None of these	
	4)	The POST is stored in mem-	ory.	
		a) RAM	b) ROM	
		c) HDD	d) None of these	
	5)	interrupt can not be ignored or i	nasked at 8088.	
		a) Maskable	b) NMI	
		c) HOLD	d) None of these	
	6)	The is organized into locat	ions.	
		a) CPU	b) K/B	
		c) Memory	d) Printer	
	7)	IC is used for bus controller.		
		a) 8284	b) 8259	
		c) 8288	d) None of these	D.T.C
				P.T.O.

8) Scanner uses a photo multiplier tube. a) Drum b) Hand held c) Sheet Fed d) None of these 9) \_\_\_\_\_ is a signal which contains the electronic signal. a) Set b) Clock c) Switch d) None of these 10) The CDROM is a drive which reads coated round plastic disc. a) Gold b) Aluminum c) Magnetic d) None of these 10 2. Attempt any five of the following: 1) Explain modem in brief. 2) State different types of interrupt used in IBM PC. 3) Explain types of signal. 4) Give different types of monitor. 5) Draw block diagram of ALU. 6) Explain capacitive switch. 3. A) Attempt any two of the following: 6 1) Explain different types of bus. 2) Explain CRC. 3) Explain SMPS. B) Write a note on key board. 4 4. Attempt any two of the following: 10 1) Explain control unit with suitable block diagram. 2) Explain magnetic disk drive. 3) Explain functional block diagram of PC. 5. Attempt any two of the following: 10 1) What is Interrupt? Explain different types of interrupt. 2) Explain different DMA channels of PC. 3) Explain different types of Scanner.

**SLR-0 - 31** 

**SLR-O - 32** 

Seat	
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## B.Sc. (ECS) (Part – II) (Semester – III) Examination, 2015 MICROPROCESSOR – I (Paper – VI) (New)

Day and Date: Thursday, 7-5-2015 Max. Marks: 50
Time: 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

N.B.: 1) All questions are compulsory.

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

1. Choose correct alternatives:

Ch	oose correct alterna	itives :			10
1)	In I/O mapped I/O co	ontrol signals are _			
	a) common	b) separate	c) multiplex	d) none of these	
2)	Handshaking is	data tra	nsfer.		
	a) synchronous	b) parallel	c) direct	d) asynchronous	
3)	Associative memory	/ is			
	a) DAM	b) CAM	c) DMA	d) AAM	
4)	Polling is	used for identif	ying the priority of i	nterrupt.	
	a) hardware	b) I/O device	c) software	d) controller	
5)	Static RAM consist	of to	store information.		
	a) capacitor	b) flip flop	c) inductor	d) resister	
6)	ADDX R1, R2 is	address i	nstruction		
	a) three	b) two	c) one	d) zero	
7)	Data stored on mag	netic tape in	track.		
	a) longitudinal	b) circular	c) semicircular	d) spiral	
8)	PC stores address of	ofins	truction.		
	a) last	b) next	c) current	d) TOS	
9)	fetches	s the instruction fro	om memory.		
	a) PCU	b) user	c) ALU	d) input	
10)	CD ROM is	type memory	<b>'</b> .		
	a) mechanical	b) electrical	c) magnetic	d) optical	P.T.O.
				•	

2.	Attempt any five of the following:	10
	a) Explain synchronous serial communication.	
	b) Explain polish notation.	
	c) Write non volatile memory.	
	d) Explain daisy chaining.	
	e) Explain register stack.	
	f) Explain function of CS, RD, WR, VSS pins.	
3.	A) Attempt any two of the following:	6
	1) Explain logical instruction.	
	2) Explain handshake method of data transfer.	
	3) Explain memory hierarchy.	
	B) Explain instruction format.	4
4.	Attempt any two of the following:	10
	1) Explain general register organization.	
	2) Explain I/O mapped I/O.	
	3) Explain cache memory.	
5.	Attempt any two of the following:	10
	1) Explain addressing modes.	
	2) Explain DMA mode of data transfer.	
	3) Explain associative memory.	

**SLR-O - 32** 

\$\text{SLR-O} - 33

Seat	
No.	

E	B.Sc. (ECS) – II (Semester – I ENGLISH – I (		5
Day and Da	ate : Friday, 8-5-2015	Max	. Marks : 50
Time: 3.00	p.m. to 5.00 p.m.		
I	nstructions: 1) All questions are 2) Figures to right i	• •	
	in the blanks in the following senternatives:	tences by choosing the correct	6
1)	are the written recor	d of the decisions taken in the m	neeting.
	a) Notice b) Agenda	c) Minutes d) None of a	above
2)	The following points are included	in the notice	
	a) Day, date and time	b) Place of meeting	
	c) Name of the organisation	d) All of the above	
3)	Instrumental and terminal are the	types of	
	a) Personality	b) Attitude	
	c) Values	d) Paper	
4)	FIR stands for		
	a) First Investigation Report	b) First Interview Report	
	c) First Information Report	d) First Invented Report	
5)	Any documents sent together wit	h a letter are indicated by	
	a) Index	b) Enclosures	
	c) Xerox copy	d) None of above	
6)	Meetings conducted by a tempora	ary committee are called	
	a) Statutory	b) Formal	
	c) Ad-hoc	d) Informal	

SL	R-O – 33		
	b) Match the pair.		4
	A	В	
	1) Value	a) Mental ability	
	2) Agenda	b) Written in past tense	
	3) Report	c) List of items to be discussed in meeting	
	4) Attitude	d) Love	
		e) Social ability	
2.	Gives brief answers to	the following questions (any five):	10
	1) Which are five univ	versal values ?	
	2) What is attitude?		
	3) What do you mear	by values ?	
	4) Mention the compo	onents in Job application letter.	
	5) Mention the major		
	6) What do you mear	by space and indention in writing mechanism?	
3.	•	n any two of the following:	6
	•	g and states various types of meeting. nctions of attitude ?	
	,	les of tree diagram and bar diagram.	
	B) Attempt any two of		4
	1) Formation of at		
	2) The layout of bu		
	3) Steps in writing		
4.	Attempt any one of foll		10
	1) Explain the commo	•	
	_	d explain various types of meeting with suitable examples.	
5.		ation in response to the following advertisement with biongineer, graduate in computer science with master degree erred.	10
	Write to: Manager, Info	osys Pvt. Ltd. Wakad, Pune Main street, Pune-411011.	

**SLR-O - 34** 



Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (ECS) – II (Semester – III) (Old) Examination, 2015 OPERATING SYSTEM – I (Paper – I)

•	d Date : Wednesday, 29-4-2015 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.		Max. Marks :	50
Ins	structions: 1) Figures to the rig 2) <b>All</b> questions are			
1. Mu	ultiple choice questions :			10
1)	FIFO scheduling is			
	a) Preemptive scheduling	b)	Non-preemptive scheduling	
	c) Deadlock scheduling	d)	None of these	
2)	is the solution to c	ritic	cal section problem.	
	a) Mutual exclusion	b)	Race condition	
	c) System calls	d)	None of these	
3) is a program that acts as an intermediatory between compuser and computer hardware.				
	a) Process management	b)	Storage management	
	c) Operating system	d)	All the above	
4)	provides interface to	ser	vices made available by operating system.	
	a) Programming execution	b)	I/O operation	
	c) Accounting	d)	System calls	
5)	The RR algorithm is designed sp	eci	ally for system.	
	a) Time sharing	b)	Distributed	
	c) Real time	d)	Multiprogramming	
6)	A process can be defined as			
	a) Any user program	b)	Any program in execution	
	c) Any OS program	d)	None of these	

7) The dining philosophers problem is an example of

a) Critical section problem

b) Memory management problem

	c) Free space allocation problem						
	d) None of these						
8)	8) The short term schedular selects						
	a) The process which is ready to	xecute and alloc	ate CPU				
	b) The jobs are admitted to the s	stem for process	ing				
	c) The process loads them into r	emory					
	d) None of these						
9)	A major problem with priority sch	duling algorithm i	S				
	a) Saturation	) Starvation					
	c) Deadlock	) None of these					
10)	PCB means						
	a) Program Control Block	) Process Comm	nunication				
	c) Process Control Block	None of these					
2. An	swer <b>any five</b> of the following:			10			
1)	Define process and threads.						
2)	Define throughout and turnaroune	ime.					
3)	System calls.						
4)	Write a short note on time sharin	operating systen	n.				
5)	Ready queues.						
6)	Write a short note on batch syste	).					
3. A)	Answer any two of the following			6			
	1) Explain design goals of opera	ng system.					
	2) Explain structure of PCB.						
	3) Write a note on semaphores.						

B) Consider the following four jobs. Calculate the following using FCFs algorithm. 4

-3-

Job	Burst time
J <sub>1</sub>	7
J <sub>2</sub>	5
J <sub>3</sub>	5
J <sub>4</sub>	10

- i) Prepare a Gantt chart.
- ii) Calculate average turn around time.
- iii) Calculate average waiting time.

### 4. Answer any two of the following:

10

- 1) What are the services provided by operating system?
- 2) Write a note on process state with neat diagram.
- 3) Explain layered architecture of operating system.
- 5. Answer **any two** of the following:

10

- 1) Explain reader writer problem in detail.
- 2) What is operating system? Explain components of operating system.
- 3) Explain FCFs and SJF.

**SLR-O - 35** 

Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (ECS) – II (Semester – III) (Old) Examination, 2015 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING USING C++ – I (Paper – II)

C	DBJECT ORIENTE	ED PROGRAMN	/IIN	G USING C+-	+ – I	(Paper – II)	
-	nd Date : Thursday, 3 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.ı					Max. Marks : 9	50
	, .	uestions are <b>comp</b> es to the <b>right</b> ind		-			
1. Cł	noose the correct alt	ernative :					10
1)	Which of the follow	ng feature is used	l to i	mplement data	abst	raction?	
	a) Delegation		b)	Encapsulation			
	c) Inheritance		d)	Polymorphism			
2)	Procedure oriented	programming app	roa	ch focus on			
	a) function	b) data	c)	both	d) ı	none of above	
3)	A goto statement tr	ansfer control to					
	a) variable	b) function	c)	label	d) (	operator	
4)	va	riable is initialized	to z	ero.			
	a) Auto	b) Static	c)	Register	d) <i>i</i>	All	
5)	<< is called						
	a) insertion operate	or	b)	external opera	tor		
	c) extraction opera	tor	d)	object			
6)	Which of the follow	ing is not passed t					
	a) Header file		,	Array			
	c) Object		d)	Reference var	iable		
7)	Destructor may be _						
	a) parameterized	•	•	over loaded	d) 1	friend	
8)		cannot overloaded					
	a) . *	b) New	c)	>=	d) -	+	

**SLR-O - 35** 



	9)	Conversion from basic data type to cla	ass	type is done l	oy usi	ing	
		a) constructor	b)	destructor			
		c) operator	d)	friend function	n		
	10)	By default all members of a class are					
		a) public b) private	c)	protected	d)	all	
2.	Ar	swer <b>any five</b> of the following:					10
	1)	What is friend function?					
	2)	Explain copy constructor.					
	3)	Explain memory management operator	ors	used in C++.			
	4)	How do-while control work?					
	5)	Differentiate structure and union.					
	6)	Explain different storage classes for v	aria	ables.			
3.	A)	Answer any two of the following:					6
		1) What is function? List different cor	npo	nent of funct	ion.		
		2) Explain break, continue and goto s	tate	ments.			
		3) Explain nesting of classes.					
	B)	Write a program to implement friend fu	ınc	tion.			4
4.	Ar	swer <b>any two</b> :					10
	1)	What is operator overloading? List rul	les	used for oper	ator c	overload.	
	2)	Write a program to implement passin pass by reference.	g o	bject to mem	ber f	unction by using	
	3)	Explain static member function with e	g.				
5.	Ar	swer <b>any two</b> :					10
	1)	What is destructor? Explain use of de	estr	uctor with e.g			
	2)	Write a program to overload addition of	ре	rator (+).			
	3)	Differentiate object oriented programming.	grai	nming and	proc	edure oriented	
				_			

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No.	

# B.Sc. (E.C.S.) - II (Semester - III) (Old) Examination, 2015

			NCE (Paper – II nd Algorithms –	•	
-	d Date : Saturday, 2 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.			Max. Marks :	50
	•	<b>All</b> questions are Figures to the <b>ri</b> g	e <b>compulsory</b> . <b>ght</b> indicates <b>full</b> n	narks.	
1. Ch	oose correct alterna	atives.			10
1)	at one time.			as 'Queue is Empty'	
	a) Circular	b) Priority	c) Deque	d) Linear	
2)	Stack is primitive (a) True				
3)	Linked list is flexiba) True	le than stack and b) False	queue.		
4)	If an array having	size 'n' then its la	st element is store	d at index	
	a) n + 1	b) n – 1	c) n	d) n % 1	
5)	'Stack underflow'	condition occurs w	hile performing	operation.	
	a) Create()	b) Push()	c) Pop()	d) status()	
6)	Node of doubly lin	ked list has	ports.		
	a) One	b) Two	c) Three	d) Four	
7)	is the	postfix form of infi	ix expression (A +	B)/C∗D−E.	
	a) AB + CDE */-	,	b) AB + CDE*-		
	c) AB + CDE - *	/	d) AB + CED - *	· /	
8)	To insert new nod setpoint		nodes of doubly li	nked list, we have to	
	a) One	b) Two	c) Three	d) Four	T.O.

**SLR-O - 36** 9) is non-linear data structure. c) Linked List d) None of these a) Stack b) Queue 10) \_\_\_\_\_ deque allows us to remove elements from both ends but add element from only one end. a) IRD d) None of these b) ORD c) Both a & b 2. Answer any five of the following. 10 1) Explain 'Stack Underflow' and 'Stack Overflow' conditions. 2) What is Linked list? Write node structure for singly and doubly linked list. 3) What is algorithm? List out its characteristics. 4) In which manner stack works? Why? 5) Implement 'status' operation of linear queue. 6) What is 'Multi-dimensional' array? How it is declared and initialized? 3. A) Answer **any two** of the following. 6 1) What is deque? List out its type with definition. 2) What is ADT? Explain ADT for stack. 3) Explain 'Divide and conquer algorithm' in detail. B) Write an algorithm to check expression is valid or not using stack. 4 4. Answer any two of the following. 10 1) Write an algorithm to convert infix expression into postfix expression. 2) What is stack? Implement its 'Push and Pop' operations. 3) What is doubly linear linked list? Implement its following operations: a) Insert\_between b) Count() c) Search() 5. Answer any two of the following. 10 1) How stack is useful in 'Recursion'? 2) Write a program that finds maximum number in two dimensional array. 3) Implement following operations of ORD: a) Insert\_left() b) Insert\_right()

Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (ECS) – II (Semester – III) (Old) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE

Software Engineering – I (Paper – IV)

Day and Date: Tuesday, 5-5-2015 Max. Marks: 50

Time: 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. Choose the correct alternative:

- 10
- 1) Which of the following is not the characteristic of software?
  - a) Software does not wear out
  - b) Software is flexible
  - c) Software is not manufactured
  - d) Software is always correct
- 2) MIS means
  - a) More Infinity System
  - b) Most Information System
  - c) Major Information System
  - d) Management Information System
- 3) \_\_\_\_\_ symbol is used to represent any data stored offline.









- 4) In risk analysis of spiral model, which of the following risk includes?
  - a) Technical

b) Management

c) Both a and b

d) None of these



	5)	Which of the following feasibility is relaaspects?	ted to human organizational and political	
		a) Economical	b) Technical	
		c) Operational	d) None of these	
	6)	technique is used to collegroups.	ect information from individuals or from	
		a) Record review	b) Interview	
		c) Questionnaire	d) None of these	
	7)	is a system which is se	f contained.	
		a) Open system	b) Closed system	
		c) Probabilistic system	d) None of these	
	8)	refers software can easthere will be invalid inputs.	sily continue to operate correctly though	
		a) Robustness	b) Performance	
		c) Reusability	d) Reliability	
	9)	method is related with of system.	finding and investigating more features	
		a) Requirement anticipation	b) Requirement investigation	
		c) Requirement specification	d) None of these	
	10)	In technique, analyst col	lect data from records, document.	
		a) Record review	b) Observation	
		c) Interview	d) None of these	
2.	Ans	swer any five of the following:		10
	1)	Differentiate between deterministic	and probabilistic system.	
	2)	What is flowchart?		
	3)	Define software engineering.		
	4)	What are advantages of problem is cycle?	lentification in system development life	
	5)	What is requirement investigation?		
	6) Give some important points to be considered while designing a questionnal			

3.	A) Answer any two of the following:	6
	1) Explain Spiral Model.	
	2) Define feedback with example.	
	3) Give the advantages of decision table.	
	B) Explain technical feasibility.	4
4.	Attempt any two of the following:	10
	1) Explain the role of system analyst.	
	2) Explain the qualities of software.	
	3) Explain the advantages of observation and questionnaire as a fact gathering technique.	
5.	Answer any two of the following:	10
	1) Explain in detail waterfall model.	
	2) Explain three activities of requirement determination.	
	3) State the advantages and disadvantages of HIPO.	

-3-



Seat	
No.	

	Orga	ELECTRO	, , ,	ation, 2013
-	d Date: Wednesday, 6 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.	5-5-2015		Max. Marks : 50
In	structions : 1) All que	estions are <b>comp</b>	ulsory.	
	2) Figure:	s to <b>right</b> indicate	e <b>full</b> marks.	
	3) Neat d	iagram draw <b>whe</b>	rever necessary.	
1. Fill	in the blanks.			10
1)	LSI stands for			
	a) Large Scale Integra	ation	b) Large Scale In	tegral
	c) Large Scale Infinity	′	d) None of these	
2)	Cache memory acts be	etween	_	
	a) CPU and RAM		b) RAM and ROM	Л
	c) CPU and HDD		d) None of these	
3)	The fetching of instruc	tion is done by _	unit.	
	a) ALU	b) Control	c) Memory	d) None of these
4)	Static RAM is made up	o of	_	
	a) Counter	b) Multiplexer	c) Flip-flop	d) Resistor
5)	use in	terrupt mode of da	ata transfer.	
			c) Scanner	d) None of these

2.



6)	In	signals can passed	d in one direction o	nly.	
	a) half duplex		b) full duplex		
	c) simplex		d) none of these	)	
7)	Thes	supports uniprograi	mming systems.		
	a) PC-AT	b) PC-XT	c) PC-NT	d) None of these	
8)	In CD/DVD informa	tion can store in th	e form of		
	a) Pits and lands	b) Charging	c) 0 and 1	d) None of these	
9)	prin	ter require heat ser	nsitive paper.		
	a) Thermal	b) Dot-matrix	c) Laser	d) Inkjet	
10)	motor	is used to move the	e position of head.		
	a) Spindle		b) Stepper		
	c) Index sloper		d) None of these	Э	
An	swer <b>any five</b> of the	following.		(5×2:	=10)
1)	What is non-maska	ble interrupt ? Give	e one example.		
2)	Which is best method	od in error detectic	n and error correc	etion ? Why ?	
3)	Write types of intern	rupt signal.			
4)	Write types of mem	ory.			
5)	Draw diagram of ma	atrix keyboard orga	nization.		
6)	What is impact and	non-impact printer	·?		

 $(2 \times 3 = 6)$ 



3. A) Answer **any two** of the following.

- 1) Explain types of scanner.
- 2) What are advantages of virtual memory?
- 3) Draw diagram of CD-ROM drive operation.
- B) Explain DMA mode for I/P and O/P data transfer.

4

4. Attempt any two of the following.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

- 1) Explain how interrupt servicing are done.
- 2) Explain different types of keyswitches.
- 3) Write short note on latest mother-board.
- 5. Attempt any two of the following.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

- 1) Explain parity check method.
- 2) Explain control bus signals.
- 3) Compare features of PC and PC/AT.



Seat	
No.	

		ELECT	RONICS or – I (Paper – VI)	iation, 2013	
Day ar	nd Date : Thursday	, 7-5-2015		Total Marks : 5	0
	3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p				
IIIS	structions: 1) <b>A</b> 2) Fi	•	mpuisory. tindicate get <b>full</b> mar	rks.	
1. Ch	noose the correct a	alternatives.		1	0
1)	Static RAM consi	sts of	to store information.		
	a) capacitor	b) flip flop	c) inductor	d) resistor	
2)	Polling is a	used in prio	rity of interrupt.		
	a) input	b) I/O device	c) hardware	d) software	
3)	PUSHA is	instruction.			
	a) Data transfer	b) Arithmetic	c) Processor	d) Logical	
4)	In synchronous tr	ansmission clock	is		
	a) separate	b) common	c) serial	d) parallel	
5)	fetche	es the instruction f	rom memory.		
	a) user	b) ALU	c) PCU	d) input	
6)	Intel 8089 IOP is	pin IC	D.		
	a) 40	b) 20	c) 24	d) 14	
7)	To access 128 by	rte memory it requ	ires addr	ess lines.	
	a) 8	b) 7	c) 16	d) 20	
8)	Program counter	stores address of	instructi	ion.	
	a) next	b) last	c) current	d) none of these	

SL	R-C	) – 39					
	9)		Control signals are				
		a) common	b) separate	c)	multiplex	d)	none of these
	10)		agnetic tape in				
		a) longitudinal	b) circular	c)	semicircular	d)	spiral
2.	Att	tempt <b>any five</b> of t	he following.				10
	1)	What is meant by	polling?				
	2)	Explain processo	r control instruction	١.			
	3)	Give parameters	of memory.				
	4)	Explain concept of	of interfacing.				
	5)	Explain register s	stack.				
	6)	Explain types of r	memory.				
3.	A)	Attempt any two	of the following.				6
		1) Explain arithm	netic instructions.				
		2) Explain memo	ory address map.				
		3) Explain I/O int	erface module.				
	B)	Explain general re	egister organization	۱.			4
4.	At	tempt <b>any two</b> of t	he following.				10
	1)	Explain optical me	emory.				
	2)	Explain asynchro	nous data transfer.				
	3)	Explain communi	cation between CP	U a	nd IOP.		
5.	Att	tempt <b>any two</b> of t	he following.				10
	1)	Explain virtual me	emory managemen	t co	ncept.		
	2)	Explain parallel p	riority interrupt.				
	3)	Explain instructio	n format.				

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**SLR-O-4** 

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Seat	
No.	

c) complete graph

a) one

5) A vertex of degree one is called \_\_\_\_\_ vertex.

b) pendent

# B.Sc. (ECS) – I (Semester – I) (CGPA Pattern) Examination, 2015 MATHEMATICS (Paper – IV) Graph Theory and Numerical Methods

Graph	Theory and I	Numerical Met	nods
Day and Date : Wednesday			Max. Marks : 70
books 2) <b>All</b> qu 3) <b>Use</b> (	answers of Secti s. uestions are <b>com</b>	<b>oulsory</b> . lators are <b>allowe</b> d	n – <b>II</b> on <b>separate</b> answer
4) Figur	SECTIO	N – I	
Choose the correct alte	(Graph Thernative :	eory)	5
A tree whose centre     a) unicentral	_		d) none of these
<ol> <li>A complete bipartite</li> <li>Complete</li> </ol>			= n. d) None of these
<ul><li>3) A single vertex toge</li><li>a) one</li></ul>	•	cycle of length _ c) zero	
4) For any graph G, G a) G	⊕ G is	– b) Null graph	

d) none of these

c) isolated d) none of these

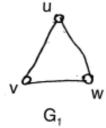
2. Attempt any five from the following:

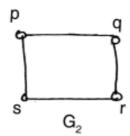
10

- i) Define union and intersection of two graphs.
- ii) Define self complementary graph.
- iii) Define edge connectivity with suitable example.
- iv) Define spanning tree with suitable example.
- v) Draw a graph which is Hamiltonian but not Eulerian.
- vi) Find the number of edges in a complete graph with seven vertices.
- vii) Draw the graphs  $K_{3,2}$  and  $K_{2,4}$ .
- 3. A) Attempt any two from the following:

10

i) Find and draw  $G_1 \times G_2$  for the following pairs of graphs.



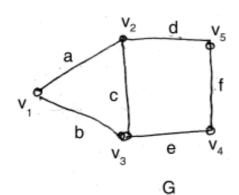


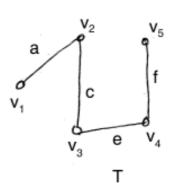
- ii) Write a note on Koningsberg's seven bridges problem.
- iii) Define incidence matrix and adjacency matrix with suitable example.
- B) Attempt any one from the following:

10

- i) Define: a) Fundamental circuit
  - b) Fundamental cutset

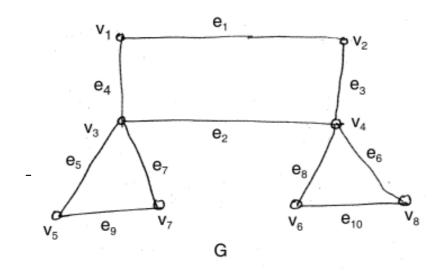
Find all fundamental circuits and fundamental cutsets of G w.r.t. spanning tree T given below :





- ii) Define: a) Eulerian circuit
  - b) Euler graph

Use Fleury's algorithm to trace an Eulerian circuit for the following graph.



SECTION - II (Numerical Methods)

Ι.	Choose the correct alternative:	

5

- 1) Trapezoidal rule is obtained by putting n = \_\_\_\_\_ in general quadrature formula.
  - a) 1

- b) 2
- c) 3
- d) 4

- 2)  $E^{-1}[f(x)] =$ 
  - a) f(x)
- b) f(x + h) c) f(x h)
- d) none of these
- 3) The relation between E &  $\Delta$  is \_\_\_\_\_
  - a)  $E = 1 + \Delta$
- b)  $E = 1 \Delta$  c)  $E = 1 + \nabla$
- d) none of these
- 4)  $0.4399 E10 \times 0.5789E 12 =$ 
  - a) 0.2547E-2
- b) 0.2547E2
- c) 0.2547E22
- d) 0.2547E3
- 5) The equation  $x \log x + \sin x = 0$  is called as \_\_\_\_\_ equation.
  - a) polynomial

b) transcendental

c) algebraic

d) differential



### 2. Attempt any five from the following:

10

- i) Find the interval in which the root of the equation  $x^3 2x 5 = 0$  lies.
- ii) Write augmented matrix for following system of linear equations

$$u + 2v + 3w = 3$$
;  $-2v + 3w = 7$ ;  $2u + v = 6$ .

- iii) Write the Simpson's  $\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^{th}$  rule for integration.
- iv) Show that  $Ef(x) = (1 + \Delta) f(x)$ .
- v) State the formula for  $K_1$ ,  $K_2$  and K in Runge-Kutta  $2^{nd}$  order method.
- vi) Write Regula Falsi method formula to find the root of the equation f(x) = 0 in the interval (a, b).
- vii) Find the value of  $(0.4596E_3 + 4.6982E_4)$ . Write your answer in normalised floating point form.

### 3. A) Attempt any two from the following:

10

- i) Find the real root of the equation  $x^3 2x 5 = 0$  correct upto 4-decimal places by using Newton's Raphson method.
- ii) Obtain  $\bar{A}^1$ , it exist by using adjoint method,  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \\ 4 & 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- iii) Show that  $\Delta \left[ \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right] = \frac{g(x)\Delta f(x) f(x)\Delta g(x)}{g(x+h).g(x)}$

## B) Attempt any one from the following:

10

- i) Write the general quadrature formula. State and derive Trapezoidal rule for integration.
- ii) Write the Newton's Forward difference interpolation formula.

From the following data estimate f(1995) and f(1997).

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc} x & 1994 & 1996 & 1998 & 2000 \\ \hline y = f(x) & 43 & 48 & 52 & 57 \\ \end{array}$$

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## B.Sc. (ECS) II (Semester – III) (Old) Examination, 2015 ENGLISH – I (Paper – VII)

Day and Date: Friday, Time: 3.00 p.m. to 5.0	Max. Marks : 50		
·	s: i) <b>All</b> questions are	compulsory. ght indicate full marks.	
A) Fill in the blank alternative:	s in the following sent	tences by choosing the co	orrect 6
a) Fly in the b) Enjoy an	d see the world ce and find food for the	eir young	
<ul><li>a) The com</li><li>b) Dr. Casw</li><li>c) The pain</li></ul>		-	
<ul><li>3) Gerrard was</li><li>a) Terrorist</li><li>c) Fruit ven</li></ul>		<ul><li>b) Gypsies</li><li>d) None of the above</li></ul>	
<ul><li>4) The word 'the a) to waste</li><li>c) to buy the</li></ul>	things	gests a society which likes b) to save things d) to accumulate things	

	5)	_	obal warming. But	•		etic and the Antarctic	
		b) the issue of c					
		c) relating it to t	he dryness of reg	ions			
		d) rise in the wa	ater level of the se	as			
	6)	What is the intru	der's intention?				
		a) to be Vincent		b) to be a bi	_	_	
		c) to be a murde	erer	d) to be a go	od h	uman being	
	B) M	atch the words fro	om <b>A</b> with their me	eaning in <b>B</b> :			4
		Α	В				
	1)	chunk	a) undamaged				
	2)	intact	b) concession				
	3)	discount	c) reality				
	4)	evident	d) a big piece				
2.	Give	brief answers to t	he following ques	tions (attempt	any	five) :	10
	1) W	hat is the effect o	f the global warm	ng in the cold	arcti	c?	
	2) W	ho is Yashwant R	lao?				
	3) In	the poem 'I am Ir	sensitive to Trage	edies'. What d	oes t	he poet seek ?	
	4) W	hat interested Mr	. Ellsworth in the a	art galleries?			
	5) W	hat is the relation	ship between con	sumerism and	l plas	tic bag ?	
	6) W	hat is the special	advantage for the	birds in migrat	ing n	orth-ward in spring?	
3.	A) W	rite short notes o	n <b>any two</b> of the fo	ollowing:			6
	1)	The title 'Art for	Heart', State'				
	2)	Ellsworth					
	3)	Gerrard as melo	dramatic characte	er.			
	B) At	tempt <b>any two</b> of	the following:				4
	1)	Write about your office of Mahara		ıccessful expe	rienc	es in the government	
	2)	Write a description main points :	on of Taj Mahal: Yo	our description	shou	ıld have the following	
		a) Category	b) Character	stics	c)	Function/use	



3) Read the following paragraph about wards in the hospital and make Pie diagram or bar diagram:

-3-

There are four wards in the hospital. The biggest ward is the General ward where there are 38% patients. In the children's ward there are 25% patients and there are 12% accident cases in the accident ward. There are also 25% maternity cases in the maternity ward.

### 4. Attempt any one of the following:

10

1) Represent the information given below in the bar diagram and make statements of comparison and generalization about the data.

Percentages of Admissions to the three faculties in a College					
	1990/91	1991/92	1992/93	1993/94	
Arts	48%	52%	56%	58%	
Commerce	32%	27%	24%	21%	
Science	20%	21%	20%	21%	

- 2) Write a small paragraph with a proper sequence of events:
  - the first to show that an atom has a regular structure
  - studied radioactivity-life long research in it
  - big discoveries in this field before 1932
  - Ernest Rutherfold: b. 1871 d. 1937
  - New Zealand physicist
  - Radioactivity: how one chemical element changes or is changed into another
  - the first man to split the atom, show its importance.
- 5. Narrate your first experience at the time of voting and state the importance of voting.



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## B.Sc. (ECS) – II (Semester – IV) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE (Paper – I) Operating Systems – II (New)

	Operatin	ng Systems – II (New)	
•	nd Date : Saturday,, 9-5-2015 : 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.	Max. Marks	: 50
	,	o the <b>right</b> indicate <b>full</b> marks. ions are <b>compulsory</b> .	
1. M	lultiple choice questions :		10
1)	) Writing to a file has to be don	e via	
	a) User defined function	b) System call	
	c) Any one of a) and b)	d) None of these	
2	) Paging suffers from		
	a) Internal fragmentation	b) External Fragmentation	
	c) Both	d) None of these	
3	) directory can h	nave cycles.	
	a) Tree structure	b) Single level	
	c) Two level	d) General graph	
4)	) A buffer consist of two parts- that identifies t	-memory array that contains data from disk and the buffer.	
	a) Buffer pool	b) Buffer data	
	c) Buffer header	d) None of these	
5)	) The relocatable code is gene	rated at	
	a) Compile time	b) Load time	
	c) Execution time	d) Run time	



6)	When a page must be replaced	chooses the page that has				
	not been used for the longest pe	eriod of time.				
	a) FIFO	b) Optimal				
	c) LRU	d) None of these	,			
7)	Compaction is a solution for					
	a) Internal fragmentation	b) Segmentation				
	c) Both	d) External fragn	nentation			
8)	allocation method d	loes not support di	rect access.			
	a) Index	b) Contiguous				
	c) Linked	d) All the above				
9)	Demand paging is a	system.				
	a) Virtual memory	b) Job Schedulin	ng			
	c) CPU Scheduling	d) None of these	•			
10)	In contiguous memory allocation, the memory is usually divided into two partitions, one for the resident operating system and one for					
	a) System processes	b) User process	es			
	c) Ready processes	d) None of these	•			
2. Ar	nswer any five of the following:			10		
1)	Explain file types.					
2)	Explain the necessary condition	ns from which dea	dlock can be occurred.			
3)	What is virtual memory?					
4)	Explain features and UNIX OS.					
5)	What are the different methods	for accessing file	?			
6)	What is demand paging?					



3.	A) Answer any two of the following:	6
	1) Describe various directory structures.	
in	2) Why is safe and unsafe state of a system? It is possible that a system is unsafe state but not deadlocked?	
	3) Explain layout of system memory.	
	B) Write a note on segmentation.	4
4.	Answer <b>any two</b> of the following:	10
	1) Explain optimal page replacement.	
	2) Explain process states and transitions in detail.	
	3) Explain deadlock prevention techniques.	
5.	Answer <b>any two</b> of the following;	10
	1) Explain structure of buffer header and buffer pool.	
	2) Explain the sleep and wake up algorithms.	
	3) Explain segmentation in detail.	



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# B.Sc. (ECS) – II (Sem. – IV) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE (New) (Paper – II) Object Oriented Programming Using C++ – II

		Obj	ject Oriented Pro	ogramming Us	sing C++ - II	
•		d Date : Mond 1.00 a.m. to	lay, 11-5-2015 1.00 p.m.		Max. Marks :	50
		N. B. :	1) <b>All</b> questions a 2) Figures to the		<b>II</b> marks.	
1. (	Cho	oose correct a	alternatives.			10
	1)	Which of the	following function t	o close the file ir	n C++ ?	
		a) FcloseFile	e()	b) remove ()		
		c) close ()		d) none of the	ese	
	2)			eating only one	derived class from many	
	base classes.				_	
			nheritance			
		c) Single		d) All of above		
	3)		_ is member function	on to read the cha	aracter from file.	
		a) get ()	b) put ( )	c) char()	d) none of these	
	4)	In inheritance	e, we have to creat	e object of derive	ed class.	
		a) True	b) False			
	5)		_ mode is used to s	eek the end of fil	es at opening.	
		a) ios::in	b) ios::app	c) ios::ape	d) ios::out	
	6)		_ class can not be ir	nstantiated.		
		a) Friend	b) Abstract	c) Inherited	d) Both b), c)	
	7)		_function does not	have any definat	ion.	
		a) inline	b) Friend	c) Virtual	d) Pure Virtual	
	8)		_ base class means	s it contain pure v	virtual function.	
	-	a) Virtual	b) inline	c) Abstract	d) None of these	

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	<ul> <li>9) File allows temporary storage of data.</li> <li>a) True</li> <li>b) False</li> <li>10) is extraction operator.</li> <li>a) &gt;&gt; b) &lt;&lt; c) + d) none of these</li> </ul>	
2.	Answer any five of the following:  1) Define derived class.  2) State any four stream state member function.  3) Write use of 'this' keyword.  4) Define runtime binding.  5) Define hierarchical inheritance.  6) Write the use of seek () function.	10
3.	<ul> <li>A) Answer any two of the following:</li> <li>1) Explain virtual base class.</li> <li>2) What are the types of polymorphism?</li> <li>3) Explain pointer object with example.</li> <li>B) Write a program in C++ to copy one file into another.</li> </ul>	6
4.	Answer <b>any two</b> of the following:  1) Explain exception handling in C++.  2) Explain different types of stream classes used in C++.  3) Write a program in C++ to implement hierarchical inheritance.	10
5.	<ul> <li>Answer any two of the following:</li> <li>1) Explain virtual, pure virtual functions with e.g.</li> <li>2) Write a program in C++ to read a file and to count the no. of blank spaces,</li> </ul>	10

lines, character from that file.

3) Write a short note on 'inheritance'.

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# B.Sc. (ECS) – II (Semester – IV) (New) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE

	Paper – II	I : Data Structu	res and Algorith	nms – II
-	nd Date : Tuesday, 12 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p			Max. Marks : 50
	,	<b>All</b> questions are Figures to the <b>rig</b>	<b>compulsory</b> . <b>Iht</b> place indicate <b>f</b> t	<b>ıll</b> marks.
1. Cł	noose the correct alte	ernatives :		10
1)	In a complete binar	y tree the number	of nodes in level 0	s
	a) 0	b) 1	c) 2	d) 3
2)	In AVL Tree, the Baa) 1, 2, 3		ch node is either c) - 1, 0, 1	d) 2. 0. – 2
3)	In which type of BS	,	,	-, -, -, -
0)	a) Preorder		c) Postorder	d) DFS
4)	For Graph Traversa	al which method is	used?	
	a) BFS	b) DFS	c) Both a and b	d) None of these
5)	Number of nodes in	a full binary tree o	of height h is calcul	ated as
	a) 2 * h – 1	b) 2 + h – 1	c) 2 <sup>h</sup> – 1	d) $2^3 - h$
6)	A directed graph is	if it has	no cycle.	
	a) Cyclic	b) Acyclic	c) Both a and b	d) None of these
7)	Which of the followi	ng sorting techniq	ue applied on two s	orted lists?
	a) Insertion Sort	b) Radix Sort	c) Quick Sort	d) Merge Sort
8)	The complexity of li	near search algori	thm is	
	a) O (n)	b) O (log n)	c) O (n2)	d) O (n log n)

**SLR-0 - 43** \_\_ Algorithm searches a given value or element in an already 9) sorted array by repeatedly dividing the search interval into half. b) Binary Search c) Quick Sort a) Hashing d) Radix Sort 10) When two keys hash to the same slot, we call the situation as a) Hashing b) Collision c) Slotting d) Inserting 10 2. Answer any five of the following: 1) Define the term predecessor and successor of a node. 2) Define siblings with example. 3) What is sorting? What are the types of sorting? 4) What are the advantages of binary search over the linear search? 5) Explain folding method of hashing. 6) What are the applications of graph? 3. A) Answer any two of the following: 6 1) Construct a Binary Search Tree for the following data 30, 24, 45, 67, 82, 12, 19, 37, 20, 56, 72. 2) Explain the method of searching the element using Binary search technique. 3) Explain B+ tree with example. B) Explain the different types of AVL rotations. 4 4. Answer any two of the following: 10 1) Write a function to insert a node in binary search tree. 2) Write a program to sort a list of elements using Quick sort. 3) Explain the adjacency matrix representation of a Graph with example. 5. Answer any two of the following: 10 1) Write an algorithm for Preorder tree traversal and give its example.

2) Write an Algorithm for simple insertion sort.

3) Explain the BFS traversal with example.

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OMPUTER SCI	ENCE (Paper –		
•		Max. Marks : 50	0
, -	_	marks.	
ternative.		10	0
w coupling relatio	nship is		
	b) Worst		
	d) Balanced		
ontains data which	n retained permane	ently within the system.	
	b) Master		
	d) Library		
ames given to data	a items are called a	as	
b) Structure	c) Alias	d) None	
ool is used to store	e source or destina	ition of data.	
b) Entity	c) Process	d) Dataflow	
ated with i/p and c	p/p only of the prog	ram.	
	b) BBT		
	d) Beta testing		
is achieved when	all repeating group	os are removed.	
b) 2 NF	c) 3 NF	d) None	
	Software En  ay, 13-5-2015 p.m.  1) Figures to the In  2) All questions a  Iternative.  w coupling relation  ontains data which  ames given to data b) Structure  ool is used to store b) Entity  ated with i/p and of  is achieved when	OMPUTER SCIENCE (Paper – Software Engineering – II  ay, 13-5-2015 p.m.  1) Figures to the right indicate full (2) All questions are compulsory.  Iternative.  w coupling relationship is b) Worst d) Balanced  ontains data which retained permane b) Master d) Library  ames given to data items are called a b) Structure c) Alias  ool is used to store source or destinat b) Entity c) Process  ated with i/p and o/p only of the prog b) BBT d) Beta testing	Ay, 13-5-2015 p.m.  1) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 2) All questions are compulsory.  Iternative.  10) Worst  11) Balanced  Intains data which retained permanently within the system.  12) b) Master  13) Master  14) Library  15) All as d) None  16) Structure  17) C) Process  18) Dataflow  18) Entity  19) Process  19) BBT  19) Beta testing  19  10) Interval of the program.  19) Beta testing  10) Interval of the program.  10) Beta testing  11) Interval of the program.  12) Beta testing  13) Interval of the program.  14) Beta testing  15) Interval of the program.  16) Beta testing  17) Interval of the program.  18) Beta testing  19) Interval of the program.  19) Beta testing  19) Interval of the program.  20) Beta testing  21) Interval of the program.  22) Interval of the program.  23) Beta testing  24) Interval of the program.  25) Beta testing  26) Interval of the program.  26) Beta testing  27) Interval of the program.  28) Beta testing  29) Interval of the program of the program.  20) Beta testing  20) Interval of the program of the program of the program.  20) Beta testing  21) Interval of the program of the progra



	7)	Afferent modules g	et data from		_ and forward i	t.	
		a) Co-ordinates		b) Sub-ordinates			
		c) Super-ordinates	6	d)	All		
	8)	A give stores.	s entire picture of	f ex	ternal entities, p	processes and data	
		a) ER diagram		b)	Structure char	t	
		c) DFD		d)	Decision table		
	9)	are used	l as dummy module	sin	top down increme	entalimplementation.	
		a) Pilots	b) Pivots	c)	Stubs	d) Drivers	
	10)	Many changes pre approach is used.	sent in the new sys	ster	m as compared	to old then	
		a) Direct	b) Pilot	c)	Phase in	d) Phase out	
2.	Ans	swer any five of the	following.				10
	1)	What is file organis	sation?				
	2)	What do you mear	by configuring the	e sy	/stem?		
	3)	Explain the steps in	n traditional appro	ach	ı.		
	4)	Explain alpha testii	ng.				
	5)	What do you mean	by changeover?				
	6)	State the guideline	s for drawing DFD	).			
	7)	Explain the need o	f ER diagram.				
3.	A) .	Answer <b>any two</b> of	the following.				6
		1) Explain Pilot ap	proach.				
		2) Explain drawba	cks of CASE Tool	s.			
		3) Enlist the conte	nts of Data diction	nary	<b>/</b> .		
	B)	Explain Payroll syst	em in detail.				4

4. Answer any two of the following.

10

- 1) Explain the Integrated CASE environments.
- 2) Explain Normalization in detail.
- 3) Explain the steps in implementation.
- 5. Answer any two of the following.

10

- 1) Explain incremental approach to system implementation and give some benefits of it.
- 2) Compare Black box testing with White box testing.
- 3) What is system maintenance? Explain three categories of maintenance.

\_\_\_\_\_



Seat	
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## B.Sc. (ECS) – II (Semester – IV) (New) Examination, 2015 ELECTRONICS Organization of PC – II (Paper – V)

Day an	nd Date : Thurso	day, 14-5-2015		Max. Marks : 5	0
Time:	11.00 a.m. to 1	.00 p.m.			
<i>In</i> :	structions: 1)	<b>All</b> questions are <b>c</b>	ompulsory.		
	2)	Figures to the <b>righ</b>	nt place indicate fu	II marks.	
1. Mu	ultiple choice qu	uestions :		1	0
1)		cable has single thi	ck copper wire.		
	a) Twisted pa		o) Co-axial cable		
	c) Fibre optics	s cable (	d) None		
2)	Int	two systems can cor	nmunicate in both c	lirections simultaneously.	
	a) Simplex	I	b) Half Duplex		
	c) Full Duplex	(	d) None		
3)	In a	topology eac	ch node is connecte	ed to a central hub.	
	a) Ring	b) Bus	c) Star	d) Mesh	
4)	When 80486 is	s reset it enters the _	mode	) <b>.</b>	
	a) real	b) protecte	d c) parallel	d) serial	
5)	In	all computers are	e of equal capacity.		
	a) Server bas	ed network I	o) Peer-to-Peer		
	c) Terminal	•	d) None		
6)	co	nnects two network	s forming internetv	vork.	
	a) Hub	b) Router	c) Bridge	d) Switch	
7)	The	uses a four level r	memory protection		
	a) 80186	b) 80286	c) 80386	d) 80486	
8)	In fibre optics	the signal source is	wave.		
	a) Radio	b) Light	c) Electrica	l d) None	

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	9)	is a guided med	lia.		
		a) Air	b) Twisted pair cable		
		c) Radio wave	d) Microwave		
	10)	The is the first a) 80186 b) 80	·	ernal cache memory. d) 80486	
2	. An	swer <b>any five</b> of the followin	g :		10
	1)	What is RISC?			
	2)	Draw diagram of mesh topol	ogy.		
	3)	Write four characteristics of	TTL logic family.		
	4)	Give features of 80286 proc	essor.		
	5)	Write seven layer of OSI Re	erence Model.		
	6)	Draw diagram of any two SM	1D devices.		
3		Answer <b>any two</b> of the follows 1) Write short note on SMT 2) Explain CPLD.  3) Write note on CISC.  Explain two network topolog			6
4		tempt <b>any two</b> of the followin Explain instruction and exec	_	or.	10
	,	Explain basic concept of PL	•		
	3)	Explain Network Interface C	ard.		
5	-	tempt <b>any two</b> of the followin			10
		What is guided media? Exp	_		
	2)	Write functions of following	nedia :		
		1) Repeater			
		2) Hub			
		<ul><li>3) Switch</li><li>4) Router</li></ul>			
		5) Bridge.			
	3)	Give features of 80486 and I	Pentium processor.		

Seat	

No.

R Sc. (ECS) (Part – II) (Semester – IV) Examination

# B.Sc. (ECS) (Part – II) (Semester – IV) Examination, 2015 MICROPROCESSOR – II (Paper – VI) (New)

			(	,
Day and	d Date : Friday, 15-5	5-2015		Max. Marks : 50
Time: 1	1.00 a.m. to 1.00 p	.m.		
	<i>2</i> )	•	<b>compulsory</b> . Int indicate full man Ist be drawn where	
1. Cho	oose correct alterna	tives:		10
1)	80486 is	_ bit processor.		
	a) 8	b) 32	c) 16	d) 20
2)	8253 has	no. of mod	les.	
	a) 4	b) 3	c) 6	d) 8
3)	8257 has	no. of channels		
	a) 3	b) 16	c) 8	d) 4
4)	XCHG is	instruction.		
	a) logical	b) data transfer	c) arithmetic	d) program
5)	8086 has	flags.		
	a) 9	b) 5	c) 17	d) 21
6)	8255 consist of	ports.		
	a) 2	b) 3	c) 8	d) 6
7)	pro	ocessor control inst	truction.	
	a) CLI	b) RCL	c) RET	d) JZ
8)	8086 has	_ byte instruction o	queue.	
	a) 3	b) pipelined	c) 6	d) 32

SLI	R-O	<b>- 46</b>						
	9)	Pin on	is	used to cont	rol mode of 8086.			
		a) 31	b) 33		c) 32	d)	30	
	10)	REPENZ is	i	nstruction.				
		a) logical	b) ari	ithmetic	c) processor	d)	string	
2.	Atte	empt <b>any five</b> of the	follow	ving :			1	10
	a)	Explain interfacing						
	b)	Explain instruction	queue	e of 8086.				
	c)	Explain STC, CLD	instruc	ction.				
	d)	Write program for a	additio	n of two nun	nbers.			
	e)	Explain function of	pin IN	TR, HOLD,	ALE, DEN of 8086.			
	f)	Explain segment re	egister	rs of 8086.				
3.	A) /	Attempt <b>any two</b> of	the fol	llowing:				6
		1) Explain flag regi	ster of	32 bit micro	processor.			
	2	2) Explain arithmet	ic instr	ruction.				
	;	3) Explain modes o	f 8253	i.				
	B) I	Explain maximum n	node o	f 8086.				4
4.	Atte	empt <b>any two</b> of the	follow	ving :			1	10
	1)	Explain control wo	rd of 82	253.				
	2)	Explain flag registe	er of 80	)86.				
	3)	Explain 8255 with I	olock d	liagram.				
5.	Atte	empt <b>any two</b> of the	follow	ving :			1	10
	1)	Explain 8086 with I	olock d	liagram.				
	2)	Compare 80486 ar	nd Pen	tium proces	sor.			
	3)	Explain program c	ontrol i	instruction.				

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B.Sc. (ECS) - II (Semester - I' ENGLISH - II (	
Day and Date: Saturday, 16-5-2015	Max. Marks : 50
Time: 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.	
<b>N.B.</b> : i) <b>All</b> questions are ii) Figures to the <b>rig</b>	compulsory. Iht indicate full marks.
A) Fill in the blanks in the following sent alternatives:	ences by choosing the correct  6
<ul> <li>1) Self-esteem as a</li> <li>a) self image</li> <li>b) self character</li> <li>c) a confidence and satisfaction i</li> <li>d) self-motivation</li> </ul>	n onself
<ul> <li>2) Creativity is the ability to</li> <li>a) to discover something which is</li> <li>b) to imagine or invent something</li> <li>c) to write and think in positive m</li> <li>d) to have power of writing</li> </ul>	s already discovered g new
<ul><li>3) Building self-confidence is an art of a) Positive thinking</li><li>c) Theoretical thinking</li></ul>	of b) Practical thinking d) Philosophical thinking
<ul> <li>4) Intrapersonal means</li> <li>a) the ability to understand onese</li> <li>b) the ability to understand others</li> <li>c) the ability to understand socie</li> <li>d) the ability to understand friend</li> </ul>	elf s ty



	5) Interview is a form of		m of	con	nmunication.		
		a) Oral	b) Written	c)	Small	d) Mass	
	6)		$_{ extstyle }$ is a function of $ extstyle $	orain			
		a) values	b) learning	c)	memory	d) ability	
	B) Mat	tch the pair.					4
		Α				В	
	1)	Extempore spee	ech		a) To know th	e spectators	
	2)	Spearman's the	ory of intelligence	Э	b) Speech wit	hout preparation	
	3)	Emotional intellig	gence		c) Missing ele	ement in explanation	
	4)	Audience aware	ness		d) Two factor	theory	
					e) Primary me	ental abilities	
2.	Give b	rief answers to th	e following ques	tion	s (attempt <b>any</b>	five) :	10
	1) WI	hat is learning?					
	2) WI	hat is memory?					
	3) WI	hat is thinking pro	ocess?				
	4) WI	hat is decision ma	aking and proble	m so	olving?		
	5) WI	hat is etiquette?					
	6) WI	hat is group dyna	ımics?				
3.	A) Wri	te short notes on	any two of the f	ollov	wing :		6
	1)	Describe group	development pro	cess	<b>S</b> .		
	-	State the import	<del>-</del>	_	kill.		
	,	Describe stress	J	ilis.			4
	•	empt <b>any one</b> of t Discuss leaders	_				4
	•	How you will bui	•	e ?			
4.	Attemo	ot <b>any one</b> of the	followina:				10
	-	hat is the importa	_	ills i	n organization	?	
	•	hat are the team	_		J		
_	,						
5.		ın imaginary inter	-				40
	chiland	ood, cricket and h	ııs personaı inter	esti	n society and p	DONTICS.	10



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# B.Sc. (ECS) – II (Semester – IV) (Old) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE (Paper – I) Operating Systems – II

Operating	Systems – II
Day and Date : Saturday, 9-5-2015 Time : 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.	Max. Marks : 50
Instructions: 1) All questions are co 2) Figures to the right	
1. Choose the correct alternative.	10
1) Virtual memory is commonly impler	mented by
a) Segmentation b) Swapping	c) Demand paging d) None of these
2) Unix operating system is written in	a
a) High level language	b) Low level language
c) Assembly language	d) BASIC language
3) Shared sub-directories and files ar	e example of
<ul> <li>a) A cyclic graph directory</li> </ul>	b) Tree structured directory
c) One level directory	d) Two level directory
4) Where does the swap space reside	?
a) RAM b) Disk	c) ROM d) On-chip Cache
5) An address in main memory is called	ed
a) Physical address	b) Logical address
c) Virtual address	d) Secret address
6) The buffer header contains a	field.
a) Device number	b) Block number
c) Both a and b	d) None of these

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7)	The minimum number of process involved in any deadlock can be				
	a) one b) two	c)	more than two	d) any number	
8)	Which of the following is characteristal. Hierarchical structure		b) Dynamic growth of files		
9)	c) Protection of file data  Banker's algorithm is a	Í	All of these		
	<ul><li>a) Dead lock prevention algorithm</li><li>c) Dead lock avoidance algorithm</li></ul>	-		on algorithm	
10)	Files can have a) Read access b) Copy access	c)	Write access	d) All of these	
a) b) c) d) e)	Give the disadvantages of buffer can What is safe and unsafe state of a s Give the difference between swap in What is shell? Give the operations of a file. What is fragmentation?	yst	em?		10
	Answer <b>any two</b> of the following.  1) Explain single level directory structure.  2) What is deadlock? Give one exacts.  3) What are advantages of linked file.	mp	le.	uous file allocation.	6
,	Explain unix file system.				4
1) 2)	nswer <b>any two</b> of the following.  Discuss deadlock prevention strateg  Write note on segmentation.  Explain different file types.	gies	S.		10
1)	nswer <b>any one</b> of the following.  Explain process states and transitio  What are page faults? When do to page replacement in brief.				10

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•	•	, , ,	•	
nd Date :Monday, 11-	5-2015		Total Marks	: 50
11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.r	n.			
, ,		•		
noose the correct alte	rnatives.			10
Which of the following this pointer?	ng ways are lega	to access a class	data member using	
a) this $\rightarrow x$	b) this . x	c) * this x	d) ** this $-x$	
a) operator overload	ding	b) function ove	rloading	
<ul><li>with same prototype</li><li>a) Compiler reports</li><li>b) Only base class</li><li>c) Only derived class</li><li>d) Base class object</li></ul>	e? an error on comp function will get o as function will ge t will call base cla	pilation called irrespective et called irrespecti	of object. ve of object.	ll call
Which of the following a) Multiple			d) Hierarchical	
a) Public data mem	bers	b) Private data	members	
a) a pointer to an ob	pject	b) an object to	reference	.T.O.
	and Date :Monday, 11-5 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.r.  structions: 1) All qual 2) Figure  noose the correct alter Which of the following this → x  Which of the following a) operator overload c) function overriding  What happens if the with same prototype a) Compiler reports b) Only base class c) Only derived class c) Only derived class function of the following a) Multiple  Which of the following a) Multiple  Which of the following a) Public data mem c) Protected data mem c) Protected data mem c) Protected data mem c) a pointer to an object of the function whose all the function whose an o	and Date: Monday, 11-5-2015 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.  Structions: 1) All questions are commal 2) Figures to the right in the mose the correct alternatives.  Which of the following ways are legal ('this' pointer?  a) this → x b) this . x  Which of the following is a mechanism a) operator overloading c) function overriding  What happens if the base and derived with same prototype?  a) Compiler reports an error on compile to compile the compile of the following is not type of in the compile of the following is not type of in the compile of the following are available of a) Public data members  c) Protected data members  c) Protected data members	and Date :Monday, 11-5-2015 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.  Structions: 1) All questions are compulsory.  2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.  10 noose the correct alternatives.  Which of the following ways are legal to access a class 'this' pointer?  a) this → x b) this . x c) * this x  Which of the following is a mechanism of static polymonal a) operator overloading b) function oven c) function overriding d) both a and by the same prototype?  a) Compiler reports an error on compilation b) Only base class function will get called irrespective c) Only derived class function will get called irrespective c) Only derived class function will get called irrespective d) Base class object will call base class function and dederived class function.  Which of the following is not type of inheritance?  a) Multiple b) Multilevel c) Distributive which of the following are available only in the class hi a) Public data members b) Private data c) Protected data members d) Member function whose prototype is void getData (Item * the a) a pointer to an object b) an object to	structions: 1) All questions are compulsory.  2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.  noose the correct alternatives.  Which of the following ways are legal to access a class data member using 'this' pointer?  a) this → x b) this . x c) * this x d) ** this − x  Which of the following is a mechanism of static polymorphism?  a) operator overloading b) function overloading c) function overriding d) both a and b  What happens if the base and derived class contains definition of a function with same prototype?  a) Compiler reports an error on compilation  b) Only base class function will get called irrespective of object.  c) Only derived class function will get called irrespective of object.  d) Base class object will call base class function and derived class object will derived class function.  Which of the following is not type of inheritance?  a) Multiple b) Multilevel c) Distributive d) Hierarchical  Which of the following are available only in the class hierarchy chain?  a) Public data members b) Private data members  c) Protected data members d) Member functions.  The function whose prototype is void getData (Item * things); it receives  a) a pointer to an object b) an object to reference



7)	To hide data member from outside members you must declare the data members in the section of the class.				
	a) restricted b) confidential		d) private		
8)	ios : : in mode is used for				
	a) open for reading	b) open for writir	ng		
	c) open as a binary file	d) open for trunc	cate a file		
9)	Which one of the following is incorrect	about catch state	ment?		
	a) The exception handler is indicated	by the catch keyw	ord		
	b) Catch must be used immediately aft	er the statements m	narked by the try keyword		
	c) The catch can also occur immedia	tely after another c	atch		
	d) Catch can be used to generate the	exception			
<ul><li>10) Manipulator setw () is used to perform following action.</li><li>a) Sets the field width</li></ul>					
	b) Sets the format flag				
	c) Sets the floating point				
	d) None of these				
2. Ar	nswer <b>any five</b> of the following:		(5× 2=10)		
1)	What does inheritance mean in C++?				
2)	What is virtual function?				
3)	What is file ?				
4)	List out the C++ predefined console s	tream classes.			
5)	What is meant by pointer to object?				
6)	What is meant by exception?				



3.	A)	Answer any	<b>/ two</b> of	the	following.
----	----	------------	-----------------	-----	------------

 $(2 \times 3 = 6)$ 

- 1) What are file pointers? Describe get-pointers and put pointers.
- 2) What is an abstract class?
- 3) List out C++ predefined parameterized manipulators in C++.
- B) Write a program which copies the contents of one file to new file.

4

4. Answer any two of the following.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

- 1) What is meant by inheritance? Explain each type of inheritance with example.
- 2) Explain in detail different methods of opening a file.
- 3) Draw file stream class hierarchy diagram and explain its members.
- 5. Answer any two of the following.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

- 1) Explain in detail polymorphism in C++ and give an example of dynamic binding.
- 2) Explain different file modes used in C++.
- 3) Explain following terms in detail:
  - a) try

- b) catch
- c) throw



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# B.Sc. (E.C.S.) I (Semester – I) Examination, 2015 STATISTICS (Paper – V) (CGPA Pattern)

	Theory –	I : Descriptive S	, .	obability	
-	nd Date : Friday, 17- 11.00 a.m. to 2.00			Max. Marks : 7	70
	ii) iii)	Use <b>separate</b> ansv Figures to <b>right</b> ind Use of <b>any</b> type of Graph paper will be	licate <b>full</b> marks. calculator is <b>allowe</b>		
		SECTION	ON – I		
		(Descriptive	Statistics)		
1. Se	elect most correct a	nswer:			5
i) If population is heterogeneous, the representative sample.			sampling m	ethod provides most	
	a) SRS		b) Systematic		
	c) Stratified		d) All of these		
ii)	of the foll	owing has adjacent	rectangles.		
	a) Histogram		b) Simple bar dia	agram	
	c) Sub-divided ba	r diagram	d) All of these		
iii)	Measures of centr	al tendency that aff	ected by extreme c	bservations is	
	a) Median	b) Mode	c) A.M.	d) All of these	
iv)	The range of 20 ob range =	servations is 30, if e	each observation is	increased by 5 then	
	a) 15	b) 35	c) 20	d) 30	
v)	If third order centra	al moment is –ve, tl	nen the frequency (	distribution is	
ŕ	a) mesokurtic		b) symmetric		
	c) skewed		d) none of these		
				P.1	<b>7.0</b>



### 2. Attempt any five:

10

- i) Define Continuous variable.
- ii) State any two requirements of good measures of central tendency.
- iii) Define Class frequency.
- iv) Given -n = 20,  $\overline{X} = 10$ , C.V. = 49. Find variance.
- v) The r<sup>th</sup> order moment about point 4 is 6. Find  $\overline{X}$ .
- vi) Given  $\mu_2$  = 4 ,  $\mu_4$  = 48 , comment on Kurtosis of frequency distribution.
- vii) Given A.M. = 40, Median = 25, find mode (use empirical relation).

### 3. A) Attempt any two:

10

- i) Write a short note on weighted A.M.
- ii) Explain Simple Random Sampling method.
- iii) Given : n = 15,  $\Sigma (X \overline{X})^2 = 120$ ,  $\Sigma (X \overline{X})^3 = -60$ ,  $\Sigma (X \overline{X})^4 = 225$ . Comment on Skewness of the frequency distribution.

### B) Attempt any one:

10

- i) Explain construction of histogram. How mode is determined by using histogram?
- ii) Find Range, coefficient of range, S.D. C.V. for the following data:

Class	Frequency		
6 – 10	4		
10 – 14	9		
14 – 18	12		
18 – 22	10		
22-26	6		
26 – 30	3		

### SECTION-II

# (Probability Theory – I)

1.	Se	elect most correct an	swer:				5
	i)	In $np_r$ , the restrictio a) $n > r$		c)	r ≤ n	d) n = r	
	ii)	Number of ways by 3 teachers and 5 en	ngineers is				
		a) 12	b) 7	c)	8	d) 9	
	iii)	If A is a subset of B	s, then P $(A/B)$ is eq	ual	to		
		a) zero	b) one	c)	P (A) P (B)	d) $\frac{P(B)}{P(A)}$	
	iv)	If V (X) = 9 then V (	(2X + 3) =				
	,	a) 9	b) 21	c)	39	d) 36	
v) A discrete r.v. X takes its all possible values equally likely, then X has distribution.							
		<ul><li>a) Binomial</li><li>c) Hypergeometric</li></ul>		-	Discrete unifor Poisson	m	
2.	Ar	nswer <b>any five</b> of the	following:				10
	i)	i) Define sample space and event.					
	ii)	Define expectation	and variance of a di	scr	ete random var	iable.	
	iii)	Define discrete unif	orm distribution.				
	iv) Give axiomatic definition of probability.						
	v) In how many ways all the letters of the word LION be arranged if repetition is not allowed?						
	vi)	If P (B) = 0.4 P (A	$\cup$ B) = 0.5 then find	Р(	$\overline{A}/\overline{B}$ ).		

vii) Four cards are drawn from a pack of 52 playing cards. What is the probability

of getting 2 king and 2 queen cards?



3. A) Answer any two of the following:

10

i) Define binomial distribution. State its mean and variance.

If 
$$X \sim B$$
 (n = 10, p = 0.4), find P (X  $\leq$  1).

- ii) Define c.d.f. and state its properties.
- iii) The probability distribution of a discrete r.v. X is given by :

Х	0	1	2	3
P (X = x)	<u>1</u> 6	1 2	3 10	К

Find the value of K.

Also find the cumulative distribution function and P ( $X \le 2.5$ ).

B) Answer any one of the following:

10

- i) State and prove addition law of probability.
- ii) Prove that

a) 
$$P(\overline{A}) = 1 - P(A)$$

b) If  $A \subset B$  the  $P(A) \leq P(B)$ .

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Time: 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.  Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.  2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.  1. Choose correct alternatives.  1) A tree contains a) no loops b) no cycles c) both a & b d) none of these elements are compulsory.  2) In AVL tree the balance factor of each node must be in the range of a) 0, 1, 2 b) 1, 0, 1 c) -2, 1, 2 d) -1, 0, 1  3) Which of the traversal technique lists the nodes of a binary search tree in ascending order? a) Post-order b) In-order c) Pre-order d) None of these elements are provided by responding to queries only c) making searching easier and efficient d) minimizing the storage needed  5) Which of the following algorithm solves all-pair shortest path problem? a) Prim's algorithm b) Warshall's algorithm			CON	MPUTER SCIE	NCE (Paper – II nd Algorithms –	II)	
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.  1. Choose correct alternatives.  1) A tree contains a) no loops b) no cycles c) both a & b d) none of these 2) In AVL tree the balance factor of each node must be in the range of a) 0, 1, 2 b) 1, 0, 1 c) -2, 1, 2 d) -1, 0, 1  3) Which of the traversal technique lists the nodes of a binary search tree in ascending order? a) Post-order b) In-order c) Pre-order d) None of these 4) Sorting is useful for a) report generation b) responding to queries only c) making searching easier and efficient d) minimizing the storage needed  5) Which of the following algorithm solves all-pair shortest path problem? a) Prim's algorithm b) Warshall's algorithm		,	• •			Max. Marks	: 50
<ul> <li>1) A tree contains</li></ul>		In	•		•		
<ul> <li>a) no loops</li> <li>b) no cycles</li> <li>c) both a &amp; b</li> <li>d) none of these</li> <li>2) In AVL tree the balance factor of each node must be in the range of</li></ul>	1.	Cł	noose correct alternat	ives.			10
<ul> <li>a) 0, 1, 2</li> <li>b) 1, 0, 1</li> <li>c) -2, 1, 2</li> <li>d) -1, 0, 1</li> <li>3) Which of the traversal technique lists the nodes of a binary search tree in ascending order?</li> <li>a) Post-order</li> <li>b) In-order</li> <li>c) Pre-order</li> <li>d) None of these</li> <li>4) Sorting is useful for</li> <li>a) report generation</li> <li>b) responding to queries only</li> <li>c) making searching easier and efficient</li> <li>d) minimizing the storage needed</li> <li>5) Which of the following algorithm solves all-pair shortest path problem?</li> <li>a) Prim's algorithm</li> <li>b) Warshall's algorithm</li> </ul>		1)			c) both a & b	d) none of these.	
<ul> <li>3) Which of the traversal technique lists the nodes of a binary search tree in ascending order? <ul> <li>a) Post-order</li> <li>b) In-order</li> <li>c) Pre-order</li> <li>d) None of these</li> </ul> </li> <li>4) Sorting is useful for</li></ul>		2)	In AVL tree the balan	ce factor of each i	node must be in the	e range of	-
ascending order?  a) Post-order b) In-order c) Pre-order d) None of these  4) Sorting is useful for  a) report generation b) responding to queries only c) making searching easier and efficient d) minimizing the storage needed  5) Which of the following algorithm solves all-pair shortest path problem? a) Prim's algorithm b) Warshall's algorithm			a) 0, 1, 2	b) 1, 0, 1	c) -2, 1, 2	d) -1, 0, 1	
<ul> <li>4) Sorting is useful for</li> <li>a) report generation</li> <li>b) responding to queries only</li> <li>c) making searching easier and efficient</li> <li>d) minimizing the storage needed</li> <li>5) Which of the following algorithm solves all-pair shortest path problem?</li> <li>a) Prim's algorithm</li> <li>b) Warshall's algorithm</li> </ul>	·		al technique lists	the nodes of a bir	nary search tree in		
<ul> <li>a) report generation</li> <li>b) responding to queries only</li> <li>c) making searching easier and efficient</li> <li>d) minimizing the storage needed</li> <li>5) Which of the following algorithm solves all-pair shortest path problem ?</li> <li>a) Prim's algorithm</li> <li>b) Warshall's algorithm</li> </ul>			a) Post-order	b) In-order	c) Pre-order	d) None of these	
<ul><li>5) Which of the following algorithm solves all-pair shortest path problem?</li><li>a) Prim's algorithm</li><li>b) Warshall's algorithm</li></ul>		4)	<ul><li>a) report generation</li><li>b) responding to que</li></ul>	eries only	ient		
a) Prim's algorithm b) Warshall's algorithm		, ,					
c) Dijkstra's algorithm d) Floyd's algorithm		5)	a) Prim's algorithm		b) Warshall's a	lgorithm	



6	3)	i) allowed in a binary search tree.				
		a) duplicate items are	not	b) duplicate item	s are	
		c) single item is not		d) none of these		
7	7)	Finding the location of	the element with	a given value is _		
		a) Traversal	b) Search	c) Sort	d) None of these	
8	3)	To represent hierarchi is suitable?	cal relationship be	etween elements, v	which data structure	
		a) Deque	b) Priority	c) Tree	d) All of these	
ę	9)	In a binary tree, certain point to nodes higher called			•	
		a) Leaf	b) branch	c) path	d) thread	
10	))	A connected graph wi			_	
		a) a tree graph	b) a tree	c) free tree	d) all of these	
2. /	٩n	swer <b>any five</b> of the fo	llowing.			10
-	1) What is strictly binary tree? Give one example.					
2	2)	What is graph? Expla	in undirected gra	ph.		
3	3) Construct a binary search tree for these numbers.					
		85, 32, 57, 92, 33, 90,	13, 89, 26, 98, 3	8, 59, 99		
4	4)	What is insertion sort	?			
5	5)	Define tree and root.				
6	3)	Explain indegree and	outdegree of nod	e with example.		



3.	A) Answer any two of the following.	6
	1) Write a function for post-order tree traversal.	
	2) Explain BFS.	
	3) Explain Hash function.	
	B) Write note on Radix Sort.	4
4.	Answer any two of the following.	10
	1) Explain height balance tree with example.	
	2) Write a function to search node from Binary search tree.	
	3) Explain the procedure for Dijkstra's algorithm.	
5.	Answer any two of the following.	10
	1) Explain different tree traversal methods.	
	2) Write a program for Quick sort.	
	3) Explain AOE network with suitable example.	



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## B.Sc. (ECS) – II (Semester – IV) (Old) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE (Paper – IV) Software Engineering – II

-	nd Date: Wednesday, 13-5-2015 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.		Max. Marks : 50
	Instructions: 1) All question 2) Figures to the	s are <b>compulsory</b> . ne <b>right</b> indicate <b>full</b> marks.	
1. Ch	noose correct alternative :		10
1)	is example of lang	guage processing tools.	
	a) Compilers	b) Interpreters	
	c) Both a and b	d) None of these	
2)	Black Box Testing attempts to fi	nd errors such as	-
	a) interface errors	b) incorrect or missing function	ns
	c) performance errors	d) all of these	
3)	Perfective maintenance involve qualities.	es changing software to improve	e some of its
	a) True	b) False	
4)	Rate of read, update, addition are the following?	nd deletion statistical are related	with which of
	a) External entities	b) Data stores	
	c) Data elements	d) Processes	
5)	Attribute is represented by		
	a) Diamond box	b) Rectangle	
	c) Ellipse	d) None of these	

6)	various objectives of input design	gn snould focus on	
	a) Avoiding delay		
	b) Avoiding errors in data		
	c) Controlling amount of input		
	d) All of above		
7)	Maintenance is necessary to e	liminate errors in the working system during	
	its working life.		
	a) True	b) False	
8)	Which of the following is not a co	component of a Data Dictionary?	
	a) Version	b) Length	
	c) Range	d) Aliases	
9)	is decomposition of	complex data structures into flat file called	
	relations.		
	a) normalization	b) association	
	c) both a and b	d) none of these	
10)	On line system is usually intera	ctive and menu driven.	
	a) True	b) False	
2. An	swer any five of the following:		10
1)	Write types of output.		
2)	What is advantages of Data Di	ctionary?	
3)	Define Entity.		
4)	Define Workbench.		
5)	What is meant by change over	?	
6)	Define Relationship.		

3.	A) Answer any two of the following:	6
	1) Write note on incremental approach.	
	2) Explain need of testing.	
	3) Explain basic steps in Data Capture.	
	B) Explain components of Data Dictionary.	4
4.	Answer any two of the following:	10
	1) Explain bottom up implementation.	
	2) Explain the different methods of conversion from old system to new system.	
	3) Draw a CLD for inventory control system.	
5.	Answer any two of the following:	10
	1) Explain benefits and weaknesses of CASE tool.	
	<ol><li>Explain First Normal Form (1 NF), Second Normal Form (2 NF) and Third Normal Form (3 NF).</li></ol>	
	3) Explain Black Box Testing.	

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### B.Sc. (ECS) – II (Semester – IV) (Old) Examination, 2015 ELECTRONICS (Paper – V) Organization of PC – II

		Organiz	ation of P	C – II		
-	nd Date : Thursday, 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p				Max. Ma	arks : 50
		i) <b>All</b> questior i) Draw neat d	_	_	and carry <b>equal</b> man ecessary.	ks.
1. Fil	l in the blanks with	correct alterna	ative and re	write:		10
1)	Fan out of TTL logi	c is				
	a) 2	b) 5	c) 08	3	d) 10	
2)	In a	_ there are set	of AND gat	tes.		
	a) PLA	b) CPLD	c) FF	PGA	d) none of thes	se
3)	Inestablish a connec				rough holes which	
	a) PTM	b) SMT	c) SI	MC	d) both b and c	;
4)	Inter 80286 has		operating m	node.		
	a) minimum and m	naximum	b) lo	w and hi	gh	
	c) real and protect	ted	d) no	one		
5)	The	is the 1 <sup>st</sup> in	tel up with i	nternal c	ache memory.	
	a) 80186	b) 80286	c) 80	0386	d) 80486	
6)	waves	are unidirection	nal.			
	a) Microwave		b) Ra	adiowave	es	
	c) both a and b		d) no	one		

**SLR-O - 52** 7) \_\_\_\_\_is a multiport repeater. a) HUB b) Repeater d) Switches c) Router 8) \_\_\_\_\_ is a guided media. a) Air b) Co-axial cable d) Radiowaves c) Microwave 9) The inner core of an optical fibre is of \_\_\_\_\_ composition. b) glass or plastic a) copper c) bimetallic d) rubber 10) In a topology a common cable connects all the nodes. b) Bus c) Star a) Ring d) Mesh 2. Answer any five of the following: 10 a) Draw diagram of PLA. b) Write seven layer of OSI Reference model. c) Write four advantages of star topology. d) What is peer-to-peer network? e) What is SSI and MSI in IC? Give brief idea. f) What is an embedded system? 3. A) Answer any two of the following: 6 1) Give features of 80486. 2) Explain TTL characteristics briefly. 3) Explain briefly LAN, MAN and WAN. B) Explain Ethernet Technology. 4 4. Attempt any two of the following: 10 1) Explain FPGA in detail. 2) Explain unguided media in detail. 3) Explain router and brouter. 5. Attempt any two of the following: 10 1) Explain SMD and SMT. 2) Explain internal structure of 80286. 3) Compare CISC and RISC.

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#### B.Sc. (ECS) II (Semester – IV) Examination, 2015 MICROPROCESSOR – II (Paper – VI) (Old)

				(1 3.1531 11)		/	
Day and	Date : Friday, 15	-5-2015				Total Marks:	50
Time : 11	1.00 a.m. to 1.00	p.m.					
	,	<b>I</b> questions are <b>con</b> gures to <b>right</b> indica	-	•			
1. Choo	ose correct alterr	natives :					10
a	clock speed of 80 ) 10 to 20 MHz ) 6 to 10 MHz	286 is	,	6 to 20 MHz 5 MHz			
•	irtual memory of ) 4 Gb		c)	64 Tb	d)	64 Kb	
•	OL is ) Rotate		c)	Processor	d)	Arithmetic	
•	0386 is introduce ) 1984		c)	1983	d)	1986	
•	255 is		c)	PPI	d)	PCI	
•	BW is	_ instruction. b) Arithmetic	c)	Program contro	I	d) Data transfer	
	is qua		- \	00000	٦١/	00400	
	) 80486 REPEZ is	•	C)	80286	a)	80186	
а	) arithmetic		b)	bit manipulation			
С	) processor		d)	string			

SL	R-0	O - 53				
	9)	8253 has	modes.			
		a) 8	b) 6	c) 4	d)	3
	10)	is us	sed to drive seven s	segment display.		
		a) 7447	b) 7474	c) 7414	d)	7400
2.	At	tempt <b>any five</b> of t	he following.			10
	1)	Explain features	of pentium – II.			
	2)	Explain shift instr	uctions.			
	3)	Explain count reg	ister of 8257.			
	4)	Explain features	of 80186.			
	5)	Explain multiplica	tion instructions.			
	6)	Explain modes of	8255.			
3.	A)	Attempt any two	of the following.			6
		1) Explain data ti	ansfer instruction.			
		2) Explain conce	pt of interfacing.			
		3) Explain featur	es of P – III.			
	B)	Explain control w	ord of 8255.			4
4.	At	tempt <b>any two</b> of t	he following.			10
	1)	Explain features	of 80286 and 80386	S.		
	2)	Explain bit manip	ulation instruction o	of 8086.		
	3)	Explain 8253 with	block diagram.			
5.	At	tempt <b>any two</b> of t	he following.			10
	1)	Explain features	of 80486 and P – IV	<b>′</b> .		
	2)	Explain program	control instructions			
	3)	Explain linear sel	ect decoding.			

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### B.Sc. (E.C.S.) - II (Semester - IV) (Old) Examination, 2015 **ENGLISH – II (Paper – VII)**

Day and Date: Saturday, 16-5-2015 Max. Marks: 50

Time: 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

		ins	•	Figures to the right	ompulsory. t indicates full marks.
1.	A)	Fil	l in the blanks in	the following sentence	es by choosing the correct alternatives :
		1)	In	sanskrit book descril	oes different flying vehicles and methods
			of constructing	g them.	
			a) Vedang Jyo	otisha	b) Sushruta Samhitas
			c) Brihad Vim	anashastra	d) Vedic Richas
		2)	Cliff suggested	d to Bill that they sho	uld disconnect junior
			a) because C	liff wanted to go and	see the show
			b) because Bi	ill was in a hurry to g	et married
			c) because Bi	ill and Cliff were afra	id of Junior
			d) because Ju	unior was listening to	what they were saying at that time
		3)	The wife of the	e talkative man lost h	er temper as
			a) the talkative	e man demanded he	r jewellary for pawning
			b) her neighbo	ours teased her for w	rinning the road engine
			c) her father h	nad not come to take	her away
			d) she feared	her husband would a	ask for her ornaments to pay the rent of
			the Gymkha	ana ground	



	4)	New medical technologies can b	e improved upon in such a way that	
		a) all families get employment		
		b) there are no side effects		
		c) they are provided free of cost		
		d) all women have access to them	1	
	5)	watches the sunrise	е.	
		a) A grey baboon	b) A statue	
		c) A tiny-spring of baboon	d) A Kokila	
	6)	The poet's eyes are blinded with te	ears because of the	
		a) memory of the tree only		
		b) memory of the tree and of camp	panions	
		c) memory of the motherland		
		d) none of these		
	B) St	ate whether the following statemen	ts are <b>true</b> or <b>false</b> :	4
	1)	The bird was very afraid of the ang	gry bull.	
	2)	The talkative man brought the gaie	ety land to the town.	
	3)	Junior said 'Will you Marry Me, Ma	arry Ann' ?	
	4)	New technological process itself h	arms womens health.	
2.	Give	brief answers to the following quest	cions. (Attempt <b>any five</b> ) :	10
	1) W	hich industries are having a negativ	e impact on womens health?	
	2) W	hich prize did the talkative man get	?	
	3) W	here was the narrator when he talke	ed to Cliff Anderson ?	
	4) W	ho noticed the wagtail and where?		
	5) W	ho is unforseen camp follower?		
	6) W	hy is the tree always clear to the po	pet?	



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3.	A)	Write short notes on <b>any two</b> of the following:	6
		1) The character of Bill Billing.	
		2) Write the theme of poem 'The Casualties' in your own words.	
		3) Give instances of industries where negative impact of technology is observed on women.	
	B)	Attempt any one of the following:	4
		1) Express your agreement and disagreement statements on the following statement.	
		I) Computers will create unemployment in our country.	
		2) Write a short piece of dialogue between two friends on following topic.	
		I) Todays youth and their responsibility.	
4.	Att	tempt any one of the following:	10

1) Write a letter of application in response to the following advertisement.

Wanted Office Assistant, graduate with experience of office correspondance, able to handle computer, fluency in English preferred. Write to: The Manager, M.B.Traders, Moti Building, Main Street, Pune-4.

- 2) Report a seminar held in your class on the following topic.
  - I) Vision 2020.
- 5. Write a imaginary interview with famous sports personality.



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### B.Sc. (E.C.S. – III) (Semester – V) Examination, 2015 DATA COMMUNICATION AND NETWORKING – I (Paper – I)

	DATA COMMONIC	DATION AND	MET WOTHLING	- i (i apei - i)	
Day a	nd Date : Wednesday, <sup>-</sup>	1-4-2015		Max. Marks	: 50
Time	: 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.				
lr	nstructions: 1) <b>All</b> que 2) Figure	-	<b>oulsory</b> . dicate <b>full</b> marks.		
1. C	hoose the correct altern	native :			10
	) A central computer is a a) Bus N/w	b) Ring N/w	c) Star N/w	e computer is called a d) All	
2	) OSI layer a) Data Link			d) Application	
3	) Only one protocol is a) LAN	used in b) MAN	c) WAN	d) ALL	
4	<ul><li>Breaking bit streams</li><li>a) Windowing</li></ul>		c) Splitting	d) None	
5	) TCP/IP is a set of a) Services			•	
6	) Many low speed char by	nnels are interwo	oven into one high	-speed transmission	
	a) TDM	b) FDM	c) CDM	d) None	
7	<ul><li>) The transport layer do</li><li>a) Multiplexing</li><li>c) Splitting</li></ul>		egmentation .ll		
8	) If channel is busy the frame in C		s off a fixed inter	val time to send the	
	a) P-persistent	b) 1	Persistent		
	c) none persistent	d) A	.II		

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	9)			_device ir	ntroduces	max	imum delay	into the n	etw	ork.		
		a)	modem		b) gatev	vay	c) switc	ch	d)	all		
	10)	-	Synchror Asynchro	nous	mission m	b)	ds is suitabl Isochronou None		T.V.	. trans	smissions	
2.	An	sw	er <b>any fiv</b>	<b>e</b> of the fo	ollowing:							10
	1)	Wł	hat is nois	se?								
	2)	Lis	st the appl	ictaions o	of Internet							
	3)	Wł	nat is virtu	ual circuit	?							
	4)	Wł	hat is FDN	ЛΑ ?								
	5)	Wł	hat is Pac	ket?								
	6)	De	fine Band	lwidth.								
3.	ŕ	1) 2) 3)	Explain to Explain s	shortest pa	tages of p ath routing imitives o	acke g and	t switching. I broadcast I vork model.	•				4
4.	An	sw	er <b>any tw</b>	<b>o</b> of the fo	ollowing :							10
			_	led media	_	netwo	ork.					
	2)	Dis	scuss vari	ious cong	estion co	ntrol	policies.					
	3)	Wr	rite a note	on CSMA	√CD.							
5.	An	sw	er <b>any tw</b>	o of the fo	ollowing:							10
	1)	Ex	plain how	hamming	g code is ı	usefu	ıl in error co	rrecting c	ode	s.		
	2)	Wr	rite a note	on netwo	rk topolo	gy.						
	3)	Ex	plain diffe	erent layer	rs of ISO-	OSI r	eference m	odel.				



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### B.Sc. (ECS) – III (Semester – V) Examination, 2015 Paper – II : DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM – I

-	nd Date : Monday, 3.00 p.m. to 5.00					Max. Marks : 50
1. CI	noose correct alter	native.				10
1)	A top to bottom re	elationship among	the	items in a databas	e is	s established by
	a) Hierarchical	b) Network	c)	Relational	d)	All of above
2)	The process of no	ormalization was pr	opo	osed by		
	a) Dr. Berry	b) Dr. E. F.Codd	c)	Jacobson	d)	None of these
3)	MVD stands for					
	a) Many value de	ependency	b)	Many – volumn de	pe	ndency
	c) Multi-value c	dependency	d)	None of these		
4)	5 <sup>th</sup> normal form is	s also known as				
	a) PJNF	b) DKNF	c)	DCNF	d)	None of the above
5)	Which of the follo	wing group functio	n ig	nore null value ?		
	a) max	b) count	c)	sum	d)	count (*)
6)	The number of co	olumn in the table is				
	a) degree	b) sum	c)	cardinality	d)	None of the above
7)	is kno	own as virtual relati	on.			
	a) view	b) table	c)	snapshot	d)	None of the above
8)	The overall discri	ption of database is	s ca	alled		
	a) instance	b) schema	c)	data	d)	table
9)	Insert, delete, up	date are				
	a) Data control la	anguage	b)	Data definition lan	gua	age
	c) Data manipula	ation language	d)	None of the above	)	



	10)	Select LPAD ('aaaa', 10, *) from du	al.	
		a) * * * * * a a a a a	b) a a * * * * * a a	
		c) a a a a * * * * *	d) * * * a a a a * * *	
2.	Ar	nswer <b>any five</b> of the following.		10
	a)	Strong and weak entity set.		
	b)	Explain generalization.		
	c)	Explain logical data independency.		
	d)	Define candidate key.		
	e)	Write union operation in relational a	gebra.	
	f)	List data control language statemen	ts.	
3.	A)	Answer <b>any two</b> of the following.		6
		1) Explain the method for converting	gE-R diagram containing specialization	
		into table.		
		2) What is work of transaction man	ager and query processor of database.	
		3) Define relation, tuple, cardinality	•	
	B)	Explain different types of attributes.		4
4.	Ar	nswer <b>any two</b> .		10
	1)	List and explain functions used in S	QL for numbers.	
	2)	What is Hierarchical data model?	Vhat are disadvantages of it?	
	3)	Explain types of ordered indexing.		
5.	Ar	nswer <b>any two</b> .		10
	1)	Explain group by and having close.		
	2)	What is use of normalization? Expl	ain first two normal form.	
	3)	Explain any five ruls for relational da	atabase of Dr. Codd.	

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# B.Sc. (ECS) - III (Semester - V) Examination, 2015

2.00. (200)	COMPUTER Core Java (P		,
Day and Date: Tuesday, 7-4- Time: 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.			Max. Marks : 50
,	<b>III</b> questions are <b>c</b> igures to the <b>rig</b> l	<b>compulsory</b> . <b>ht</b> indicate <b>full</b> mar	ks.
1. A) Choose the correct al	ternatives.		7
1) Java supports	access	specifiers.	
a) Private	b) Protected	c) Default	d) All of these
<ul><li>2) Programmer can</li><li>a) Interface</li></ul>		class code without oc) Both a and b	
3) Writing two or mo have same name	and same signat	tures is called	
<ul><li>a) method overlo</li><li>c) method impler</li></ul>	J	<ul><li>b) method overrion</li><li>d) none of these</li></ul>	ding
4) Which of the follo	wing method is n	ot related with obje	ects?
a) equals ()	b) tostring ()	c) notify()	d) noticeAll ()
5) Which of the follo	wing having all th	ne methods as pub	lic and abstract?
a) interface		b) abstract class	3
c) both a and b		d) none of these	
6) Exceptions check			
<ul><li>a) unchecked ex</li><li>c) both a and b</li></ul>	ception	<ul><li>b) checked exce</li><li>d) none of these</li></ul>	ption
7) When programme use	er does not want t	·	then he/she has to
a) throw clause		b) throws clause	
c) try clause		d) all of these	

	B)	State true or false.	3
		1) It is possible to override private methods.	
		2) Object is super class for all other class.	
		3) Is it possible to write a class within the interface.	
2.	Sol	ve <b>any 5</b> .	10
	a)	Platform Independency.	
	b)	This reference.	
	c)	Final keyword.	
	d)	Example of one wrapper class.	
	e)	Define synchronization.	
	f)	Vector.	
3.	A) :	Solve <b>any two</b> .	6
		1) Access specifiers of Java.	
		2) Difference between abstract class and interface.	
		3) Describe array list class with example.	
	В) '	Write a program to overload constructors.	4
4.	Sol	ve <b>any two</b> .	10
	1)	Write a program demonstrate need of synchronization.	
	2)	Explain properties of static data members and static methods.	
	3)	Explain object serialization technique with example.	
5.	Sol	ve <b>any two</b> .	10
	1)	Write a program implement DOS command 'Copycon' using streams available in Java.	
	2)	What is exception? Why does it needs? Explain with example.	
	3)	Explain parameter passing technique available in Java.	

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#### B.Sc. (ECS) – III (Semester – V) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE (Paper – IV) Theory of Computer Science

Day and Date: Wednesday, 8-4-2015 Max. Marks: 50

Time: 3.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. Choose the correct alternative:

- 1) Turing machines output accept if they enter an accept state. When do turing machine output reject?
  - a) When they are not in an accept state and holts
  - b) When they never end
  - c) When they enter a reject state
  - d) Never
- 2) Which of the following classes of turing machine is not equivalent to the class of standard TM?
  - a) TM with stay option
- b) TM with semi-infinite tapes
- c) Non-deterministic TM
- d) All of these
- 3) Which of the following is accepted by an NPDA and not DPDA?
  - a) All strings in which a given symbol is present atleast twice
  - b) Even palindromes
  - c) String ending with a particular alphabet
  - d) None

4)	A PDA	A is	deterministic	if	
----	-------	------	---------------	----	--

- i)  $\delta(q, \lambda, z) \neq \phi$  implies  $\delta(q, a, z) = \phi \forall a \in z$
- ii)  $\delta(q, a, z)$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- a) empty

b) singleton

c) either a) or b)

d) none

#### 5) A grammar G has productions of type A $\rightarrow$ aB, A $\rightarrow$ Ba, A $\rightarrow$ a, then G is

- a) regular
- b) CF
- c) both
- d) none

6) 
$$L = \{ww^R \text{ where } w \text{ belongs to } \{0,1\}^* \} \text{ is}$$

a) case sensitive

b) context free

c) both

d) none

#### 7) Which of the following is true for the language generated by

$$S \to AB,\, A \to BB \,|\, a,\,\, B \to AB \,|\, b$$

- a) aabbb does not belongs to this language
- b) aabb belongs to this language
- c) ab does not belongs to this language
- d) aab belongs to this language

#### 8) Which of the following grammars can generate w = aabbb?

- a)  $S \rightarrow AB, A \rightarrow aA \mid a, B \rightarrow bB \mid b$
- b)  $S \rightarrow AB, A \rightarrow BB \mid a, B \rightarrow AB \mid b$
- c) Both
- d) None

#### 9) The language generated by the regular expression (aa)\* (bb)\* b is

- a)  $(ab)^{2n}$  b
- b)  $a^{2n} b^{2n+1}$  c)  $a^2b^2b^1$
- d) none of these

#### 10) (L\*)\* equal to

- a) L\*
- b) L\*\*
- c) (L\*\*)
- d) none

#### 2. Solve the following (any five):

10

- 1) Verify the property (A')' = A, by considering the universal set  $U = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$  and  $A = \{1, 3, 5, 7\}$ .
- 2) Give CFG to generate a string containing a, b in any sequence.
- 3) Construct Melay machine to convert each occurrence of substring 101 by 100 over alphabet {0, 1}.

-3-

4) Construct a DFA to accept the following language

 $\{x \in \{0,1\} \mid x \mid \text{ is a multiple of 2 or 3}\}.$ 

- 5) Give the regular expression for the language
  - a) exactly one a
  - b) first character a or c followed by any string in b
- 6) Eliminate ∈ productions from grammar G given as

$$S \rightarrow X_a$$

$$X \rightarrow aX \mid bX \mid \epsilon$$

3. A) Solve the following (any two):

6

- 1) Define DPDA and NPDA.
- 2) Find the CFL associated with the CFG given below:

 $S \rightarrow aB|bA$ 

 $A \rightarrow a|aS|bAA$ 

 $B \rightarrow b|bS|aBB$ 

- 3) Give the typical notations used for grammar.
- B) Construct a NPDA, M for the language.

$$L = \left\{ ww^{R} \mid w \in \left\{ a, b \right\}^{*} \right\} \text{ such that } L = L (M).$$



4. Solve the following (any two):

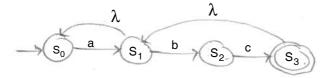
10

- 1) Let R be the relation on  $\{a, b\}^*$  defined by  $(x, y) \in R$  iff |x| |y| is a multiple of 2 or 3 such that R is not a right congruence.
- 2) Construct FA for the following regular expression:

$$a (a + b)^* b + b (a + b)^* a.$$

- 3) Explain various ways of describing the set with example.
- 5. Solve the following (any two):

- 1) Convert the following grammar to GNF-  $S \rightarrow Bs \mid Aa \mid A \rightarrow bc \mid B \rightarrow Ac$ .
- 2) Construct a TM that recognizes the language,  $L = \left\{ a^n b^n c^n \mid n \ge 0 \right\}$ .
- 3) Obtain equivalent DFA for the following NFA's





Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (ECS) – III (Semester – V) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE

Web Technology and E-Commerce – I (Paper – V

	web le	cilliology al	id E-Commerce – i (Pa	aper – v)	
Day a	nd Date : Monday	v, 13-4-2015		Max. Marks :	50
Time	: 3.00 p.m. to 5.00	) p.m.			
In	nstructions: 1) A	•	are <b>compulsory</b> . carry <b>equal</b> marks.		
1. C	hoose the correct	t alternative.			10
1)	)a appears.	ttribute of che	ck boxes specifies on which	n side the text will be	
	a) Text align	b) Align	c) Textside	d) None of these	
2)	area is clicked.		age map specify how to int		
2			c) Hotspot mode	d) None of these	
ی	a) True	-	ed than client side script.		
4	·	perty of check	box is used to get or set ch		
	<ul><li>a) Status</li><li>c) Checked</li></ul>		<ul><li>b) Check box status</li><li>d) None of these</li></ul>	S	
5)	) probound to the col	•	oButton control about howage.	to lay out the items	
	a) Repeat Direct	-	b) Repeat layout		
	c) Repeat Colu		d) None of these		
6			web application settings.		
	<ul><li>a) app. config</li><li>c) assembly. co</li></ul>		<ul><li>b) machine. config</li><li>d) web. config</li></ul>		
7	,	•	nt side whereas ASP.Net co	ontrole run on server	
,	side.		1. 5.35 WHO 1045 / 101 .1401 00	7111 010 TUIT 011 001 VOI	
	a) True	b) False			



	8)	<ul><li>8) of the following is server side state management technique.</li><li>a) Hidden field</li><li>b) Cache object</li></ul>				
		c) Query string d	) View state			
	9)	Application and session level events a	re stored in	file.		
		a) Default-aspx b) Webconfig c	) Global-asax	d) None of these		
	10)					
		•	<ul><li>Validation control</li><li>Control to validate</li></ul>			
_	_	,	) Control to validate	<b>.</b>		
2.		swer the following <b>(any five)</b> .			10	
	a)	Server side validation.				
	b)	o) Use of trace property of page directive.				
	c)	Skins.				
	d)	Command name property of Button.				
	e)	Wizard server control.				
	f)	Hyperlink and link button control.				
3.	a)	Answer any two of the following.			6	
		i) Explain how to add controls dynam	ically.			
		ii) Explain XML control with example.				
		iii) Explain website life cycle in detail.				
	b)	Explain how to add items in listbox by	using array and da	tabase method.	4	
4.	An	swer <b>any two</b> of the following.			10	
	a)	Explain .Net framework in detail.				
	b)	Explain different events executed in m	aster page and cor	itent page.		
	c)	Explain cookies with example.				
5.	An	nswer <b>any two</b> of following.			10	
	a)	Explain different page structures used	in ASP.Net.			
	b)	What is validation? How validations a example.	re checked in ASP	'.Net ? Explain with		
	c)	Explain use of Adrotator control with e	xample.			

Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (ECS) - I (Semester - I) (Old) Examination, 2015

	COMPÚ'	TER FUNDAME	NTALS – I (Pape	er – ĺ)
-	d Date : Wednesday			Max. Marks : 50
	<b>N.B.</b> : 1) 2)	All questions are Each questions	<b>compulsory</b> . carries <b>equal</b> mark <b>tht</b> place indicate <b>f</b> t	
1. Ch	oose the correct alt	ernatives :		10
1)	In gene	ration transistors w	vere used.	
	a) first	b) third	c) second	d) fourth
2)		converts single ins	struction of program	into object code.
	a) Compiler	b) Loader	c) Linker	d) Interpreter
3)	pri	nter is page printer		
	a) Dot matrix	b) Line	c) Drum	d) Laser
4)	DOS	command is used	to remove empty d	irectory.
	a) del	b) rd	c) delete	d) none
5)	1GB (Gigabyte) mo	eans	-	
	a) 1024 bytes	b) 1024 MB	c) 1024 KB	d) 1024 GB
6)	soft	ware manages con	nputer Hardware.	
	a) System	b) Application	c) MS. word	d) None
7)	Number of the pixe	els on the screen is	s its	
	a) Dot pitch	b) Resolution	c) Depth	d) None

SLR-	O – 6				
8	B) ASCII value of 'F' is	S			
	a) 25	b) 70	c) 68	d) 69	
9	9)is one	e of the scanning o	levice.		
	a) OMR	b) Key board	c) Mouse	d) None	
10	<ul><li>Dynamic RAM is m</li><li>a) Flip-Flop</li></ul>	nade up from b) Diode		d) None	
1 2 3 2 5	Trite the answer of the Trite the answer of the Division Covert (652) <sub>8</sub> into Division (10111) <sub>2</sub> * (111) <sub>2</sub> = Division (1010101)  Define Bit and Byte Division (1010101)  MD command with	binary. = (?) <sub>2</sub> . <sub>2</sub> into hexadecima n. e.		1	0
3. A)	Answer <b>any two</b> of 1) Write the uses of 2) Write short note (3) Explain the Light	batch file. on Gray code.			6
B	) Explain LCD monito	or with suitable dia	gram.		4
1) 2)	nswer <b>any two</b> of the What are the character Explain first and sector Explain dot matrix p	cteristics of compo		1	0
1) 2)	nswer <b>any two</b> of the Explain functions of Define Computer La Write a short note o	Operating Syster			0

Seat	
No.	

# B.Sc. (ECS) - III (Semester - V) Examination, 2015

	COMPUTE	R SCIENCE (Paper – VI) ing and Application Soft	
•	I Date :Wednesday, 15-4-20 .00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m.	)15	Max. Marks : 50
	•	estions are <b>compulsory</b> . Is to the <b>right</b> indicate <b>full</b> man	ks.
1. Ch	noose the correct alternative	∌:	10
1)	is the runtime env framework.  a) CLR c) Both a) and b)	ironment that forms the foun b) CRL d) None of these	dation of the .Net
2)	Which of the following is fe a) Cross language integra c) Memory management	<u> </u>	
3)	Reference types have fixed a) True b) Fals	l length and are stored on the st se	ack of the memory.
4)	-	on classes inherit from the b) System.Excepti d) System.Collecti	on
5)	Abstract classes contains a) True b) Fals	•	
6)	Write - only property is use a) secure data c) access data	eful for b) generate autonu d) none of these	ımber
7)	keyword refers to the a) base b) valu	e current instance of a class. e c) this	d) volatile
8)	,	ame storage location as the va	•
	<ul><li>a) Value parameter</li><li>c) Both a) and b)</li></ul>	b) Reference para d) None of these	meter

P.T.O.

SLR-O	<b>– 60</b>				
9)	An interface can in	herit from another	interface.		
	a) True	b) False			
10)	Defining two meth called	ods with the same	e name but with dif	ferent parameters is	
	a) Multiplexing	b) Overriding	d) Duplexing	d) Overloading	
2. Ar	nswer <b>any five</b> of th	e following:			10
1)	What is the use of	CTS?			
2)	Give the list of class	sses contains in th	ne system namesp	ace.	
3)	How to remove the	e fifth element fror	n Array List class.		
4)	What is the use of	Hashtable class ?	•		
5)	Differentiate between	en properties and	indexers.		
6)	Give the advantag	es of generic class	ses.		
3. A)	Answers any two	of the following :			6
	1) Give the list of a	a new features ad	ded to C#.		
	2) What is Enume		•		
	3) Explain the con	cept of constructo	or in multilevel inhe	ritance.	
B)	Write note on multi	threading.			4
4. Ar	nswer <b>any two</b> of th	e following :			10
1)	Write a program to	o overload indexe	r.		
2)	Explain the concep	ot of multiple catch	n blocks with suitab	ole example.	
3)	How to pass argum	ents to Main() meth	nod? Explain with o	ne suitable example.	
5. Ar	nswer <b>any two</b> of th	e following :			10
1)	Write a program fo	r overloading any	two binary operato	ors.	
2)	Explain the Stream	nReader and Strea	amWriter classes.		
3)	What is synchroniz	zation? Explain th	e concept of synch	ronization.	



Seat	
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#### B.Sc. (E.C.S.) – III (Semester – VI) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE (Paper – I) Data Communications and Networking – II

_	and Date: Monday, 20-4-20 e: 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.	015		Max. Marks	: 50
1	<b>Instructions</b> : 1) <b>All</b> ques 2) Figures		<b>mpulsory</b> . indicate <b>full</b> marks	3.	
1. (	Choose correct alternative	es:			10
	1) Bridges can divide a lar a) Packet b	_		_	
2	<ul><li>2) Basic unit of a Bluetoot</li><li>a) Scatternet</li><li>c) Piconet</li></ul>	•	a Nanonet None of the above	e	
;	3) Class has the		mber of hosts per g	given network address.	
	4)provides	•	,	,	
	a) DNS server	b)	File server	-	
ı	c) Mail server 5) reorders				
,	a) Substitution cipher c) Caesar cipher	b)	Transposition ciph	ner	
(	6) will not co in windows server 2003	ompile, exec			
	a) IIS	o) NTFs	c) Tux	d) Squid	
	7)server a a) Apache				
{	8) TCP uses the mechanis a) Physical connection c) Circuit switching	s b)		ns	

	9)	Repeater works at	layer	of OS	SI model.			
		a) Data Link b)	Physical	c)	Transport	d)	Network	
	10)	Encryption and decryptio						
		a) Integrity	•	Secre	•			
		c) Confidentiality	d) A	Authe	ntication			
2.	An	swer <b>any five</b> of the follow	ving :					10
	1)	What is meant by cryptog	graphy and c	ipher	text?			
	2)	What is meant by port nu	mber ?					
	3)	What is anonymous FTP	?					
	4)	What is menat by active a	and passive	Hub	?			
	5)	What is NNTP?						
	6)	What is squid server?						
3.	·	Answer any two of the form 1) What is meant by lear 2) Which are the uses of 3) What is meant by loge	ning bridge ? UDP ? en script ?					6
	B)	Explain groupadd and gro	oupdel comm	nand	of Linux.			4
4.	An	swer <b>any two</b> of the follow	ving :					10
	1)	Routers						
	2)	IP address mechanism						
	3)	Types of fire wall.						
5.	An	swer any two of the follow	ving :					10
	1)	Which are various server	roles of Wir	ndow	s 2003 serve	r ?		
	2)	Tux server.						
	3)	Wi – Fi Network.						

**SLR-O-62** 

Seat	
No.	

#### B.Sc. (ECS) – III (Semester – VI) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE (Paper – II) Database Management System – II

		abase Manager		` • ,		
•	ite : Tuesday, 21 0 a.m. to 1.00 p				Max. Marks	: 50
li	•	<b>All</b> questions are Figures to the <b>rig</b>		_	arks.	
1. Choose	e correct alterna	itive :				10
a) a	nitial state of tra active partial commeted	nsaction is	b)	Final aborted		
•		ng is not a propert b) Isolation	-		d) Concurrency	
a) l	concept of lock ost update nconsistent data	ing can be used to a	b)	ve problem of _ Uncommitted d All of above		
tran a) c		ot proceed for an in system continue no k	orm b)	•		
5) a) =		gnment operator ir b) =		/SQL :=	d) None of above	
a) <	le in PL/SQL is < lable > << lable >>	defined as	,	lable None of above		

**SLR-O - 62** 7) Disk is example of \_\_\_\_\_ a) volatile b) non-volatile storage c) hudeg d) none of above 8) In 2-phase locking protocol all locks are released in \_\_\_\_\_ phase. a) growing b) shrinking d) all of the above c) transaction 9) Two actions on same data object are conflict if one of them. a) read b) write d) none of above c) reader write 10) recovery techniques are b) shadow paging a) serializability c) write ahead laggin d) ARIES 10 2. Answer any five: 1) Define starvation. 2) What is use of % type and % rowtype? 3) What are the states of transaction? 4) Write advantages of stored procedure's. 5) Shadow paging. 6) List data types in PL/SQL. 3. A) Answer any two: 6 1) Discuss any four predefined oracle Exceptions. 2) Explain binary lock. 3) Write structure of PL/SQL block. B) Explain log base recovery. 4 4. Answer any two: 10 1) Explain properties of transaction. 2) Write PL/SQL function for check the number is palindrow or not. 3) Explain types of parameters used in function. 10 5. Answer any two:

1) Explain conflict serializability.

3) Explain cursor with e.g.

2) Write a trigger which not allow's to insert negative marks.



Seat	
No.	

	D.30. (		ENCE (Paper – II ced Java		
Day ar	nd Date : Wedn	esday, 22-4-2015		Max. Marks:	50
Time:	11.00 a.m. to 1	.00 p.m.			
	•	) <b>All</b> questions are <b>c</b> o ) Figures to the <b>righ</b>	-		
1. Cł	noose the corre	ct alternatives.			10
1)	In URL query		er name and value a	are associated using	
	a) ?	b) =	c) &	d) all of these	
2)	The	_ method ensures th	at a new web page is	generated.	
	a) GET	b) POST	c) DELETE	d) UPDATE	
3)	A servlet is an	example of the	class.		
	a) Object	b) Applet	c) HTTP Servlet	d) None of these	
4)	The	_ method is called wh	en the servlet is first	ly created.	
	a) init ()	b) service ()	c) destroy()	d) load ()	
5)	ca	n be created by exte	nding the Applet clas	SS.	
	a) Servlet		b) JSP program		
	c) Applet		d) All of these		
6)	are	•	ount of state informat	tion associated with a	
	a) XML file	b) Hibernate	c) Servlet	d) Cookies	



	7)	') The object allows you to scroll through each row of the results.					
		a) Result set		b)	Statement		
		c) Connection		d)	Collable statem	nent	
	8)		to the entire interac uest sent by client.	ctio	n between a clie	nt and a server right	
		a) Servlet API	b) URL	c)	Session	d) All of these	
	9)	method from the server.	od is normally used	wh	en some informa	tion is to be retrieved	
		a) do Post	b) do Get	c)	do Got	d) none of these	
	10)	is ar	n object that is notifi	ied	when an event c	occurs.	
		a) event source	b) event class	c)	event	d) event listeners	
2.	An	swer <b>any five</b> of t	he following.				10
	a)	Explain advantag	es of Adapter class	<b>3.</b>			
	b)	Note on a servlet	design.				
	c)	Explain Deployme	ent Descriptor.				
	d)	What is stored pr	ocedure? How it is	us	ed?		
	e)	What is cookies	? Why it is used ?				
	f)	What is Java Bea	an ? Explain its impo	orta	ance.		
3.	A)	Answer any two	of the following.				6
		1) Difference bet	ween Radio button	and	d check boxes.		
		2) Difference bet	ween Collable State	eme	ent and Prepared	l Statement.	
		3) What is Servle	et ? Explain its adva	anta	ages over CGI.		
	B)	Explain any four i	implicit objects use	d in	JSP.		4



4.	Answer any	two (	of the	following.
----	------------	-------	--------	------------

- 1) Write a simple JSP program that will displays Hello message.
- 2) Write a program to create simple JApplet that will demonstrate simple arithmetic calculator.
- 3) Explain any two swing controls.
- 5. Answer **any two** of the following.

- 1) Write a program that will demonstrates use of Type 4 drivers used to connect Oracle database.
- 2) Explain JSP life cycle.
- 3) What is adapter class? Explain any three adapter classes with the help of example.

**SLR-O - 64** 

Seat	
No.	

	•	OMPUTER SCIE	•	•
		Compiler C	onstruction	
Day an	d Date : Thursday	, 23-4-2015		Max. Marks: 50
Time:	11.00 a.m. to 1.00	) p.m.		
	Instructions:	1) All questions ar	re <b>compulsory</b> .	
		2) Figures to the <b>r</b>	<b>ight</b> indicate <b>full</b> n	marks.
1. Ch	oose the correct a	alternatives :		10
1)	The task of colle separate program	_	program is some	times entrusted to a
	a) linker		b) loader	
	c) compiler		d) pre-processo	or
2)		ich the look ahead ough the procedur	-	uously determines the on-terminal.
	a) Predictive		b) Recursive-de	escent
	c) Operator-pre	cedence	d) None	
3)	A set of non-term	ninals, sometimes o	called	
	a) Semantic var	riables	b) Syntactic va	riable
	c) Static variabl	е	d) All above	
4)		variables me around the loop		e on a linear sequence
	a) induction	b) static	c) syntactic	d) semantic
5)		chine is an interpret guages such as Jav	•	ntermediate language
	a) Server	b) Client	c) Virtual	d) All above
6)	Back patching is and statements i		erating code for	expressions
	a) boolean	b) arithmetic	c) logical	d) none



	therefore be reallocated to house other data items.					
		a) Garbage collec	tion	b) Back patching	)	
		c) Mark-and-swee	ep collectors	d) Control stack		
	8)	In an, at	tributes may be in	herited or synthesi	zed.	
	ŕ	a) S-attributed SD	_	b) L-attributed S		
		c) Both (a) and (b	)	d) None		
	9)	that is, "((" or ")".	rs include misplace	d semicolons or ex	tra or missing braces;	
		a) Semantic	b) Syntactic	c) Lexical	d) Logical	
	10)	Ais a s the pattern for a to		eters in the source p	orogram that matches	
		a) token	b) pattern	c) lexeme	d) all above	
2.	An	swer <b>any five</b> of the	e following :			10
	1)	List out the some	useful compiler co	nstruction tools.		
	2)	What is the differ recovery?	rence between pa	anic mode recove	ry and phrase-level	
	3)	Give several meth	ods for evaluating	semantic rules.		
	4)	What is control sta	ack ?			
	5)	What is the role of	f lexical analyzer ?	?		
	6)	Define:				
		a) Basic block	b) Flow graph			
3.	A)	Answer <b>any two</b> of	the following:			6
		1) Explain domina	ator and immediate	e dominator with ex	ample.	
		<ul><li>2) Define the follo</li><li>1) Token</li><li>2) Pattern</li><li>3) Lexeme</li></ul>	wing with example	•		
		3) Explain Boolea	n expression.			
	B)	What is three addre	ess code?			4
		Consider, the expre				
		a := b* - c + b* - c	C			
		Give the code for s	yntax tree and cod	de for dag of expre	ssion.	



### 4. Answer any two of the following:

10

1) What is dag? Construct the dag for the expression

$$x - x * (y + z) - (y + z) * W$$

Also give the instructions for the same.

- 2) Define compiler. Explain the different types of compiler.
- 3) Consider the expression,

$$E \rightarrow E + E/E * E/id$$

check whether the above grammar is ambiguous or not; if found ambiguous, remove the ambiguity and write an equivalent unambiguous grammar.

#### 5. Answer any two of the following:

10

- 1) Explain structure-preserving transformation basic block.
- 2) Give the different storage-allocation strategies. Explain any two.
- 3) Explain the notational conventions with regard to grammar.

**SLR-O - 65** 

Seat	
No.	

# B.Sc. (ECS) III (Semester - VI) Examination, 2015

		COMPUTER SCIE b Technology a	ENCE (Paper –	· V)
Day and	d Date :Friday, 2	4-4-2015		Max. Marks : 50
Time:	11.00 a.m. to 1.0	0 p.m.		
	Instructions	1) <b>All</b> questions a 2) Figures to <b>right</b>	_	rks.
1. Ch	oose the correct	alternative :		10
1)	ac negotiate.	tivity of trade cycle	concerned with	customer inquiry and
	a) exception	b) settlement	c) order	d) presale
2)	EDI requires co	o-operation and activ	e participation of	trading partners.
	a) True	b) False		
3)	Loginview cont	rol is used to display	/ login (user) nam	ne.
	a) True	b) False		
4)	cor	ntrol is used to sort d	ata row and allow	paging.
	a) Gridview		b) Datalist	
	c) Repeater		d) None of the	se
5)	Default value fo	or pagesize is 10 in 0	Gridview control.	
	a) True	b) False		
6)	da	ata control does not e	exist in asp.net.	
	a) Gridview		b) Datalist	
	c) Repeater		d) Tableview	
7)	Order and deliv	ery are included in _	phase	e of trade cycle.
	a) presales	b) execution	c) settlement	d) after sales

SL	R-O	<b>- 65</b>				
	8) is a process to converting cipher text to plain text.					
		a) Encryption	b) Decryption	c) EDI	d)	None of these
	9)	EDI transactions r	equired printed ord	ders.		
		a) True	b) False			
	10)	•	parameter direction			
		a) Input output	b) Input	c) Output	a)	None
2.	Ans	swer the following (	any 5) :			10
	a)	Login status contr	ol.			
	•	Sql Datasource co	ontrol.			
	•	Dataset.  Concept of four P	's			
	,	Threat of substitut				
	•	Software supplies				
2						G
ა.	-	Answer the following  Oreate user Wiz				6
		Explain Electron				
		B) Explain definition				
	b)	Explain oracle clier	nt namespace.			4
1		wer the following	•			10
٦.			commerce security	in detail		10
	•	•	or master detail for			
	,		isational value cha			
5						10
5.		swer the following		una gamant in datail		10
	-	·	gement are role ma	magement in detail	•	
	,	Explain e shop in d 	etaii.			
	,	Explain : ) e-book shop				
		e-newspaper				
		) online share deal	ling.			

**SLR-O - 66** 



Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (ECS) – III (Semester –VI) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE (Paper – VI) Visual Programming & Application S/W – II

Day and Date : Saturday, 25-4-2015 Time : 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.		Max. Marks : 50
<b>N.B.</b> : 1) <b>All</b> question 2) Figures to	ons are <b>compulsory</b> . The <b>right</b> indicate <b>full</b> marks.	
1. Choose the correct alternative :		10
1) A is a control that c	contains other controls.	
a) List Box	b) Timer	
c) Image List	d) Panel	
2) The Load event occurs after t	he form becomes visible.	
a) True	b) False	
3) All delegate types are	and derived from the	class.
a) Virtual, Event	b) Virtual, Delegate	
c) Sealed, Delegate	d) Sealed, Event	
4) The default value of Window S	State property is	
a) Maximized	b) Minimized	
c) Normal	d) None of these	
5) Mouse events generated by s	upplying the input through a mous	se.
a) True	b) False	
6) The data source in a LINQ qu	ery can be a	
a) Data structure	b) File system	
c) Data base	d) All of these	
7) A is used by a	single .Net application.	
a) Private assembly	b) Shared assembly	
c) Both a and b	d) None of these	

**SLR-O - 66** 8) The \_\_\_\_\_ control is used to display data in a drop-down list. a) Check Box b) Group Box c) Combo Box d) List Box 9) The assemblies can contain several name spaces. a) True b) False 10) LINQ to SQL supports to a) transactions b) views c) stored procedures d) all of these 2. Answer any five of the following: 10 1) Which are the different features of Forms? 2) Give the difference between assemblies and name spaces. 3) What is the advantage of shared assembly? 4) What is the use of List Box control? 5) What is delegate? 6) Which are the steps to use event? 3. A) Answer any two of the following: 6 1) Explain various components in crystal reports. 2) Explain overview of the deployment options are available in .Net technology. 3) Explain Button control with suitable example. B) Explain the concept of custom control. 4 4. Answer **any two** of the following: 10 1) What is MDI? Explain in detail. 2) What is LINQ? Explain sorting operator in LINQ. 3) Write a program to implement a delegate. 10 5. Answer any one of the following: 1) What is assembly? Explain the procedure for creating a private and shared assembly. 2) What is event? Explain different keyboard and mouse events available in

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## B.Sc. (ECS) (Part – I) (Semester – I) Examination, 2015 COMPUTER SCIENCE (Old) Programming Using 'C' – I (Paper – II)

Day and Date: Monday, 6-4-2015 Max. Marks: 50

Time: 11.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1. Choose correct alternatives:

10

- 1) C is a
  - a) Middle level language
- b) High level language
- c) Low level language
- d) None
- 2) A variable name can not start with
  - a) an alphabet

b) a number

c) a special symbol

- d) both b and c
- 3) What will be the output of following program?

```
int main()
{
   int K, num = 30;
   K = (num<10) ? 100 : 200;
   printf("\n%d", num);
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

- 4) # define directives are end with semicolon.
  - a) True
- b) False
- 5) Char data type requires \_\_\_\_\_ bytes for storing one character.
  - a) 8
- b) 4
- c) 2
- d) 1

}



	6)	is d	erived data type.					
		a) float	b) int	c) array	d) none			
	7)	str	ing function accept o	nly one parameter.				
		a) strlen()	b) strepy()	c) streat()	d) stremp()			
	8)	The	_ operator returns ho	ow many bytes requ	ired for an operand.			
		a) bitwise	b) logical	c) sizeof	d) arithmetic			
	9)	An	$_{ extstyle }$ is a set of instruction	ns for accomplishin	g a task.			
		a) flowchart	b) algorithm	c) both a and b	d) none			
	10)	The continue s	statement can be use	d in loop constructe	es.			
		a) True	b) False					
2.	An	swer <b>any five</b> c	of the following:			10		
	1)	Give list of step	os involving in proble	m solving.				
	2)	What is the wo	rk of interpreter?					
	3)	List the types of	of constant.					
	4)	Define the iden	itifier and keyword.					
	5)	There is no difference between 'A' and "A". Comment.						
	6)	Find the errors	if any and justify					
		main()						
		{						
		int a [10], i;						
		for (i = 1; i <	< = 10; i ++)					
		{						
		scanf ("%d	", a[i]);					
		printf ("%d"	,a[i]);					
		}						

3.	A) Answer <b>any two</b> of the following:	6
	1) Difference between if-else and switch-case.	
	2) What is flow chart? Give symbols used in flowchart.	
	3) What is difference between scanf ("% s") and gets() function?	
	B) Write a program to print given number is even or odd.	4
4.	Answer any two of the following:	10
	1) What is string? Explain following string functions.	
	a) streat() b) stremp()	
	2) Write a program to sort n positive integers.	
	3) Explain unconditional control statements.	
5.	Answer any two of the following:	10
	1) Write a program to find out given number is perfect or not.	
	2) Explain program development life cycle.	
	3) Write a program to calculate diagonal sum of an array elements.	

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# B.Sc (ECS) – I (Semester – I) Examination, 2015 ELECTRONICS (PAPER – IV) (Old) Digital Electronics – I

			Digital El	ectronics – I		
		nd Date : Wedneso 11.00 a.m. to 1.00	-		Total Marks : 50	
	In	ii) D	•	<b>mpulsory</b> and carry <b>wherever</b> necessary tor <b>allowed</b> .	-	
1.	Fil	l in the blanks wit	h correct alternati	ve and rewrite :	10	
	1)	The radix of the b	oinary number is _			
		a) 3	b) 1	c) 2	d) 10	
	2)	The binary code	of (73) <sub>10</sub> is			
		a) 1010001	b) 1000100	c) 1100101	d) 1001001	
	3)	The following is the	he unweighted cod	de		
		a) 8421 code	b) 2421 code	c) 5211 code	d) excess-3 code	
	4)	The gray code ed	quivalent of binary	(1000001) <sub>2</sub> is		
				c) 1100010		
	5)		oresents a			
	Ο,				d) AND goto	
	٥)			c) EX-OR gate		
	6)			-	its input is 0	
		a) AND gate	b) OR gate	c) EX-OR gate	d) NOR gate	
	7)	A half – adder is	also known as			
		a) AND ckt	b) NAND ckt	c) NOR ckt	d) EX-OR ckt	

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	8)	The O/P of combinational ckt depends upon						
		a) Present input only		b) Past input only				
		c) Both present a	nd past inputs	d)	None of the above	Э		
	9)	9) A multiplexer is also known as						
		a) Counter	b) Decoder	c)	Data Selector	d)	None of these	
	10)	A circuit used for parallel to serial conversion of data is known as						
		a) decoder	b) demultiplexer	c)	multivibrator	d)	multiplexer	
2.	Ar	Answer any five of the following: (5						
	a)	What is digital signal ? Draw it.						
	b)	Draw symbol and truth table of X-OR gate.						
	c)	What is encoder and decoder?						
	d)	Draw diagram of H	Half adder and full	ado	der.			
	e)	What is ASCII code ? Give details.						
	f)	Write one example of hex to octal conversion.						
3.	A)	A) Answer any two of the following: (2x3						
		i) Draw any two diagrams of Interconversion of gates using NAND.						
		ii) Explain nibble	multiplexing.					
		iii) What is gray co	ode? Explain with	on	e example.			
B) Construct hamming code for the data 1010 with odd paris								4
4.	At	tempt <b>any two</b> of th	ne following :				(2×5	=10)
	i)	What is demultiplexer? Explain 1:8 demultiplexer.						
	ii)	Explain K. map wi	th one example.					
	iii)	Explain parallel ac	lder.					
5.	At	tempt <b>any two</b> of th				(2×5=	=10)	
	i)	Explain MOS logic	c family.					
	ii)	Explain Interconversion of gates using NOR.						
	iii)	Explain IC 74148.						
	-							